The Kingston Daily Freeman.

XLVII. No. 251. CITY OF KINGSTON, N. Y., SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 10, 1918. PRICE TWO CENTS.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DIVISION WITH BRITISH IN DRIVE

American Chief of Staff March Says New York's Own and O'Ryan are on North End of Line---Germans To Be Kept Guessing Now Instead of Allies---Praise For Rainbows.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, August 10—The Allies have got the enemy going at every point. Now is the time to keep him running. This is no time to talk about the war being over. Rather it is the time to hit him hard and keep on hitting him, General P. C. March, chief of staff, in his weekly conference with the newspaper correspondents made this plain today in explaining why all possible man power should be employed against the Germans. That is the reason why the war department desires the extension of the draft ages immediately.

The general declared that the Allies everywhere are on the offensive and dominate the situation.

"We are now keeping the enemy guessing instead of him keeping us guessing," said the chief of staff, with a smile. It is very likely that the 27th division, made up of crack former National Guard regiments from New York state, commanded by Major General John F. Ryan, had its part in the British victory in the north. Officials generally believe that it was the division mentioned by the British war office as having won a success between the Somme and the Ancre in today's official report. This is not yet confirmed by advices from "over there," but General March started that the 27th was "in training with the British in Flanders."

General March read from a confidential cablegram the statement that in the present drive the British have taken more prisoners than they have been able to take care of, including a German general and the members of his staff.

General March again praised in the highest terms the great work of the Rainbow Division. The official reports received tell of its excellent work in forcing the passage of the Ourcq and in defeating the crack Prussian Guard and Bavarians sent in to hold it.

The general said that the 29th Division is in the Alsace sector; the 77th in a training section and the 35th has just arrived in France and is not yet definitely located.

AMERICANS FIGHT WITH BRITISH

Success Achieved By Them Between Somme and Ancre in New Battle Zone—British Colonials Take Five Villages.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Aug. 10.—The presence of American troops in the drive was made known for the first time today when the British war office announced that Americans and English achieved success between the Somme and Ancre rivers on the northern part of the fighting front.

The Allied advance has continued along the whole front from Montdidier to the Ancre.

French successes on the southern end of the offensive zone now threaten the German hold on Montdidier.

The villages of Le Tronquoy, Le Fretoy and Assainvillers, all in the Montdidier sector, have been captured by the French.

Australian and Canadian troops on the center drove forward capturing five more villages. They are Bouchoer Meharycourt, Lihons, Raincourt and Proyart.

The text of the official statement follows:

"The Allied advance continues along the whole front from Montdidier to the Ancre.

"The number of prisoners in our hands now exceeds 24,000.

"The French have captured Le Tronquoy, Le Fretoy and Assainvillers and now threaten Montdidier.

"Canadian and Australian troops now have taken Maharicout, Lihons, Maincourt and Proyart and Boucher.

"American troops achieved a success between the Somme and Ancre."

541 CASUALTIES ON TODAY'S LISTS

516 Names From Army And 25 From Marine Corps—New York State Men Listed.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, Aug. 10.—Five army and one Marine Corps casualty lists were issued today. The army lists contained 516 names divided as follows:

Sixty-four killed in action, 102 wounded severely, 102 wounded, degree undetermined, 28 died from wounds, three from disease, two from aeroplane accident, four from accident and other causes, and 211 missing in action.

The Marine list contained twenty-five names, divided as follows:

Eleven killed in action, five died from wounds received in action, and nine wounded severely in action.

New York state men on the lists are as follows:

ARMY LIST NO. 1.

Killed in Action.

Lieut. Herman H. Smith, Brooklyn.

Private Harry R. Guilefuss, Durham.

Severely Wounded.

Corporals:
Charles F. Willman, Brooklyn.
Charles Hamm, New York.
William T. Lyons, New York.
John T. Meehan, New York.
Thomas M. O'Brien, Clarkson.
Privates:
Charles Burke, Inwood.
Clarence Cornell, New York.
Harry H. Devoe, Brooklyn.
John J. Donahue, New York.
Barney L. Friedman, New York.
Sam Frederick, New York.
Duval Haight, Garrison.
John Harkins, Brooklyn.
Frank M. Loughran, Brooklyn.
Robert Luff, Brooklyn.
Jack Mahon, Westbury.
Stephen E. Maxwell, Long Island City.
Richard O'Dowd, New York.
Richard J. Robison, New York.
Thomas J. Ryan, New Lork.
Edward A. Stoddard, Brooklyn.
Frank Vickey, Geneva.
Floyd Joseph Werned, Schoharie.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined)

Corporal Henry Michaels, Brooklyn.
Privates:
Albert B. Applegate, Port Jervis.
Arthur Rosen, New York.

Missing in Action.

Private Sherwood W. Hinman, Hornell.

LIST NO. 2

Wounded Severely.

Corporal William E. O'Brien, Brooklyn.

Privates:
James J. Callivan, New York.
Leon Garraway, Brooklyn.
John T. Kelly, Brooklyn.
John O'Brien, New York.

Wounded, Degree Undetermined.

Sergeants:
James Heffron, Russell.
Fred J. Simpkins, Jamaica.
Privates:
George Alexander, Breesport.
Rayner Ashton, Brooklyn.
Mike Bodsek, Binghamton.
Joseph Padskoch, New York.

Missing in Action.

Private Lloyd J. Watson, Watertown.

LIST NO. 3.

Killed in Action.

Sergeant John H. Embree, College Point.

Corporal John J. O'Rourke, New York.

Mechanic Thomas J. Flemming, Phoenicia.

Privates:
John K. Borton, New York.
Thomas Hayes, New York.
Edwin Martin, New York.
Edward V. Powers, New York.
William P. Roche, New York.
William P. Rykus, Brooklyn.

George E. Schirick, Kingston.

Louis McTaggert Scozzafla, New York.

MILLION AND HALF MEN NOW ACROSS

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, August 10—There are now close to a million and a half American troops in France, General Peyton C. March, chief of staff, revealed to the senate military affairs committee today. The movement of men abroad continued satisfactorily last week, he said and it was the hope of the war department to average 250,000 a month during the winter. General March had nothing to add to the press dispatches received during the day, but asserted that the progress being made in the new British drive was "highly satisfactory."

The chief of staff also revealed plans already made by the war department for backing up and supplying the army that will be raised by the pending "man power" bill, and the members of the committee were frankly surprised at the completeness of the arrangements. The enactment of the bill with the least possible delay is vitally necessary, General March emphasized. No estimate of the American casualties in the present drive has yet been received from the other side, General March said.

SHOTGUNS HAVE THE HUN'S GOAT

Idea of Sprinkling Buckshot In Nine to One Ratio to Rifle Bullets Is Very Displeasing to the Enemy—W. D. Brinnier Among First to Suggest It.

Kingston has distinguished itself in this war in many ways, but one of its greatest is the "buckshot" campaign that germinated in the mind of General W. D. Brinnier of this city commander of the Ulster county division War Savings Stamp Army.

The Freeman has told of the idea which was sent to the Secretary of War Baker by General Brinnier, to arm the American Forces with shot guns to be loaded with buckshot.

It is probable that there would be some base enough to dispute General Brinnier's originating the shot gun idea, inasmuch as it has been agitated in sporting magazines at various times since our entry into the war, but the fact remains that it is getting results, which is the main thing after all.

It transpired that General Pershing, the American commander in France, had in fact called on the War Department for that weapon.

The shotgun from time immemorial has been used to punish rather than kill, though kill it generally does at the proper range. The spread of the charge would put out of fighting a dozen men, where the rifle puts out only one. Such were the points General Brinnier urged in behalf of the gun.

The Freeman evidently gave some publicity to this idea in the fighting zone.

A Paris newspaper, published in English took it up, as also did the German papers.

General Brinnier has received a clipping from the Paris Mail, which carries a dispatch from The Hague representing the German press as highly indignant over the shotgun suggestion. Here is the clipping:

"American Troops Armed with Shotguns" is the heading in several German papers today in consequence of the of the Swiss story to the effect that large nmbers of shotguns have been supplied to the Americans for close-range fighting.

"The Cologne Gazette rages against American barbarism, and declares that tomahawks and scalping knives will soon appear on the American front. The paper urges German troops to note that they are not opposed to honorable warriors.

"The Weser Zeitung mocks at the American War Department, and says that barbarous shotguns are handed out not because they are likely to be effective but because the ill-trained American troops cannot use a rifle and are badly supplied with machine guns.

"About two months ago our Washington correspondent reported that the shotgun as a weapon was adopted by the war department upon the personal recommendation of General Pershing."

The above was enclosed in a letter received by W. D. Brinnier, Jr., from George Aliton, who has been in the medical service for a year or more and is now in France.

George Aliton is the son of Joel C. Aliton, of 363 Hasbrouck avenue, employed by the Cornell Steamboat Company, and who has two other sons in the service, one in France. George Aliton is a druggist by profession, one of Kingston's own sons of whom she has reason to be proud. Here is the letter:

Chief Surgeon's Office, Headquarters
First Army Corps, American
E. F., France.
July 20, 1918.

Dear Bill:—I am going to run off a short letter to you, the reading of which may interest you somewhat. About a month ago I received a letter from home in which was enclosed a newspaper clipping, taken from one of the Kingston dailies, they had published a letter written to Secretary of War Baker, by your father, also Mr. Baker's reply to same. If you recall it was the use of shotguns in the trenches. It was very interesting to me and I thought at the time the suggestion an excellent one. Yesterday in reading the Daily Mail, an American paper published over here, I came across the enclosed article. It may be of interest to your father and you to know the suggestion is being handled so favorably.

You undoubtedly know that any stunt tried on the "Boche" and proves efficient and at the same time destructive to him, is always commented upon in the German papers as barbarism, and not in keeping with the military treaties, but he entirely forgets his fiendish attacks upon Belgium, the sinking of neutral ships, the killing of innocent women and children, shooting of nurses, sinking of hospital ships and the bombing of hospitals, together with many other outrages, all of which you are very well acquainted with already, so you may readily understand the pleasure I had in reading how badly the Huns felt about the use of the shotguns. I sincerely hope the Am. Ex. boys can make use of a great many of them.

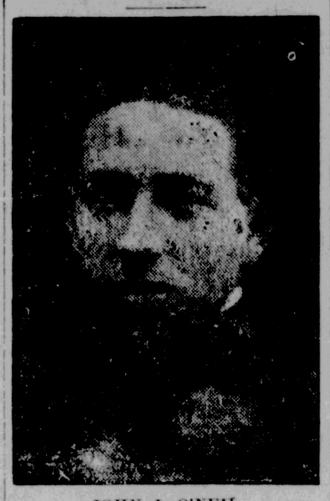
I wish you would favor me with Grant's address. I have moved about so much over here that I have lost it somewhere, and I would like to write to him. I sincerely hope this finds you all in the best of good health, and my sincere best wishes to all. I am, very truly yours.

GEORGE ALITON.

McCabe 35 Years a Cop.

Chief McCabe of the Poughkeepsie police force, has completed 35 years service on the force. Previously he was employed as a brakeman on the New York Central.

IN THE SERVICE OF OUR COUNTRY



JOHN J. O'NEIL.

Headquarters Company, 310th Intry, now in France and at the front.

Samuel D. Scudder, Jr., U. S. N., of the collier "Bay State," is home on a ten days' furlough.

Albert Britt of the U. S. Submarine D-3, is spending a ten days' furlough in town visiting relatives.

Mrs. Ella Sapp of Hasbrouck avenue has received word of the safe arrival of her son, William, overseas.

Miss Suzie Beers left Saugerties today for Camp Gordon, Ga., where she will be stationed as a Red Cross nurse.

Mrs. Anna Netter has received word of the safe arrival of her son, First Lieutenant Martin F. Netter, overseas.

The Misses Keating of Sycamore street have received word of the safe arrival overseas of their brother William.

Mr. and Mrs. James Perry of Staples street, have received word of the safe arrival of their son, Chris, overseas.

Mrs. Fanny Cahill of West O'Reilly street, has received word that her son, Frank X. Cahill, has arrived safely overseas.

Mrs. Robert L. Rice has received a card announcing the safe arrival of her husband, Mess Sergeant Robert L. Rice, overseas.

Mr. and Mrs. John Reis of No. 19 Adams street, have received word of the safe arrival overseas of their son, Sergeant John Reis.

Harry Kaplan, who is enjoying a 10 day leave, is spending the remainder of his furlough visiting relatives in Hartford, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer E. Weed of 26 East St. James street have been notified of the safe arrival of their son, Charles E. Weed, overseas.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Messinger of 67 West Union street, have received word of the safe arrival overseas of their son, Corporal Alfred Messinger.

Joseph Gruberg of Depot Company, Camp Dix, one of the late draftees, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Gruberg, No. 51 Murray street.

Mrs. Benjamin Van Etten has received word of the safe arrival of her son, Mechanic Charles A. Van Etten, Co. M, 51st Pioneer Infantry, overseas.

Corporal William Smith of Company 45, 12th Battalion, 153rd Regiment, at Camp Dix, is spending a brief furlough at his home in Kingston.

Capt. Philip DeGarmo Jr. of the U. S. Medical Reserve Corps., son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip DeGarmo of St. James and Pine streets, is home on a furlough.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Howard of 85 Hasbrouck avenue have received word of the safe arrival of their son, Sergeant James R. Howard, Co. M, 51st Pioneer Infantry, overseas.

Mrs. Griffin of No. 478 Broadway has received word of the safe arrival overseas of her brother, Corporal Harry G. Maisenhelder, who is a member of the 51st Pioneer Band.

Charles Preston Du Bois, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Du Bois of 315 Lucas avenue, who has been home on a ten day furlough, returned to Pelham Bay Park on Wednesday.

Mrs. Catherine Coughlin of 57 Montrepose avenue, has received word of the safe arrival overseas of her son, Corporal Thomas F. Coughlin, Co. M., 51st Pioneer Infantry.

Word has been received by S. E. Eighmey of the safe arrival overseas of Corporal Frank Ostrander, a former employe, who left Kingston with Co. M, in 1917. Corporal Ostrander's address is now Co. M, 51st Pioneer Infantry, Am. Expeditionary Forces.

Mrs. John Finan of 15 Clinton avenue has received word of the safe arrival of her son, Corp. Victor L. Finan overseas. Mr. Finan enlisted one year ago and went away with Co. M. of this city. He now belongs to Supply company, 51 Pioneer Regt., formerly of Spartanburg, S. C.

Man Killed by Clay Slide at Athens.

A clay bank at the Athens plant of the Mayone Brick Company, Inc., caved in at about 2 p. m. Friday killing Luigi Misasi. His body was crushed and many bones broken.

AMERICANS IN NEW DRIVE; GERMAN RETREAT CONTINUES; 24,000 GERMAN PRISONERS

BRITISH AIRMEN PLAY BIG PART

Scores of Machines Shot Down on Both Sides—British Send Supplies To Advanced Lines By Air Route.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Aug. 10.—One hundred and fifteen German and British aeroplanes were downed in one day's fighting in the air and five German observation balloons were shot down in flames, according to an official communique on aviation issued here today. Forty-eight German machines were destroyed and seventeen others driven down out of control.

Fifty British machines were reported missing.

British airmen rendered splendid co-operation with the infantry at the opening of the big counter offensive on the Picardy front on Thursday.

Planes were used for supplying the advanced troops with ammunition during the fighting. The airmen assisted the tanks also.

The text of the official statement reads:

"On August 8 our aeroplane squadrons co-operated with other arms on the battle front throughout the day.

"The line reached by our attacking infantry was reported by our contact aeroplanes.

"The positions of the hostile artillery in action and columns of German infantry and transport on the march were signalled to our guns by our artillery machines.

"Other machines supplied our advance troops with ammunition from the air.

"Co-operation with the tanks was carried out systematically.

"Our machines assisted the tank crews with information, attacked German strong points and other enemy opposition with bombs and machine gun fire.

"Smoke bombs were dropped along the line of their advance which helped to conceal the approach of the tanks from the enemy.

"Our contact machines, working with the cavalry, rendered valuable service.

"Flying low in front of our advancing line our fighting squadrons shot at and bombed the enemy during his retreat, causing havoc among the masses of hostile troops and transports on the roads congested with traffic.

"Our bombing squadrons, flying a few hundred feet above the ground, attacked trains, railway junctions and bridges.

"Forty-eight hostile machines are recorded as destroyed by our aeroplanes and 17 others were driven down out of control. Five hostile balloons were shot down in flames.

"Fifty of our machines are missing. Most of these casualties were due to fire from the ground.

"One of our night flying machines failed to return.

"On August 9 our airmen continued their work of co-operation with British infantry, artillery, cavalry and tanks on the battle front.

"German troops and transports again were attacked with bombs and machine gun fire from a low altitude whenever a suitable target offered itself.

"The bridges over the Somme river were heavily bombed both by day and by night.

"Elsewhere along the British front activity in the air has been slight, but the ordinary work of the photography, reconnaissance and observation have been carried out."

HARVARD ATHLETE KILLED IN ACTION

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

With the American Army on the Aisne-Vesle Front, Aug. 9.—(Night)—Major Ames McKenna, Harvard athlete, was killed July 28, while leading his men in crossing the Marne near Villes-Fere, it was learned today.

New York, Aug. 10.—Major James A. McKenna, Jr., reported killed in France July 28, was attached to the old "Fighting 69th," a New York National Guard regiment, now the 165th infantry. He was one of the best known officers in the regiment. He was a noted Harvard oarsman and baseball player. He was a captain when his regiment went to France, receiving his promotion after being in action there.

Heat Wave Broken.

After sweltering and baking in the oppressive heat the past week Kingston residents were agreeable surprised when a wind storm came up Friday evening, which appears to have dispelled the hot wave.

Americans on Front South of Albert---Germans Retiring on Thirty Mile Stretch and French Threaten Quick Capture of Montdidier---Battle Is Inferno of Tanks, Airplanes and Artillery---Gain Now 15 Miles.

American troops are now adding their blows to the smashing thrusts of the British and French on the Picardy front.

News that Americans are fighting with the British in the new counter offensive came out through official channels today for the first time.

The Americans are engaged on the northern part of the fighting zone, between the Somme and Ancre rivers. This district is immediately south of Albert.

The German retreat continues over the whole 30 mile front from the Ancre to the zone just south of Montdidier.

The French extended their offensive operations today to the district between Montdidier and the Oise river, swiftly advancing to the south and southeast of Montdidier. Unofficial advices from the front said that Allied troops had already entered Montdidier. That the city had been "pocketed" was shown by the French War office at noon when it announced that advanced elements had reached Favorelles, three miles east of Montdidier.

Montdidier was the chief key position supporting the German left flank.

AMERICANS EXTEND VESLE RIVER LINE

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

With the American Army of the Aisne-Vesle Front, Aug. 9.—(8 p. m.)—The Americans extended their line north of the Vesle river today, the northern suburbs of Fismes being captured along with 100 German prisoners.

(The capture of Fismette, a northern suburb of Fismes, on the upper bank of the Vesle, was announced by the French war office on Friday night.)

This morning the German artillery opened up against the French positions west of Rheims, following up the bombardment with attacks, all of which were repulsed. The German "heavies" were active against various cross roads and villages in the rear of the Allied lines between Brasines and Rheims, the chief cannonades being directed against the French in the Braisnes.

A strong cannonade by American and French batteries preceded the successful attack which resulted in the capture of Fismes northern suburbs. The Americans encountered little resistance, although some Germans were killed in hand to hand fighting and a number of wounded Germans were taken prisoners.

Late Thursday night 23 Germans under a lieutenant tried to ascertain what the Americans were doing in the Bazoches region. The raiding party was permitted to approach the American lines, then was attacked. Twenty of the Germans were killed, some with the bayonet and the three survivors, including the lieutenant, were captured.

Two German aeroplanes were shot down by the Americans on Thursday.

While the weather was cloudy, most of the clouds were high in the sky and the aviators on both sides were busier than they have been for several days.

ALLIES' RUSSIAN AIMS UNSELFISH

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, August 10—It is not the intention of the Allies to establish by force a form of government in Russia nor to retain a single foot of Russian territory, says a reassuring proclamation published by the British at Vladivostok, Archangel and Murmansk, it was stated in advices received here today.

The proclamation declared positively that the Allies sole aim is to help save Russia from dismemberment by the Germans.

Women Gatetenders.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New Britain, Conn., Aug. 10.—Eight women gatetenders employed by the New Haven road in this city are working eleven hours a day, seven days a week, which is a violation of the state law. Investigators of the state department of labor, who are powerless to act because the women are now government employes, have appealed in vain to the railroad administration for relief. Their biggest handicap is the fact that the women are not dissatisfied.

Lawyer Eckert Ill.

Lawyer John Eckert, who has been an inmate of the City Home for some time, was removed from City Home on Friday to the Kingston City Hospital in the city ambulance.

The capture of eleven more villages was reported by the British and French war offices today and the Allies armies are still going forward in their headlong advance, overcoming all resistance.

On the northern end of the front the German position at Albert is threatened with capture while the Allied advance guards are almost in Chaulnes an important junction of highways on the center.

The fighting was expected to take on fresh violence today with the Germans counter attacking, but at no point have the retiring invaders been able to make a successful stand.

The Allied infantry, supported by fleets of tanks and swarms of aeroplanes and artillery, is sweeping forward in the wake of the swiftly moving cavalry. It is unofficially estimated that about 300 cannon have been captured from the Germans, some of which have been turned against the enemy. The German base at Ham is under fire from a 15-inch gun which the Allied forces captured.

The third day of the new drive found the Germans rolled back to a maximum depth of fifteen miles. At the point of the Allies deepest advance the Germans are now about thirty miles from Amiens.

Advance elements of the Allied troops are already eastward of Chaulnes.

One of the best and quickest rushes was made by the French this morning when they were unofficially reported to have gained four miles in six hours, southeast of Montdidier.

The extension of the operations southwards indicates that the Allies offensive may soon extend all the way from the region south f Arras to the Aisne-Vesle front. As was the case in Marne the Americans' entry into the "big push" was signalized by victory. Americans on the northern end of the Picardy front helped the British capture Morlancourt and adjacent high ground last night.

LONDON REPORTS 24,000 CAPTIVES

Serious Confusion Behind Enemy Lines Due to Air and Land Bombardment of Allies—Germans Retiring on Whole Picardy Front.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Aug. 10.—More than 24,000 German prisoners have been captured since the Anglo-French counter offensive was opened in Picardy on Thursday morning, the war office announced today.

London, Aug. 10 (11:31 a. m.)—"The Allies are working havoc behind the enemy lines where the utmost confusion reigns," says a dispatch from the Picardy battle front. "The German supply columns are pressing in disorderly fashion towards the Somme bridges which the British artillery and air forces are heavily bombarding."

London, Aug. 10 (11:30 a. m.)—The German retreat continues over the whole Picardy front.

Ham is being bombarded with a heavy German cannon, which was taken from the enemy. It is a 380 millimetre piece.

So far 250 guns have been captured from the Germans.

Ham is approximately 18¼ miles from the present fighting line.

Miss Reardon Notary.

Katheryn R. Reardon, No. 21 Lafayette avenue, Kingston, has been appointed a notary public by Governor Whitman.

The Kingston Daily Freeman.

XLVII. No. 251. CITY OF KINGSTON, N. Y., SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 10, 1918. PRICE TWO CENTS.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DIVISION WITH BRITISH IN DRIVE

American Chief of Staff March Says New York's Own and O'Ryan are on North End of Line---Germans To Be Kept Guessing Now Instead of Allies---Praise For Rainbows.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, August 10—The Allies have got the enemy going at every point. Now is the time to keep him running. This is no time to talk about the war being over. Rather it is the time to hit him hard and keep on hitting him, General P. C March, chief of staff, in his weekly conference with the newspaper correspondents made this plain today in explaining why all possible man power should be employed against the Germans. That is the reason why the war department desires the extension of the draft ages immediately.

The general declared that the Allies everywhere are on the offensive and dominate the situation.

"We are now keeping the enemy guessing instead of him keeping us guessing," said the chief of staff, with a smile. It is very likely that the 27th division, made up of crack former National Guard regiments from New York state, commanded by Major General John F. Ryan, had its part in the British victory in the north. Officials generally believe that it was the division mentioned by the British war office as having won a success between the Somme and the Ancre in today's official report This is not yet confirmed by advices from "over there," but General March started that the 27th was "in training with the British in Flanders."

General March read from a confidential cablegram the statement that in the present drive the British have taken more prisoners than they have been able to take care of, including a German general and the members of his staff.

General March again praised in the highest terms the great work of the Rainbow Division. The official reports received tell of its excellent work in forcing the passage of the Ourcq and in defeating the crack Prussian Guard and Bavarians sent in to hold it.

The general said that the 29th Division is in the Alsace sector; the 79th in a training section and the 85th has just arrived in France and is not yet definitely located.

AMERICANS FIGHT WITH BRITISH

Success Achieved By Them Between Somme and Ancre in New Battle Zone—British Colonials Take Five Villages.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Aug. 10.—The presence of American troops in the drive was made known for the first time today when the British war office announced that Americans and English achieved success between the Somme and Ancre rivers on the northern part of the fighting front.

The Allied advance has continued along the whole front from Montdidier to the Ancre.

French successes on the southern end of the offensive zone now threaten the German hold on Montdidier.

The villages of Le Tronquoy, Le Fretoy and Assainvillers, all in the Montdidier sector, have been captured by the French.

Australian and Canadian troops on the center drove forward capturing five more villages. They are Bouchoer Meharycourt, Lihons, Raincourt and Proyart.

The text of the official statement follows:

"The Allied advance continues along the whole front from Montdidier to the Ancre.

"The number of prisoners in our hands now exceeds 24,000.

"The French have captured Le Tronquoy, Le Fretoy and Assainvillers and now threaten Monididier.

"Canadian and Australian troops now have taken Maharicout, Lihons, Maincourt and Proyart and Boucher.

"American troops achieved a success between the Somme and Ancre."

541 CASUALTIES ON TODAY'S LISTS

516 Names From Army And 25 From Marine Corps—New York State Men Listed.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, Aug. 10.—Five army and one Marine Corps casualty lists were issued today. The army lists contained 516 names divided as follows:

Sixty-four killed in action, 102 wounded severely, 102 wounded, degree undetermined, 28 died from wounds, three from disease, two from aeroplane accident, four from accident and other causes, and 211 missing in action.

The Marine list contained twenty-five names, divided as follows:

Eleven killed in action, five died from wounds received in action, and nine wounded severely in action.

New York state men on the lists are as follows:

ARMY LIST NO. 1.

Killed in Action.

Lieut. Herman H. Smith, Brooklyn.

Private Harry R. Guilefuss, Durham.

Severely Wounded.

Corporals:
Charles F. Willman, Brooklyn.
Charles Hamm, New York.
William T. Lyons, New York.
John T. Meehan, New York.
Thomas M. O'Brien, Clarkson.
Privates:
Charles Burke, Inwood.
Clarence Cornell, New York.
Harry H. Devoe, Brooklyn.
John J. Donahue, New York.
Barney L. Friedman, New York.
Sam Frederick, New York.
Duval Haight, Garrison.
John Harkins, Brooklyn.
Frank M. Loughran, Brooklyn.
Robert Luff, Brooklyn.
Jack Mahon, Westbury.
Stephen E. Maxwell, Long Island City.
Richard O'Dowd, New York.
Richard J. Robison, New York.
Thomas J. Ryan, New Lork.
Edward A. Stoddard, Brooklyn.
Frank Vickey, Geneva.
Floyd Joseph Werned, Schoharie.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined)

Corporal Henry Michaels, Brooklyn.
Privates:
Albert B. Applegate, Port Jervis.
Arthur Rosen, New York.

Missing in Action.

Private Sherwood W. Hinman, Hornell.

LIST NO. 2

Wounded Severely.

Corporal William E. O'Brien, Brooklyn.
Privates:
James J. Callivan, New York.
Leon Garraway, Brooklyn.
John T. Kelly, Brooklyn.
John O'Brien, New York.

Wounded, Degree Undetermined.

Sergeants:
James Heffron, Russell.
Fred J. Simpkins, Jamaica.
Privates:
George Alexander, Breesport.
Rayner Ashton, Brooklyn.
Mike Bodsek, Binghamton.
Joseph Padskoch, New York.

Missing in Action.

Private Lloyd J. Watson, Watertown.

LIST NO. 3.

Killed in Action.

Sergeant John H. Embree, College Point.

Corporal John J. O'Rourke, New York.

Mechanic Thomas J. Flemming, Phoenicia.

Privates:
John K. Borton, New York.
Thomas Hayes, New York.
Edwin Martin, New York.
Edward V. Powers, New York.
William P. Roche, New York.
William P. Rykus, Brooklyn.
George E. Schirick, Kingston.
Louis McTaggert Scozzafla, New York.

MILLION AND HALF MEN NOW ACROSS

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, August 10—There are now close to a million and a half American troops in France, General Peyton C. March, chief of staff, revealed to the senate military affairs committee today. The movement of men abroad continued satisfactorily last week, he said and it was the hope of the war department to average 250,000 a month during the winter. General March had nothing to add to the press dispatches received during the day, but asserted that the progress being made in the new British drive was "highly satisfactory."

The chief of staff also revealed plans already made by the war department for backing up and supplying the army that will be raised by the pending "man power" bill, and the members of the committee were frankly surprised at the completeness of the arrangements. The enactment of the bill with the least possible delay is vitally necessary, General March emphasized. No estimate of the American casualties in the present drive has yet been received from the other side, General March said.

SHOTGUNS HAVE THE HUN'S GOAT

Idea of Sprinkling Buckshot In Nine to One Ratio to Rifle Bullets Is Very Displeasing to the Enemy—W. D. Brinnier Among First to Suggest It.

Kingston has distinguished itself in this war in many ways, but one of its greatest is the "buckshot" campaign that germinated in the mind of General W. D. Brinnier of this city commander of the Ulster county division War Savings Stamp Army.

The Freeman has told of the idea which was sent to the Secretary of War Baker by General Brinnier, to arm the American Forces with shot guns to be loaded with buckshot.

It is probable that there would be some base enough to dispute General Brinnier's originating the shot gun idea, inasmuch as it has been agitated in sporting magazines at various times since our entry into the war, but the fact remains that it is getting results, which is the main thing after all.

It transpired that General Pershing, the American commander in France, had in fact called on the War Department for that weapon.

The shotgun from time immemorial has been used to punish rather than kill, though kill it generally does at the proper range. The spread of the charge would put out of fighting a dozen men, where the rifle puts out only one. Such were the points General Brinnier urged in behalf of the gun.

The Freeman evidently gave some publicity to this idea in the fighting zone.

A Paris newspaper, published in English took it up, as also did the German papers.

General Brinnier has received a clipping from the Paris Mail, which carries a dispatch from The Hague representing the German press as highly indignant over the shotgun suggestion. Here is the clipping:

"American Troops Armed with Shotguns" is the heading in several German papers today in consequence of the of the Swiss story to the effect that large nmbers of shotguns have been supplied to the Americans for close-range fighting.

"The Cologne Gazette rages against American barbarism, and declares that tomahawks and scalping knives will soon appear on the American front. The paper urges German troops to note that they are not opposed ro honorable warriors.

"The Weser Zeitung mocks at the American War Department, and says that barbarous shotguns are handed out not because they are likely to be effective but because the ill-trained American troops cannot use a rifle and are badly supplied with machine guns.

"About two months ago our Washington correspondent reported that the shotgun as a weapon was adopted by the war department upon the personal recommendation of General Pershing."

The above was enclosed in a letter received by W D. Brinnier, Jr., from George Aliton, who has been in the medical service for a year or more and is now in France.

George Aliton is the son of Joel C. Aliton, of 363 Hasbrouck avenue, employed by the Cornell Steamboat Company, and who has two other sons in the service, one in France. George Aliton is a druggist by profession, one of Kingston's own sons of whom she has reason to be proud Here is the letter:

Chief Surgeon's Office, Headquarters
First Army Corps, American
E. F., France.
July 20, 1918.

Dear Bill:—I am going to run off a short letter to you, the reading of which may interest you somewhat. About a month ago I received a letter from home in which was enclosed a newspaper clipping, taken from one of the Kingston dailies, they had published a letter written to Secretary of War Baker, by your father, also Mr. Baker's reply to same. If you recall it was the use of shotguns in the trenches. It was very interesting to me and I thought at the time the suggestion an excellent one. Yesterday in reading the Daily Mail, an American paper published over here, I came across the enclosed article. It may be of interest to your father and you to know the suggestion is being handled so favorably.

You undoubtedly know that any stunt tried on the "Boche" and proves efficient and at the same time destructive to him, is always commented upon in the German papers as barbarism, and not in keeping with the military treaties, but he entirely forgets his fiendish attacks upon Belgium, the sinking of neutral ships, the killing of innocent women and children, shooting of nurses, sinking of hospital ships and the bombing of hospitals, together with many other outrages, all of which you are very well acquainted with already, so you may readily understand the pleasure I had in reading how badly the Huns felt about the use of the shotguns. I sincerely hope the Am. Ex. boys can make use of a great many of them.

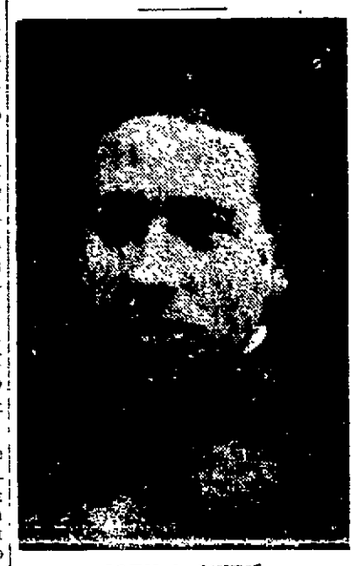
I wish you would favor me with Grant's address. I have moved about so much over here that I have lost it somewhere, and I would like to write to him. I sincerely hope this finds you all in the best of good health, and my sincere best wishes to all. I am, very truly yours,

GEORGE ALITON.

McCabe 35 Years a Cop.

Chief McCabe of the Poughkeepsie police force, has completed 35 years service on the force. Previously he was employed as a brakeman on the New York Central.

IN THE SERVICE OF OUR COUNTRY



JOHN J. O'NEIL.

Headquarters Company, 310th Intry, now in France and at the front.

Samuel D. Scudder, Jr., U. S. N., of the collier "Bay State," is home on a ten days' furlough.

Albert Britt of the U. S. Submarine D-3, is spending a ten days' furlough in town visiting relatives.

Mrs. Ella Sapp of Hasbrouck avenue has received word of the safe arrival of her son, William, overseas.

Miss Suzie Beers left Saugerties today for Camp Gordon, Ga., where she will be stationed as a Red Cross nurse.

Mrs. Anna Netter has received word of the safe arrival of her son, First Lieutenant Martin F. Netter, overseas.

The Misses Keating of Sycamore street have received word of the safe arrival overseas of their brother William.

Mr. and Mrs. James Perry of Staples street, have received word of the safe arrival of their son, Chris, overseas.

Mrs. Fanny Cahill of West O'Reilly street, has received word that her son, Frank X. Cahill, has arrived safely overseas.

Mrs. Robert L. Rice has received a card announcing the safe arrival of her husband, Mess Sergeant Robert L. Rice, overseas.

Mr. and Mrs. John Reis of No. 19 Adams street, have received word of the safe arrival overseas of their son, Sergeant John Reis.

Harry Kaplan, who is enjoying a 10 day leave, is spending the remainder of his furlough visiting relatives in Hartford, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer E. Weed of 26 East St. James street have been notified of the safe arrival of their son, Charles E. Weed, overseas.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Messinger of 67 West Union street, have received word of the safe arrival overseas of their son, Corporal Alfred Messinger.

Joseph Gruberg of Depot Company, Camp Dix, one of the late draftees, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Gruberg, No. 51 Murray street.

Mrs. Benjamin Van Etten has received word of the safe arrival of her son, Mechanic Charles A. Van Etten, Co. M, 51st Pioneer Infantry, overseas.

Corporal William Smith of Company 45, 12th Battalion, 153rd Regiment, at Camp Dix, is spending a brief furlough at his home in Kingston.

Capt. Philip DeGarmo Jr. of the U. S. Medical Reserve Corps., son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip DeGarmo of St. James and Pine streets, is home on a furlough.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Howard of 85 Hasbrouck avenue have received word of the safe arrival of their son, Sergeant James R. Howard, Co. M, 51st Pioneer Infantry, overseas.

Mrs. Griffin of No. 478 Broadway has received word of the safe arrival overseas of her brother, Corporal Harry G. Maisenhelder, who is a member of the 51st Pioneer Band.

Charles Preston Du Bois, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Du Bois of 315 Lucas avenue, who has been home on a ten day furlough, returned to Pelham Bay Park on Wednesday.

Mrs. Catherine Coughlin of 57 Montrepose avenue, has received word of the safe arrival overseas of her son, Corporal Thomas F. Coughlin, Co. M., 51st Pioneer Infantry.

Word has been received by S. E. Eighmey of the safe arrival overseas of Corporal Frank Ostrander, a former employe, who left Kingston with Co. M, in 1917. Corporal Ostrander's address is now Co M, 51st Pioneer Infantry, Am. Expeditionary Forces.

Mrs. John Finan of 15 Clinton avenue has received word of the safe arrival of her son, Corp. Victor L. Finar overseas. Mr. Finan enlisted one year ago and went away with Co. M. of this city. He now belongs to Supply company, 51 Pioneer Regt., formerly of Spartanburg, S. C.

Man Killed by Clay Slide at Athens.

A clay bank at the Athens plant of the Mayone Brick Company, Inc., caved in at about 2 p. m. Friday killing Luigi Misasi. His body was crushed and many bones broken.

AMERICANS IN NEW DRIVE; GERMAN RETREAT CONTINUES; 24,000 GERMAN PRISONERS

Americans on Front South of Albert---Germans Retiring on Thirty Mile Stretch and French Threaten Quick Capture of Montdidier---Battle Is Inferno of Tanks, Airplanes and Artillery---Gain Now 15 Miles.

American troops are now adding their blows to the smashing thrusts of the British and French on the Picardy front.

News that Americans are fighting with the British in the new counter offensive came out through official channels today for the first time.

The Americans are engaged on the northern part of the fighting zone, between the Somme and Ancre rivers. This district is immediately south of Albert.

The German retreat continues over the whole 30 mile front from the Ancre to the zone just south of Montdidier.

The French extended their offensive operations today to the district between Montdidier and the Oise river, swiftly advancing to the south and southeast of Montdidier. Unofficial advices from the front said that Allied troops had already entered Montdidier. That the city had been "pocketed" was shown by the French War office at noon when it announced that advanced elements had reached Favorelles, three miles east of Montdidier.

Montdidier was the chief key position supporting the German left flank.

The capture of eleven more villages was reported by the British and French war offices today and the Allies armies are still going forward in their headlong advance, overcoming all resistance.

On the northern end of the front the German position at Albert is threatened with capture while the Allied advance guards are almost in Chaulnes an important junction of highways on the center.

The fighting was expected to take on fresh violence today with the Germans counter attacking, but at no point have the retiring invaders been able to make a successful stand.

The Allied infantry, supported by fleets of tanks and swarms of aeroplanes and artillery, is sweeping forward in the wake of the swiftly moving cavalry. It is unofficially estimated that about 300 cannon have been captured from the Germans, some of which have been turned against the enemy. The German base at Ham is under fire from a 15-inch gun which the Allied forces captured.

The third day of the new drive found the Germans rolled back to a maximum depth of fifteen miles. At the point of the Allies deepest advance the Germans are now about thirty miles from Amiens.

Advance elements of the Allied troops are already eastward of Chaulnes.

One of the best and quickest rushes was made by the French this morning when they were unofficially reported to have gained four miles in six hours, southeast of Montdidier.

The extension of the operations southwards indicates that the Allies offensive may soon extend all the way from the region south f Arras to the Aisne-Vesle front. As was the case in Marne the Americans' entry into the "big push" was signalized by victory. Americans on the northern end of the Picardy front helped the British capture Morlancourt and adjacent high ground last night.

BRITISH AIRMEN PLAY BIG PART

Scores of Machines Shot Down on Both Sides—British Send Supplies To Advanced Lines By Air Route.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Aug. 10.—One hundred and fifteen German and British aeroplanes were downed in one day's fighting in the air and five German observation balloons were shot down in flames, according to an official communique on aviation issued here today. Forty-eight German machines were destroyed and seventeen others driven down out of control.

Fifty British machines were reported missing.

British airmen rendered splendid co-operation with the infantry at the opening of the big counter offensive on the Picardy front on Thursday.

Planes were used for supplying the advanced troops with ammunition during the fighting. The airmen assisted the tanks also.

The text of the oincial statement reads:

"On August 8 our aeroplane squadrons co-operated with other arms on the battle front throughout the day.

"The line reached by our attacking infantry was reported by our contact aeroplanes.

"The positions of the hostile artillery in action and columns of German infantry and transport on the march were signalled to our guns by our artillery machines.

"Other machines supplied our advance troops with ammunition from the air.

"Co-operation with the tanks was carried out systematically.

"Our machines assisted the tank with information, attacked German strong points and other enemy opposition with bombs and machine gun fire.

"Smoke bombs were dropped along the line of their advance which helped to conceal the approach of the tanks from the enemy.

"Our contact machines, working with the cavalry, rendered valuable service.

"Flying low in front of our advancing line our fighting squadrons shot at and bombed the enemy during his retreat, causing havoc among the masses of hostile troops and transports on the roads congested with traffic.

"Our bombing squadrons, flying a few hundred feet above the ground, attacked trains, railway junctions and bridges.

"Forty-eight hostile machines are recorded as destroyed by our aeroplanes and 17 others were driven down out of control. Five hostile balloons were shot down in flames.

"Fifty of our machines are missing Most of these casualties were due to fire from the ground

"One of our night flying machines failed to return.

"On August 9 our airmen continued their work of co-operation with British infantry, artillery, cavalry and tanks on the battle front.

"German troops and transports again were attacked with bombs and machine gun fire from a low altitude whenever a suitable target offered itself.

"The bridges over the Somme river were heavily bombed both by day and by night.

"Elsewhere along the British front activity in the air has been slight, but the ordinary work of the photography, reconnaissance and observation have been carried out."

HARVARD ATHLETE KILLED IN ACTION

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

With the American Army on the Aisne-Vesle Front, Aug. 9.—(Night)—Major Ames McKenna, Harvard athlete, was killed July 28, while leading his men in crossing the Marne near Villes-Fere, it was learned today.

New York, Aug. 10.—Major James A. McKenna, Jr., reported killed in France July 28, was attached to the old "Fighting 69th," a New York National Guard regiment, now the 165th infantry. He was one of the best known officers in the regiment. He was a noted Harvard oarsman and baseball player. He was a captain when his regiment went to France, receiving his promotion after being in action there.

Heat Wave Broken.

After sweltering and baking in the oppressive heat the past week Kingston residents were agreeable surprised when a wind storm came up Friday evening, which appears to have dispelled the hot wave.

AMERICANS EXTEND VESLE RIVER LINE

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

With the American Army of the Aisne-Vesle Front, Aug 9.—(8 p. m.)—The Americans extended their line north of the Vesle river today, the northern suburbs of Fismes being captured along with 100 German prisoners.

(The capture of Fismette, a northern suburb of Fismes, on the upper bank of the Vesle, was announced by the French war office on Friday night.)

This morning the German artillery opened up against the French positions west of Rheims, following up the bombardment with attacks, all of which were repulsed. The German "heavies" were active against various cross roads and villages in the rear of the Allied lines between Brasines and Rheims, the chief cannonades being directed against the French in the Braisnes.

A strong cannonade by American and French batteries preceded the successful attack which resulted in the capture of Fismes northern suburbs. The Americans encountered little resistance, although some Germans were killed in hand to hand fighting and a number of wounded Germans were taken prisoners.

Late Thursday night 23 Germans under a lieutenant tried to ascertain what the Americans were doing in the Bazoches region. The raiding party was permitted to approach the American lines, then was attacked. Twenty of the Germans were killed, some with the bayonet and the three survivors, including the lieutenant, were captured.

Two German aeroplanes were shot down by the Americans on Thursday.

While the weather was cloudy, most of the clouds were high in the sky and the aviators on both sides were busier than they have been for several days.

ALLIES' RUSSIAN AIMS UNSELFISH

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, August 10—It is not the intention of the Allies to establish by force a form of government in Russia nor to retain a single foot of Russian territory, says a reassuring proclamation published by the British at Vladivostok, Archangel and Murmansk, it was stated in advices received here today.

The proclamation declared positively that the Allies sole aim is to help save Russia from dismemberment by the Germans.

Women Gatetenders.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New Britain, Conn., Aug. 10.—Eight women gatetenders employed by the New Haven road in this city are working eleven hours a day, seven days a week, which is a violation of the state law. Investigators of the state department of labor, who are powerless to act because the women are now government employes, have appealed in vain to the railroad administration for relief Their biggest handicap is the fact that the women are not dissatisfied.

Lawyer Eckert Ill.

Lawyer John Eckert, who has been an inmate of the City Home for some time, was removed from City Home on Friday to the Kingston City Hospital in the city ambulance.

LONDON REPORTS 24,000 CAPTIVES

Serious Confusion Behind Enemy Lines Due to Air and Land Bombardment of Allies—Germans Retiring on Whole Picardy Front.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, Aug. 10.—More than 24,000 German prisoners have been captured since the Anglo-French counter offensive was opened in Picardy on Thursday morning, the war office announced today.

London, Aug. 10 (11:31 a. m.)—"The Allies are working havoc behind the enemy lines where the utmost confusion reigns," says a dispatch from the Picardy battle front. "The German supply columns are pressing in disorderly fashion towards the Somme bridges which the British artillery and air forces are heavily bombarding."

London, Aug. 10 (11:30 a. m.)—The German retreat continues over the whole Picardy front.

Ham is being bombarded with a heavy German cannon, which was taken from the enemy. It is a 380 millimetre piece.

So far 250 guns have been captured from the Germans.

Ham is approximately 18¼ miles from the present fighting line.

Miss Reardon Notary.

Kathern R. Reardon, No. 21 Lafayette avenue, Kingston, has been appointed a notary public by Governor Whitman.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

To Enrolled Republican Voters:—

Having been recommended by the Republican County Convention for the nomination for COUNTY JUDGE, and the required petition having been filed, I will be a candidate for such nomination in the primaries to be held on September 3rd, 1918, and ask your support.

JOSEPH M. FOWLER.

The Heart of Taylor

HOTEL MARTINIQUE

Broadway, 32d & 33d Sts., New York.
Direct Entrance to Broadway Subway and Hudson Tubes.
One Block from Pennsylvania Station
Equally Convenient for Amusements Shopping or Business.
RATES $2.00 PER DAY AND UP.
A SPECIALTY
155 Pleasant Rooms, with Private Bath,
$3.00 PER DAY.
The Martinique Restaurants Are Well Known for Good Food and Reasonable Prices.
400 Baths
600 Rooms

MEN'S SUITS
TO MEASURE
$29.00
A LIMITED OFFER
KUNST TAILORING EST.
65 BROADWAY

ATTENTION TO SHIRT OPERATORS!

To all sewing machine operators and those desiring to learn this work, we offer the following inducements:

GOOD WAGES (Based on Ability) EXPERT INSTRUCTION
$7.00 Per Week For Beginners
FULLER'S SHIRT FACTORY
45-47 Pine Grove Ave. Kingston, N. Y.

IF A STRONG MAN WERE BOUND

he'd be in the same fix as a sulphated battery—full muscled, strong, willing yet helpless. A sulphated battery cannot deliver its power. Slowly but surely it deteriorates and finally dies.

All lead-acid storage batteries are subject to *ruinous sulphation* except the EVEREADY Storage Battery—*the only guaranteed non-sulphating battery.* It can be allowed to stand discharged weeks without sulphating ruinously.

EVEREADY is the only battery that frees you from frequent and expensive charging bills which are really sulphation removal bills. That is why you can buy EVEREADY with a written guarantee that protects your battery service.

Definite Guarantees:
Lighting and Ignition Type, 3 years
Starting Type, 1½ years

Every Eveready Service Station displays this sign:

EVEREADY Batteries are made in sizes and styles for every make of car, every size and style of battery box.

BATTERIES TESTED FREE

Drive in—any time—and have our expert test your battery. There is no charge for this service no matter what make of battery you use.

Forsyth & Davis Motor Car Co.,
113 Green Street, Kingston, N. Y.

Only Guaranteed Non-Sulphating Battery

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against George L. Parkes, late of the town of Esopus, county of Ulster, deceased, intestate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Carrie Parkes, the administratrix of the estate of said deceased, at the late residence of deceased on the State Road leading from Kingston to New Paltz, in the said town of Esopus, on or before the 10th day of February, 1919.

Dated August 8th, 1918.

CARRIE PARKES,
Administratrix.

Frederick Stephan, Jr., Attorney, 21 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law to all persons having claims against Mary Whitney, late of the city of Kingston, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Mary Townsend, the executrix of the estate of said deceased, at the office of Frank W. Brooks, attorney for said executrix, at No. 44 Main street, in the said city of Kingston, on or before the 20th day of August, 1918.

Dated February 15, 1918.

MARY TOWNSEND,
Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Mary Whitney, Deceased.

Frank W. Brooks, Attorney, 44 Main St., Kingston, N. Y.

SAUGERTIES.

Saugerties, Aug. 10.—Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Sutton of Ulster avenue have gone to New York city where they will make their future home.

Mrs. E. Brodhead and daughter of Clermont street have returned from a visit in New York city.

Miss Anna Sinnott of Partition street is visiting in Troy.

Mrs. Albert Warren of Panama is visiting her parents on Main street.

The Men's Club of Trinity Episcopal Church cleared $50 at their lawn social on Thursday.

Mrs. Angie Stein of New York is a guest of Mrs. Elizabeth Smith on Montross street.

Mrs. MacFarland of Utica is visiting her daughter, Mrs. John T. Washburn, on Barclay Heights.

Mrs. M. Powers of New York city is visiting in town.

Mrs. Joseph Warringer of Albany is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Warringer on Main street.

Mrs. Floyd Van Loan and son of MacDonald street are visiting in Conesville, N. Y.

POUGHKEEPSIE WOMEN

Win Recognition From National War Garden Commission.

Washington, Aug. 10.—National recognition is to be accorded the women of Poughkeepsie. The national war garden commission announced today that it would award a national capital prize certificate to the winner of first honors in the canned vegetable class at the exhibit to be held at 50 Market street, Poughkeepsie, by the Central Hudson Gas and Electric Company. J. I. Caquey, of the company, has been informed of this decision by the commission.

The national capitol prize certificates are accompanied by books half filled with thrift stamps. Applications are coming in from all over the state from fair officials.

OUR DAILY PATTERN.

Waist—2325. Skirt—2326. A Splendid Business Dress.

Comprising Ladies' Waist Pattern 2325 and Ladies' Skirt Pattern 2326. Serge, satin or gabardine could be used for both models, or the waist could be of madras, crepe or silk and the skirt of serge. The skirt is a good model for sports goods, velvet and corduroy. The Waist Pattern 2325 is cut in 6 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 38 will require 3¼ yards of 36-inch material. The Skirt Pattern 2326 is cut in 6 sizes: 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32 inches waist measure. Size 24 will require 3½ yards of 36-inch material. The skirt measures about 2 yards at the foot.

This illustration calls for TWO separate patterns, which will be mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents FOR EACH pattern in silver or stamps by The Freeman Pattern Department. Be sure to state size wanted.

Catalogue Notice.

Send 10 cents in silver or stamps for our up-to-date fall and winter 1918-1919 catalogue, containing 550 designs of ladies', misses' and children's patterns, a concise and comprehensive article on dressmaking, also some points for the needle (illustrating 30 of the various, simple stitches) all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

Consider the Pig.

As a source for a quick supply of meat products nothing compares with the hog. Observation has long indicated the striking economical value of pigs, and careful research has abundantly confirmed it. Therefore the growing of pigs should appeal to all who have facilities to care for them. Pigs produce a pound of gain from 4 to 5 pounds of dry matter, while fattening cattle require from 10 to 12 pounds. The pig yields from 70 to 80 per cent of his live weight as dressed carcass, the steer only from 55 to 65 per cent.

Cook Food Thoroughly.

Botulism is not a new disease. The bacilins was discovered and named by Van Ermengen years ago, when a German orgy of half-raw foods had caused an outbreak of sausage poisoning. Ermengen found whole colonies of the bacilli in a ham which as yet had not decomposed. The bacillus, he proved, is dangerous, whether admitted by way of the alimentary canal or subcutaneously. Kampner prepared an effective antitoxin, but the grand preventive is thorough cooking of food. Germany stayed her horrible plague of trichinesis when she began to cook smoked ham before eating it.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS.

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALBANY, July 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section four and section eleven of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York will be submitted to the people for the purpose of voting thereon, at the next general election to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE CONTRACTING OF DEBTS BY THE STATE.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That sections four and eleven of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 4. Except the debts specified in sections two and three of this article, no debts shall be hereafter contracted by or in behalf of this state, unless such debt shall be authorized by law, for some single work or object, to be distinctly specified therein [; and such]. *No such debt hereafter authorized shall be contracted for a period longer than that of the probable life of the work or object for which the debt is to be contracted to be determined by general laws, which determination shall be conclusive, nor for more than fifty years from the time of the contracting of such debt. A debt hereafter contracted by the state, pursuant to an authorization hereafter made, and each portion of any such debt from time to time so contracted, may, if provided by the law authorizing such debt, be paid in equal annual instalments, the first of which shall be payable not more than one year, and the last of which shall be payable not more than fifty years, after such debt or portion thereof, shall have been contracted. Such law shall if it authorize the contracting of a debt payable otherwise than in equal annual instalments* impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax to pay, and sufficient to pay, the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt within fifty years from the time of the contracting thereof. No [such] law *authorizing the contracting of a debt pursuant to this section* shall take effect until it shall, at a general election, have been submitted to the people, and have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election. On the final passage of such bill in either house of the legislature, the question shall be taken by ayes and noes, to be duly entered on the journals thereof, and shall be: "Shall this bill pass, and ought the same to receive the sanction of the people?" The legislature may at any time, after the approval of such law by the people, if no debt shall have been contracted in pursuance thereof, repeal the same; and may at any time, by law, forbid the contracting of any further debt or liability under such law; but the tax, if any, imposed by such act, in proportion to the debt and liability which may have been contracted in pursuance of such law, shall remain in force and be irrepealable, and be annually collected, until the proceeds thereof shall have made the provision hereinbefore specified to pay and discharge the interest and principal of such debt and liability. The money arising from any loan or stock creating such debt or liability shall be applied to the work or object specified in the act authorizing such debt or liability, or for the payment of such debt or liability, and for no other purpose whatever. No such law shall be submitted to be voted on, within three months after its passage or at any general election when any other law, or any bill shall be submitted to be voted for or against. The legislature may provide for the issue of bonds of the state to run for a period not exceeding fifty years in lieu of bonds heretofore authorized but not issued and shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax for the payment of the same as hereinbefore required. When any sinking fund created under this section shall equal in amount the debt for which it was created, no further direct tax shall be levied on account of said sinking fund and the legislature shall reduce the tax to an amount equal to the accruing interest on such debt. The legislature may from time to time alter the rate of interest to be paid upon any state debt, which has been or may be authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section, or upon any part of such debt, provided, however, that the rate of interest shall not be altered upon any part of such debt or upon any bond or other evidence thereof, which has been, or shall be created or issued before such alteration. In case the legislature increase the rate of interest upon any such debt, or part thereof, it shall, *if such debt be payable otherwise than in equal annual instalments*, impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax to pay and sufficient to pay the increased or altered interest on such debt as it falls due and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt within fifty years from the time of the contracting thereof, and shall appropriate annually to the sinking fund moneys in amount sufficient to pay such interest and pay and discharge the principal of such debt when it shall become due and payable.

§ 11. The legislature may appropriate out of any funds in the treasury, moneys to pay the accruing interest and principal of any debt heretofore or hereafter created, or any part thereof and may, *if such debt be payable otherwise than in annual instalments*, set apart in each fiscal year, moneys in the state treasury as a sinking fund to pay the interest as it falls due and to pay and discharge the principal of any debt heretofore or hereafter created under section four of article seven of the constitution until the same shall be wholly paid, and the principal and income of such sinking fund shall be applied to the purpose for which said sinking fund is created and to no other purpose whatever; and, in the event such moneys so set apart in any fiscal year be sufficient to provide such sinking fund, a direct annual tax for such year need not be imposed and collected, as required by the provisions of said section four of article seven, or of any law enacted in pursuance thereof. *The legislature shall annually as the same shall fall due provide, by direct tax, appropriation or both for the payment of the interest upon and instalments of principal of all debts created on behalf of the state, payable in annual instalments, pursuant to section four of article seven, or of any law enacted in pursuance thereof.*

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment at be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 4, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 8, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE.

"Shall section four and section eleven of Article seven of the Constitution relating to the contracting of State debts be amended so as to restrict the debt period to the probable life of the work for which the debt is contracted (in no case to exceed fifty years) and to authorize the issuance of bonds to be paid in annual instalments by direct tax or legislative appropriation," be approved?

TWO

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALBANY, July 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following amendment to section seven of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York will be submitted to the people for the purpose of voting thereon, at the next general election to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION SEVEN OF ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE FOREST PRESERVE.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section seven of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 7. The lands of the state, now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the forest preserve as now fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild forest lands. They shall not be leased, sold or exchanged, or be taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed or destroyed. *Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the state from constructing a state highway from Saranac Lake in Franklin county to Long Lake in Hamilton county and thence to Old Forge in Herkimer county by way of Blue Mountain lake and Raquette lake.*

[But the] *The* legislature may by general laws provide for the use of not exceeding three per centum of such lands for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs for municipal water supply, *for the canals of the state and to regulate the flow of streams.* Such reservoirs shall be constructed, owned and controlled by the state, but such work shall not be undertaken until after the boundaries and high flow lines thereof shall have been accurately surveyed and fixed, and after public notice, hearing and determination that such lands are required for such public use. The expense of any such improvements shall be apportioned on the public and private property and municipalities benefited to the extent of the benefits received. Any such reservoir shall always be operated by the state and the legislature shall provide for a charge upon the property and municipalities benefited for a reasonable return to the state upon the value of the rights and property of the state used and the services of the state rendered, which shall be fixed for terms of not exceeding ten years and be readjustable at the end of any term. Unsanitary conditions shall not be created or continued by any such public works. A violation of any of the provisions of this section may be restrained at the suit of the people or, with the consent of the supreme court in appellate division, on notice to the attorney-general at the suit of any citizen.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
March 26, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 11, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO.

"Shall section seven of Article seven of the Constitution relative to the Forest Preserve be amended so as to permit the construction of a State highway from Saranac Lake to Long Lake and thence to Old Forge by way of Blue Mountain Lake and Raquette Lake," be approved?

THREE

EXPLANATION — Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALBANY, July 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section eight of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York will be submitted to the people for the purpose of voting thereon, at the next general election to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION EIGHT OF ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE ERIE CANAL.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section eight of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 8. The legislature shall not sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the Erie canal, the Oswego canal, the Champlain canal, the Cayuga and Seneca canal, or the Black River canal; but they shall remain the property of the state and under its management forever. The prohibition of lease, sale or other disposition herein contained, shall not apply to the canal known as the Main and Hamburg street canal, situated in the city of Buffalo, and which extends easterly from the westerly line of Main street to the westerly line of Hamburg street, *nor to that portion of the existing Erie canal in the city of Utica between the westerly line of Schuyler street and the easterly line of Third street, provided that a flow of sufficient water from Schuyler street to Third street to feed that portion of the canal east of Third street be maintained.* All funds that may be derived from any lease, sale or other disposition of any canal shall be applied to the improvement, superintendence or repair of the remaining portion of the canals.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
March 1, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
March 22, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE.

"Shall section eight of Article seven of the Constitution prohibiting the sale and leasing of the canals be amended so as to authorize the sale or lease of that portion of the Erie Canal in the city of Utica between Schuyler and Third streets reserving sufficient water flow for the canal east of Third street," be approved?

FOUR

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, July 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article one of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION SEVEN OF ARTICLE ONE OF THE CONSTITUTION, GENERALLY.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section seven of article one of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

Compensation for taking private property; private roads; drainage of agricultural lands.

§ 7. When private property shall be taken for any public use, the compensation to be made thereof, when such compensation is not made by the state, shall be ascertained by a jury, or by the supreme court with or without a jury, but not with a referee, or by not less than three commissioners appointed by a court of record, as shall be prescribed by law. Private roads may be opened in the manner to be prescribed by law; but in every case the necessity of the road and the amount of all damage to be sustained by the opening thereof, shall be first determined by a jury of freeholders, and such amount, together with the expenses of the proceeding, shall be paid by the person to be benefited. General laws may be passed permitting the owners or occupants of agricultural lands to construct and maintain for the drainage thereof, necessary drains, ditches and dykes upon the lands of others, under proper restrictions and with just compensation, but no special laws shall be enacted for such purposes.

The legislature may authorize cities to take more land and property than is needed for actual construction in the laying out, widening, extending or relocating parks, public places, highways or streets; provided, however, that the additional land and property so authorized to be taken shall be no more than sufficient to form suitable building sites abutting on such park, public place, highway or street. After so much of the land and property has been appropriated for such park, public place, highway or street as is needed therefor, the remainder may be sold or leased.

The legislature may also authorize cities, for the establishment of a uniform system of streets, to take real property within an abandoned street or highway and to sell and lease it.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 2, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 3, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FIVE

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, July 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article one of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FIVE

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION SEVEN OF ARTICLE ONE OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE DRAINAGE OF SWAMP OR AGRICULTURAL LANDS AND THE TAKING OF PROPERTY THEREFOR.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section seven of article one of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 7. When private property shall be taken for any public use, the compensation to be made therefor, when such compensation is not made by the state, shall be ascertained by a jury, or by the supreme court with or without a jury, but not with a referee, or by not less than three commissioners appointed by a court of record, as shall be prescribed by law. Private roads may be opened in the manner to be prescribed by law; but in every case the necessity of the road and the amount of all damage to be sustained by the opening thereof shall be first determined by a jury of freeholders, and such amount, together with the expenses of the proceeding, shall be paid by the person to be benefited. [General] *The use of property for the drainage of swamp or agricultural lands is declared to be a public use, and general* laws may be passed permitting the owners or occupants of *swamp or* agricultural lands to construct and maintain for the drainage thereof, necessary drains, ditches and dykes upon the lands of others, under proper restrictions *on making* [and with] *just compensation, and such compensation together with the cost of such drainage may be assessed, wholly or partly, against any property benefited thereby;* but no special laws shall be enacted for such purposes.

The legislature may authorize cities to take more land and property than is needed for actual construction in the laying out, widening, extending or relocating parks, public places, highways or streets; provided, however, that the additional land and property so authorized to be taken shall be no more than sufficient to form suitable building sites abutting on such park, public place, highway or street. After so much of the land and property has been appropriated for such park, public place, highway or street as is needed therefor, the remainder may be sold or leased.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 1, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 10, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

SIX

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, July 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section one of article two of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SIX

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION ONE OF ARTICLE TWO OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section one of article two of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

Section 1. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for ninety days, and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, and for the last four months a resident of the county and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident, and not elsewhere, for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elective by the people, and upon all questions which may be submitted to the vote of the people, provided that in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the state, or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district; and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes [in the election districts in which they respectively reside].

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions after January first, one thousand nine hundred and twenty, no person shall become entitled to vote by attaining majority, by naturalization or otherwise, unless such person is also able, except for physical disability, to read and write English; and suitable laws shall be passed by the legislature to enforce this provision.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 8, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 9, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

SEVEN

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, July 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section one of article two of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVEN

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION ONE OF ARTICLE TWO OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section one of article two of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

Section 1. Every [male] citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for ninety days, and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, and for the last four months a resident of the county and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident, and not elsewhere, for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elective by the people, and upon all questions which may be submitted to the vote of the people, provided that in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the state, or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district; and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes [in the election districts in which they respectively reside].

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions after January first, one thousand nine hundred and twenty, no person shall become entitled to vote by attaining majority, by naturalization or otherwise, unless such person is also able, except for physical disability, to read and write English; and suitable laws shall be passed by the legislature to enforce this provision.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 8, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 9, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

EIGHT

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, July 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to article two of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER EIGHT

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE TWO OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO ABSENT VOTERS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That article two of the constitution be amended by inserting therein a new section, to be section one-a, to read as follows:

§ 1-a. *The legislature may, by general law, provide a manner in which, and the time and place at which, qualified voters who may, on the occurrence of any general election, be unavoidably absent from the state or county of their residence because their duties, occupation or business require them to be elsewhere within the United States, may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election district in which they respectively reside.*

§ 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
March 25, 1918

This bill was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
ALBANY, *April* 1, 1918

This bill was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby

Be Dependent or Independent

Are you giving your brains and energy or are you selling them? If you are selling them why not advertise for the highest bidder? The Freeman's Want Adv. Department is the mart where daily transactions are made between men who traffic in ability.

certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

NINE

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section four of article two of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER NINE

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION FOUR OF ARTICLE TWO OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE ENACTMENT OF ELECTION AND REGISTRATION LAWS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section four of article two of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 4. Laws shall be made for *the regulation of elections and for* ascertaining[,] by proper proofs[,] the [citizens] *electors* who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage hereby established[,] and for [the] *their annual* registration [of voters;], which [registration] shall be completed at least [ten] *fifteen* days before each general election. Such registration shall not be required for town and village election except by express provision of law. In cities and villages having five thousand inhabitants or more, according to the last preceding state enumeration of inhabitants, [voters] *electors* shall be registered upon personal application only. *But the legislature may provide for the special registration upon such application not more than three months before the date of election, of such electors as shall then show under oath that they will necessarily be absent from the county during each of the regular days of registration on account of their occupation.* [; but voters] *Electors* not residing in such cities or villages shall not be required to apply in person for registration at the first meeting of the officers having charge of the registry of [voters] *electors.*

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 9, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 10, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

TEN

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section six of article three of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TEN

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION SIX OF ARTICLE THREE OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE SALARY AND TRAVELING EXPENSES OF MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE AND THE SPEAKER OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section six of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 6. Each member of the [legislature] *senate* shall receive for his services an annual salary of [one] *three* thousand five hundred dollars. *Each member of the assembly, except the speaker thereof, shall receive for his services an annual salary of three thousand dollars. The speaker of the assembly shall receive for his services an annual salary of five thousand dollars.* [The members of either house shall also receive the sum of one dollar for every ten miles they shall travel in going to and returning from their place of meeting, once in each session, on the most usual route.] Senators, when the senate alone is convened in extraordinary session, or when serving as members of the court for the trial of impeachments, and such members of the assembly, not exceeding nine in number, as shall be appointed managers of an impeachment, shall receive an additional allowance of ten dollars a day.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 4, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 9, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

ELEVEN

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section eighteen of article three of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER ELEVEN

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION EIGHTEEN OF ARTICLE THREE OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO PRIVATE AND LOCAL BILLS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section eighteen of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 18. The legislature shall not pass a private or local bill in any of the following cases:

Changing the names of persons.

Laying out, opening, altering, working or discontinuing roads, highways, or alleys or for draining swamps or other low lands.

Locating or changing county seats.

Providing for changes of venue in civil or criminal cases.

Incorporating villages.

Providing for election of members of boards of supervisors.

Selecting, drawing, summoning or empaneling grand or petit jurors.

Regulating the rate of interest on money.

The opening and conducting of elections or designating places of voting.

Creating, increasing or decreasing fees, percentage, or allowances of public officers, during the term for which said officers are elected or appointed.

Granting to any corporation, association, or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks.

Granting to any private corporation, association or individual any exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.

Granting to any person, association, firm or corporation an exemption from taxation on real or personal property.

Providing for building bridges, and chartering companies for such purposes, except on the Hudson river below Waterford, and on the East river, or over the waters forming a part of the boundaries of the state.

Legalizing, ratifying or confirming the proceedings of a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state, or the officers or authorities thereof, in providing for the issuance and sale of the bonds or other evidence of indebtedness of such municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state, or validating such bonds or other evidences of indebtedness after their issuance and sale.

The legislature shall pass general laws providing for the cases enumerated in this section, and for all other cases which in its judgment may be provided for by general laws. But no law shall authorize the construction or operation of a street railroad except upon the condition that the consent of the owners of one-half in value of the property bounded on, and the consent also of the local authorities having the control of, that portion of a street or highway upon which it is proposed to construct or operate such railroad be first obtained, or in case the consent of such property owners cannot be obtained, the appellate division of the supreme court, in the department in which it is proposed to be constructed, may, upon application, appoint three commissioners who shall determine, after a hearing of all parties interested, whether such railroad ought to be constructed or operated, and their determination, confirmed by the court, may be taken in lieu of the consent of the property owners.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 9, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 10, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

TWELVE

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section eighteen of article three of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of the senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TWELVE

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION EIGHTEEN OF ARTICLE THREE OF THE CONSTITUTION, RELATING TO PRIVATE AND LOCAL BILLS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section eighteen of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 18. The legislature shall not pass a private or local bill in any of the following cases:

Changing the names of persons.

Laying out, opening, altering, working or discontinuing roads, highways or alleys, or for draining swamps or other low lands.

Granting any state lands, or any interest therein.

Locating or changing county seats.

Providing for changes of venue in civil or criminal cases.

Incorporating villages.

Providing for election of members of boards of supervisors.

Selecting, drawing, summoning or empaneling grand or petit jurors.

Regulating the rate of interest on money.

The opening and conducting of elections or designating places of voting.

Creating, increasing or decreasing fees, percentage or allowances of public officers, during the term for which said officers are elected or appointed.

Granting to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks.

Granting to any private corporation, association or individual any exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.

Granting to any person, association, firm or corporation, an exemption from taxation on real or personal property.

Providing for building bridges, and chartering companies for such purposes, except on the Hudson river below Waterford, and on the East river, or over the waters forming a part of the boundaries of the state.

Legalizing, ratifying or confirming the proceedings of a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state, or the officers or authorities thereof, in providing for the issuance and sale of the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of such municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state, or validating such bonds or other evidences of indebtedness after their issuance and sale.

The legislature shall pass general laws providing for the cases enumerated in this section, and for all other cases which in its judgment may be provided for by general laws. But no law shall authorize the construction or operation of a street railroad except upon the condition that the consent of the owners of one-half in value of the property bounded on, and the consent also of the local authorities having the control of, that portion of a street or highway upon which it is proposed to construct or operate such railroad be first obtained, or in case the consent of such property owners cannot be obtained, the appellate division of the supreme court, in the department in which it is proposed to be constructed, may, upon application, appoint three commissioners who shall determine, after a hearing of all parties interested, whether such railroad ought to be constructed or operated, and their determination, confirmed by the court, may be taken in lieu of the consent of the property owners.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity with section one, article fourteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 11, 1918.

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 13, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

THIRTEEN

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section one of article twelve and sections twenty-six and twenty-seven of article three of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER THIRTEEN

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION ONE OF ARTICLE TWELVE AND SECTIONS TWENTY-SIX AND TWENTY-SEVEN OF ARTICLE THREE OF THE CONSTITUTION TO ENABLE THE LEGISLATURE TO GIVE GREATER CONTROL OVER LOCAL AFFAIRS TO CITIES AND COUNTIES.

Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section one of article twelve of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

Section 1. It shall be the duty of the legislature to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages and to restrict their power of taxation, assessments, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and in contracting debt by such municipal corporations. [; and] *The legislature may by general laws confer upon cities such powers of local legislation and administration as the legislature may from time to time deem expedient.* [the] *The* legislature may regulate and fix the wages or salaries, the hours of work or labor, and make provision for the protection, welfare and safety of persons employed by the state or by any county, city, town, village or other civil division of the state, or by any contractor or subcontractor performing work, labor or services for the state, or for any county, city, town, village or other civil division thereof. *City bills shall apply equally to all the cities of a class as defined in section two of article twelve and no special city bill affecting less than all the cities of a class shall be passed except to secure the public safety or in a case where it affects territory without the corporate limits of the city.*

Resolved further (if the Assembly concur), That sections twenty-six and twenty-seven of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 26. There shall be in each county, except in a county wholly included in a city, a board of supervisors, to be composed of such members and elected in such manner and for such p[eriod] as is or may be provided by law. *But the legislature may provide by law for another form of government for any county subject to the approval of the electors of such county at a general election in an odd-numbered year. Such law may also provide for the transfer to the county of functions now exercised by towns.* In a city which includes an entire county, or two or more entire counties, the powers and duties of a board of supervisors may be devolved upon the municipal assembly, common council, board of aldermen or other legislative body of the city.

§ 27. The legislature shall, by general laws, confer upon the boards of supervisors, *or other governing elective bodies,* of the several counties of the state such further powers of local legislation and administration as the legislature may, from time to time, deem expedient, [, and in counties which now have, or may hereafter have, county auditors or other fiscal officers, authorized to audit bills, accounts, charges, claims or demands against the county, the legislature may confer such powers upon [said] *such* auditors, or fiscal officers, as the legislature may, from time to time, deem expedient.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendments be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 18, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 8, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FOURTEEN

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section nine of article five of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FOURTEEN

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION NINE OF ARTICLE FIVE OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO PREFERENCES, IN EMPLOYMENT AND PROMOTION, OF SOLDIERS, SAILORS AND MARINES.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section nine of article five of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 9. Appointments and promotions in the civil service of the state, and of all the civil divisions thereof, including cities and villages, shall be made according to merit and fitness to be ascertained, so far as practicable, by examinations, which, so far as practicable, shall be competitive; provided, however, that honorably discharged soldiers, [and] sailors [from] *and marines who have served as such in* the army, [and] navy *or marine corps* of the United States in the [late civil] *time of* war, *and* who are citizens and residents of this state, shall be entitled to preference in appointment and promotion *over all others,* without regard to their standing on any list from which such appointment or promotion may be made, *in the following order:*

1. All honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served as such in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States during the civil war;

2. All honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served as such in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States during the war with Spain or the insurrection in the Philippine islands prior to July fourth, nineteen hundred and two, who were residents of this state at the time of enlistment.

Laws shall be made to provide for the enforcement of this section.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 30, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 9, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FIFTEEN

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article six of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FIFTEEN

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE SIX OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO COMPENSATION OF JUDGES OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section seven of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 7. The court of appeals is continued. It shall consist of the chief judge and associate judges now in office, who shall hold their offices until the expiration of their respective terms, and their successors, who shall be chosen by the electors of the state. The official terms of the chief judge and associate judges shall be fourteen years from and including the first day of January next after their election. Five members of the court shall form a quorum, and the concurrence of four shall be necessary to a decision. The court shall have power to appoint and to remove its reporter, clerk and attendants. Whenever and as often as a majority of the judges of the court of appeals shall certify to the governor that said court is unable, by reason of the accumulation of causes pending therein, to hear and dispose of the same with reasonable speed, the governor shall designate not more than four justices of the supreme court to serve as associate judges of the court of appeals. The justices so designated shall be relieved from their duties as justices of the supreme court and shall serve as associate judges of the court of appeals until the causes undisposed of in said court are reduced to two hundred, when they shall return to the supreme court. The governor may designate justices of the supreme court to fill vacancies. No justice shall serve as associate judge of the court of appeals except while holding the office of justice of the supreme court, and no more than seven judges shall sit in any case. *The judges of the court of appeals, including those now in office, shall receive for their services a compensation established by law which shall not be diminished during their official terms and shall not be less than the highest compensation allowed by law to any other judicial officer in the state. A justice of the supreme court while serving as associate judge of the court of appeals shall receive the same compensation as judges of the court of appeals.*

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 5, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 9, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

SIXTEEN

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section eighteen of article six of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SIXTEEN

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION EIGHTEEN OF ARTICLE SIX OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO CHILDREN'S COURTS AND COURTS OF DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section eighteen of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 18. Inferior local courts of civil and criminal jurisdiction may be established by the legislature, but no inferior local court hereafter created shall be a court of record. [The] *Except as herein provided the* legislature shall not hereafter confer upon any inferior or local court of its creation, any equity jurisdiction or any greater jurisdiction in other respects than is conferred upon county courts by or under this article. *The legislature may establish children's courts, and courts of domestic relations, as separate courts, or as parts of existing courts or courts hereafter to be created, and may confer upon them such equity and other jurisdiction as may be necessary for the correction, protection, guardianship and disposition of delinquent, neglected or dependent minors, and for the punishment and correction of adults responsible for or contributing to such delinquency, neglect or dependency, and to compel the support of a wife, child or poor relative by persons legally chargeable therewith who abandon or neglect to support any of them. In the exercise of such jurisdiction such courts may hear and determine such causes, with or without a jury, except those involving a felony.* Except as herein otherwise provided, all judicial officers shall be elected or appointed at such times and in such manner as the legislature may direct.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
March 28, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 8, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

SEVENTEEN

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVENTEEN

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION SEVEN OF ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE USE OF LANDS AND TIMBER IN THE FOREST PRESERVE FOR FUEL FOR DOMESTIC PURPOSES AND FOR ROADS AND TRAILS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section seven of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

Forest preserve. § 7. The lands of the state, now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the forest preserve as now fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild forest lands. They shall not be leased, sold or exchanged, or be taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed or destroyed. But the legislature may by general laws provide for the use of not exceeding three per centum of such lands for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs for municipal water supply, for the canals of the state and to regulate the flow of streams. Such reservoirs shall be constructed, owned and controlled by the state, but such work shall not be undertaken until after the boundaries and high flow lines thereof shall have been accurately surveyed and fixed, and after public notice, hearing and determination that such lands are required for such public use. The expense of any such improvements shall be apportioned on the public and private property and municipalities benefited to the extent of the benefits received. Any such reservoir shall always be operated by the state and the legislature shall provide for a charge upon the property and municipalities benefited for a reasonable return to the state upon the value of the rights and property of the state used and the services of the state rendered, which shall be fixed for terms of not exceeding ten years and be readjustable at the end of any term. Unsanitary conditions shall not be created or continued by any such public works. *The foregoing provisions of this section shall not prevent the legislature from authorizing the cutting and removal of dead and fallen timber on lands in the forest preserve for fuel or other domestic purposes; or authorizing the cutting and use by the state of timber on such lands for the construction of roads and trails necessary for protection against fire, and for ingress and egress.* A violation of any of the provisions of this section may be restrained at the suit of the people or, with the consent of the supreme court in appellate division, on notice to the attorney-general at the suit of any citizen.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and, in conformity with section one, article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 10, 1918

This bill was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 12, 1918

This bill was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

EIGHTEEN

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to sections two, four, five, eleven and twelve of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER EIGHTEEN

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING TO AMEND SECTIONS TWO, FOUR, FIVE, ELEVEN AND TWELVE OF ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE STATE.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That sections two, four, five, eleven and twelve of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 2. The state may[, to meet casual deficits or failures in revenues, or for expenses not provided for, contract debts; but such debts, direct or contingent, singly or in the aggregate, shall not at any time exceed one million of dollars; and the moneys arising from the loans creating such debts shall be applied to the purpose for which they were obtained, or to repay the debt so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.] *contract debts in anticipation of the receipt of taxes and revenues, direct or indirect, for the purposes and within the amounts of appropriations theretofore made; bonds or other obligations for the moneys so borrowed shall be issued as may be provided by law, and shall with the interest thereon be paid from such taxes and revenues within one year from the date of issue.*

§ 4. Except the debts specified in sections two and three of this article, no debt[s] shall be hereafter contracted by or in behalf of this state, unless such debt shall be authorized by law, for some single work or object, to be distinctly specified therein, [; and such law shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax to pay, and sufficient to pay, the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt within fifty years from the time of the contracting thereof. No such law shall take effect until it shall, at a general election, have been submitted to the people, and have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election.] On the final passage of such bill in either house of the legislature, the question shall be taken by ayes and noes, to be duly entered on the journals thereof, and shall be: "Shall this bill pass and ought the same to receive the sanction of the people?" *No such law shall take effect until it shall, at a general election, have been submitted to the people, and have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election nor shall it be submitted to be voted on within three months after its passage nor at any general election when any other law, or any bill shall be submitted to be voted for or against.* The legislature may, at any time after the approval of such law by the people, if no debt shall have been contracted in pursuance thereof, repeal the same; and may at any time, by law, forbid the contracting of any further debt or liability under such law, [but the tax imposed by such act, in proportion to the debt and liability which may have been contracted in pursuance of such law, shall remain in force and be irrepealable, and be annually collected, until the proceeds thereof shall have made the provision hereinbefore specified to pay and discharge the interest and principal of such debt and liability.]

Except the debts specified in sections two and three of this article, all debts contracted by the state after January first, nineteen hundred and twenty, pursuant to an authorization therefor, heretofore or hereafter made and each portion of any such debt from time to time so contracted irrespective of the terms of such authorization, shall be paid in equal annual instalments, the first of which shall be payable not more than one year, and the last of which shall be payable not more than fifty years, after such debt or portion thereof shall have been contracted. No such debt hereafter authorized shall be contracted for a period longer than that of the probable life of the work or object for which the debt is to be contracted, to be determined by general laws, which determination shall be conclusive.

The legislature may from time to time alter the rate of interest to be paid upon any state debt which has been or may be authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section or upon any part of such debt, provided, however, that the rate of interest shall not be altered upon any part of such debt or upon any bond or other evidence thereof which has been or shall be created or issued before such alteration.

The money arising from any loan [or stock] creating such debt or liability shall be applied to the work or object specified in the act authorizing such debt or liability, or for the payment of such debt or liability, and for no other purpose whatever. [No such law shall be submitted to be voted on within three months after its passage or at any general election when any other law, or any bill shall be submitted to be voted for or against. The legislature may provide for the issue of bonds of the state to run for a period not exceeding fifty years in lieu of bonds heretofore authorized but not issued and shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax for the payment of the same as hereinbefore required. When any sinking fund created under this section shall equal in amount the debt for which it was created, no further direct tax shall be levied on account of said sinking fund, and the legislature shall reduce the tax to an amount equal to the accruing interest on such debt. The legislature may from time to time alter the rate of interest to be paid upon any state debt, which has been or may be authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section, or upon any part of such debt, provided, however, that the rate of interest shall not be altered upon any part of such debt or upon any bond or other evidence thereof, which has been, or shall be created or issued before such alteration. In case the legislature increase the rate of interest upon any such debt, or part thereof, it shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax to pay and sufficient to pay the increased or altered interest on such debt as it falls due and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt within fifty years from the time of the contracting thereof, and shall appropriate annually the sinking fund moneys in amount sufficient to pay such interest and pay and discharge the principal of such debt when it shall become due and payable.]

§ 5. The sinking funds provided for the payment of interest and the extinguishment of the principal of the debts of the state *heretofore contracted shall be continued; they* shall be separately kept and safely invested and neither of them shall be appropriated or used in any manner other than for [the specific purpose for which it shall have been provided] *such payment and extinguishment as hereinafter provided. The comptroller shall each year appraise the securities held for investment in each of such funds at their fair market value not exceeding par. He shall then determine and certify to the legislature the amount of each of such funds and the amounts which, if thereafter annually contributed to each such fund, would, with the fund and with the accumulations thereon and upon the contributions thereto, computed at the rate of three per centum per annum, produce at the date of maturity the amount of the debt to retire which such fund was created, and the legislature shall thereupon appropriate as the contribution to each such fund for such year at least the amount thus certified.*

If the income of any such fund in any year is more than a sum which, if annually added to such fund would, with the fund and its accumulations as aforesaid, retire the debt at maturity, the excess income may be applied to the interest on the debt for which the fund was created.

After any sinking fund shall equal in amount the debt for which it was created no further contribution shall be made thereto except to make good any losses ascertained at the annual appraisals above mentioned, and the income thereof shall be applied to the payment of the interest on such debt. Any excess in such income not required for the payment of interest may be applied to the general fund of the state.

The legislature may also by general laws provide means and authority whereby outstanding bonds of the state, for which sinking funds are provided, may be exchanged at par for cancellation, for serial bonds of the form authorized under section four of this article, upon such terms and conditions as to interest and otherwise as it may in its discretion authorize or determine, except that the debt as thus refunded shall finally mature no later and at no greater comparative cost to the state than the original debt; the determination of the legislature as to such comparative cost shall be conclusive. No further contributions to the respective sinking funds shall be made on account of bonds so exchanged and the proportion of any such sinking fund which the amount of the bonds so exchanged shall bear to the amount of bonds outstanding of the same issue may be appropriated, as required, for the payment of the substituted serial bonds.

§ 11. [The legislature may appropriate out of any funds in the treasury, moneys to pay the accruing interest and principal of any debt heretofore or hereafter created, or any part thereof and may set apart in each fiscal year, moneys in the state treasury as a sinking fund to pay the interest as it falls due and to pay and discharge the principal of any debt heretofore or hereafter created under section four of article seven of the constitution until the same shall be wholly paid, and the principal and income of such sinking fund shall be applied to the purpose for which said sinking fund is created and to no other purpose whatever; and, in the event such moneys so set apart in any fiscal year be sufficient to provide such sinking fund, a direct annual tax for such year need not be imposed and collected, as required by the provisions of said section four of article seven, or of any law enacted in pursuance thereof.] *The legislature shall annually provide by appropriation for the payment of the interest upon and instalments of principal of all debts created on behalf of the state except those contracted under section two of this article, as the same shall fall due, and for the contribution to all of the sinking funds heretofore created by law, of the amounts annually to be contributed under the provisions of section five of this article. If at any time the legislature shall fail to make any such appropriation, the comptroller shall set apart from the first revenues thereafter received, applicable to the general fund of the state, a sum sufficient to pay such interest, instalments of principal, or contributions to such sinking fund, as the case may be, and shall so apply the moneys thus set apart. The comptroller may be required to set aside and apply such revenues as aforesaid, at the suit of any holder of such bonds.*

§ 12. *Debts hereafter authorized for the improvement of highways shall be created only in the manner provided in section four of this article. No provision of this article shall be deemed to impair or affect the validity of any debt of the state heretofore contracted or any right or obligation heretofore created between the state and any of its civil divisions.*

[A debt or debts of the state may be authorized by law for the improvement of highways. Such highways shall be determined under general laws, which shall also provide for the equitable apportionment thereof among the counties. The aggregate of the debts authorized by this section shall not at any one time exceed the sum of fifty millions of dollars. The payment of the annual interest on such debt and the creation of a sinking fund of at least two per centum per annum to discharge the principal at maturity shall be provided by general laws whose force and effect shall not be diminished during the existence of any debt created thereunder. The legislature may by general laws require the county or town or both to pay to the sinking fund the proportionate part of the cost of any such highway within the boundaries of such county or town and the proportionate part of the interest thereon, but no county shall at any time for any highway be required to pay more than thirty-five hundredths of the cost of such highway, and no town more than fifteen hundredths. None of the provisions of the fourth section of this article shall apply to debts for the improvement of highways hereby authorized.]

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity to section one, article fourteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 10, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 13, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

NINETEEN

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the constitution of the State of New York and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of New York, by inserting therein a new article, in relation to taxation, is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER NINETEEN

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION BY INSERTING THEREIN A NEW ARTICLE, IN RELATION TO TAXATION.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the constitution be amended by inserting therein a new article, to be article seven-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE VII-A.

§ 1. For the assessment of real property, heretofore locally assessed, the legislature may establish tax districts, none of which, unless it be a city, shall embrace more than one town. The assessors therein shall be elected by the electors of such districts. The legislature may provide that the assessment-roll of a town shall serve for all the civil divisions or parts thereof within its boundaries. No such tax district embracing a town shall be established until a proposition providing therefor shall have been adopted by a vote of a majority of the electors voting thereon in such proposed district at an election for which provision shall be made by law.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 10, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 10, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSITION NUMBER ONE

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, and of section two of chapter six hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and eighteen, notice is hereby given that chapter six hundred and ninety-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and eighteen, of which the following is a copy, will be submitted to the people for the purpose of voting thereon at the next general election in this State, to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

CHAP. 626

AN ACT TO AMEND CHAPTER TWO HUNDRED AND NINETY-EIGHT OF THE LAWS OF NINETEEN HUNDRED AND TWELVE, AUTHORIZING THE SALE OF BONDS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION AND IMPROVEMENT OF STATE AND COUNTY HIGHWAYS, IN RELATION TO PROVIDING FOR THE DISPOSITION OF CERTAIN UNEXPENDED BALANCES FOR HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT; AND TO PROVIDE FOR A SUBMISSION OF THE SAME TO THE PEOPLE TO BE VOTED UPON AT THE GENERAL ELECTION TO BE HELD IN THE YEAR NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTEEN.

Became a Law May 11, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter two hundred and ninety-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and twelve, entitled "An act making provision for issuing bonds to the amount of not to exceed fifty million dollars for the purpose of constructing and improving state and county highways, and providing for a submission of the same to the people to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and twelve," is hereby amended by inserting therein, after section six, a new section, to be section six-a, to read as follows:

§ 6-a. *Unexpended balances; how to be used. If moneys authorized by this act to be raised and which have been apportioned before the taking effect of this section to a county for use in the construction of state highways cannot be used within such county for that purpose, or if any of such moneys which have been apportioned before the taking effect of this section to a county for use in the construction of county highways cannot be used within such county for that purpose, under the foregoing provisions of this act and in the manner herein prescribed, the unexpended balances of such moneys apportioned pursuant to section four of this act shall be available, after appropriation by the legislature, for use in the discretion of the state commissioner of highways in the construction, reconstruction or widening of state or county highways as defined in the highway law or of such other highways as he may determine to be necessary to connect the systems of state highways, county highways or highways improved by federal aid. Such commissioner shall expend within any county having an unexpended balance of moneys originally apportioned to it by section four of this act, for the construction, reconstruction or widening of such highways, one-half of such unexpended balance, and such commissioner may expend within any other county or counties for the same purposes the remainder of such unexpended balance. In the use of such moneys in the construction, reconstruction or widening of any state, county or connecting highway, the county within which such highway is located shall contribute to the total cost thereof in the same manner and to the same extent and in the same proportion as is now provided by article six of the highway law in connection with the improvement of county highways within such county.*

§ 2. This law shall not take effect until it shall at a general election have been submitted to the people and have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election; and the same shall be submitted to the people of this state at the general election to be held in November, nineteen hundred and eighteen. The ballots to be furnished for the use of the voters upon the submission of this law shall be in the form prescribed by the election law, and the proposition or question to be submitted shall be printed thereon in substantially the following form, namely: "Shall chapter (here insert the number of the chapter) of the laws of nineteen hundred and eighteen, entitled 'An act to amend chapter two hundred and ninety-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and twelve, authorizing the sale of bonds for the construction and improvement of state and county highways, in relation to providing for the disposition of certain unexpended balances for highway improvement; and to provide for a submission of the same to the people to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen,' be approved?"

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } *ss.:*

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole of said original law.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF PROPOSITION NUMBER ONE

"Shall chapter six hundred twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and eighteen, entitled 'An act to amend chapter two hundred and ninety-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and twelve, authorizing the sale of bonds for the construction and improvement of state and county highways, in relation to providing for the disposition of certain unexpended balances for highway improvement; and to provide for a submission of the same to the people to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen,' be approved?"

THE FREEMAN'S CENT-A-WORD ADLETS SAVE MONEY, TIME AND WORRIMENT--PUT YOUR "WANTS" UP TO THE LITTLE HUSTLERS

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

To Enrolled Republican Voters:—

Having been recommended by the Republican County Convention for the nomination for COUNTY JUDGE, and the required petition having been filed, I will be a candidate for such nomination in the primaries to be held on September 3rd, 1918, and ask your support.

JOSEPH M. FOWLER.

The House of Taylor

HOTEL MARTINIQUE

Broadway, 32d & 33d Sts., New York.

Direct Entrance to Broadway Subway and Hudson Tubes.

One Block from Pennsylvania Station

Equally Convenient for Amusements Shopping or Business.

RATES $2.00 PER DAY AND UP.

A SPECIALTY

155 Pleasant Rooms, with Private Bath, $3.00 PER DAY.

The Martinique Restaurants Are Well Known for Good Food and Reasonable Prices.

400 Baths
600 Rooms

MEN'S SUITS

TO MEASURE

$29.00

A LIMITED OFFER

KUNST TAILORING EST.

65 BROADWAY

ATTENTION TO SHIRT OPERATORS!

To all sewing machine operators and those desiring to learn this work, we offer the following inducements:

GOOD WAGES (Based on Ability) EXPERT INSTRUCTION

$7.00 Per Week For Beginners

FULLER'S SHIRT FACTORY

45-47 Pine Grove Ave. Kingston, N. Y.

IF A STRONG MAN WERE BOUND

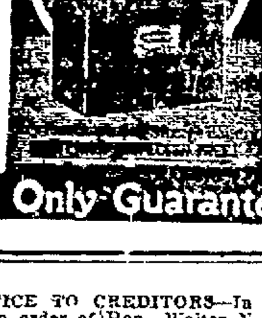
he'd be in the same fix as a sulphated battery—full muscled, strong, willing yet helpless. A sulphated battery cannot deliver its power. Slowly but surely it deteriorates and finally dies.

All lead-acid storage batteries are subject to *ruinous sulphation* except the EVEREADY Storage Battery—*the only guaranteed non-sulphating battery.* It can be allowed to stand discharged weeks without sulphating ruinously.

Definite Guarantee: Lighting and Ignition Type, 3 years. Starting Type, 1½ years

EVEREADY is the only battery that frees you from frequent and expensive charging bills which are really sulphation removal bills. That is why you can buy EVEREADY with a written guarantee that protects your battery service.

Every Eveready Service Station displays this sign:



EVEREADY Batteries are made in sizes and styles for every make of car, every size and style of battery box.

BATTERIES TESTED FREE

Drive in—any time—and have our expert test your battery. There is no charge for this service no matter what make of battery you use.

Forsyth & Davis Motor Car Co., 113 Green Street, Kingston, N. Y.

Only Guaranteed Non-Sulphating Battery

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against George L. Parkes, late of the town of Esopus, county of Ulster, deceased, intestate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Carrie Parkes, the administratrix of the estate of said deceased, at the late residence of deceased on the State Road leading from Kingston to New Paltz, in the said town of Esopus, on or before the 10th day of February, 1919.

Dated August 8th, 1918.

CARRIE PARKES,
Administratrix.

Frederick Stephan, Jr., Attorney, 22 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Mary Whitney, late of the city of Kingston, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Mary Townsend, the executrix of the estate of said deceased, at the office of Frank W. Brooks, attorney for said executrix, at No. 44 Main street, in the said city of Kingston, on or before the 20th day of August, 1918.

Dated February 15, 1918.

MARY TOWNSEND,
Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Mary Whitney, Deceased.

Frank W. Brooks, Attorney, 44 Main St., Kingston, N. Y.

SAUGERTIES.

Saugerties, Aug. 10.—Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Sutton of Ulster avenue have gone to New York city where they will make their future home.

Mrs. E. Brodhead and daughter of Clermont street have returned from a visit in New York city.

Miss Anna Sinnott of Partition street is visiting in Troy.

Mrs. Albert Warren of Panama is visiting her parents on Main street.

The Men's Club of Trinity Episcopal Church cleared $50 at their lawn social on Thursday.

Mrs. Angie Stein of New York is a guest of Mrs. Elizabeth Smith on Montross street.

Mrs. MacFarland of Utica is visiting her daughter, Mrs. John T. Washburn, on Barclay Heights.

Mrs. M. Powers of New York city is visiting in town.

Mrs. Joseph Warringer of Albany is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Warringer on Main street.

Mrs. Floyd Van Loan and son of MacDonald street are visiting in Conesville, N. Y.

POUGHKEEPSIE WOMEN

Win Recognition From National War Garden Commission.

Washington, Aug. 10.—National recognition is to be accorded the women of Poughkeepsie. The national war garden commission announced today that it would award a national capital prize certificate to the winner of first honors in the canned vegetable class at the exhibit to be held at 50 Market street, Poughkeepsie, by the Central Hudson Gas and Electric Company. J. I. Caquey, of the company, has been informed of this decision by the commission.

The national capitol prize certificates are accompanied by books half filled with thrift stamps. Applications are coming in from all over the state from fair officials.

OUR DAILY PATTERN.

Waist—2325. Skirt—2326. A Splendid Business Dress.

Comprising Ladies' Waist Pattern 2325 and Ladies' Skirt Pattern 2326. Serge, satin or gabardine could be used for both models, or the waist could be of madras, crepe or silk and the skirt of serge. The skirt is a good model for sports goods, velvet and corduroy. The Waist Pattern 2325 is cut in 6 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 38 will require 3¼ yards of 36-inch material. The Skirt Pattern 2326 is cut in 6 sizes; 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32 inches waist measure. Size 24 will require 3½ yards of 36-inch material. The skirt measures about 2 yards at the foot.

This illustration calls for TWO separate patterns, which will be mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents FOR EACH pattern in silver or stamps by The Freeman Pattern Department. Be sure to state size wanted.

Catalogue Notice.

Send 10 cents in silver or stamps for our up-to-date fall and winter 1918-1919 catalogue, containing 550 designs of ladies', misses' and children's patterns, a concise and comprehensive article on dressmaking, also some points for the needle (illustrating 30 of the various, simple stitches) all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

Consider the Pig.

As a source for a quick supply of meat products nothing compares with the hog. Observation has long indicated the striking economical value of pigs, and careful research has abundantly confirmed it. Therefore the growing of pigs should appeal to all who have facilities to care for them. Pigs produce a pound of gain from 4 to 5 pounds of dry matter, while fattening cattle require from 10 to 12 pounds. The pig yields from 70 to 80 per cent of his live weight as dressed carcass, the steer only from 55 to 65 per cent.

Cook Food Thoroughly.

Botulism is not a new disease. The bacillus was discovered and named by Van Ermengen years ago, when a German orgy of half-raw foods had caused an outbreak of sausage poisoning. Ermengen found whole colonies of the bacilli in a ham which as yet had not decomposed. The bacillus, he proved, is dangerous, whether admitted by way of the alimentary canal or subcutaneously. Kampner prepared an effective antitoxin, but the grand preventive is thorough cooking of food. Germany stayed her horrible plague of trichinosis when she began to cook smoked ham before eating it.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS.

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALBANY, *July 1*, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section four and section eleven of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York will be submitted to the people for the purpose of voting thereon, at the next general election to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE CONTRACTING OF DEBTS BY THE STATE.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That sections four and eleven of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 4. Except the debts specified in sections two and three of this article, no debts shall be hereafter contracted by or in behalf of this state, unless such debt shall be authorized by law, for some single work or object, to be distinctly specified therein [; and such]. *No such debt hereafter authorized shall be contracted for a period longer than that of the probable life of the work or object for which the debt is to be contracted to be determined by general laws, which determination shall be conclusive, nor for more than fifty years from the time of the contracting of such debt. A debt hereafter contracted by the state, pursuant to an authorization hereafter made, and each portion of any such debt from time to time so contracted, may, if provided by the law authorizing such debt, be paid in equal annual instalments, the first of which shall be payable not more than one year, and the last of which shall be payable not more than fifty years, after such debt or portion thereof shall have been contracted. Such* law shall *if it authorize the contracting of a debt payable otherwise than in equal annual instalments* impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax to pay, and sufficient to pay, the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt within fifty years from the time of the contracting thereof. No [such] law *authorizing the contracting of a debt pursuant to this section* shall take effect until it shall, at a general election, have been submitted to the people, and have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election. On the final passage of such bill in either house of the legislature, the question shall be taken by ayes and noes, to be duly entered on the journals thereof, and shall be: "Shall this bill pass, and ought the same to receive the sanction of the people?" The legislature may at any time, after the approval of such law by the people, if no debt shall have been contracted in pursuance thereof, repeal the same; and may at any time, by law, forbid the contracting of any further debt or liability under such law; but the tax, *if any*, imposed by such act, in proportion to the debt and liability which may have been contracted in pursuance of such law, shall remain in force and be irrepealable, and be annually collected, until the proceeds thereof shall have made the provision hereinbefore specified to pay and discharge the interest and principal of such debt and liability. The money arising from any loan or stock creating such debt or liability shall be applied to the work or object specified in the act authorizing such debt or liability, or for the payment of such debt or liability, and for no other purpose whatever. No such law shall be submitted to be voted on, within three months after its passage or at any general election when any other law, or any bill shall be submitted to be voted for or against. The legislature may provide for the issue of bonds of the state to run for a period not exceeding fifty years in lieu of bonds heretofore authorized but not issued and shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax for the payment of the same as hereinbefore required. When any sinking fund created under this section shall equal in amount the debt for which it was created, no further direct tax shall be levied on account of said sinking fund and the legislature shall reduce the tax to an amount equal to the accruing interest on such debt. The legislature may from time to time alter the rate of interest to be paid upon any state debt, which has been or may be authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section, or upon any part of such debt, provided, however, that the rate of interest shall not be altered upon any part of such debt or upon any bond or other evidence thereof, which has been, or shall be created or issued before such alteration. In case the legislature increase the rate of interest upon any such debt, or part thereof, it shall, *if such debt be payable otherwise than in equal annual instalments*, impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax to pay and sufficient to pay the interest [illegible] falls due and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt within fifty years from the time of the contracting thereof, and shall appropriate annually to the sinking fund moneys in amount sufficient to pay such interest and pay and discharge the principal of such debt when it shall become due and payable.

§ 11. The legislature may appropriate out of any funds in the treasury, moneys to pay the accruing interest and principal of any debt heretofore or hereafter created, or any part thereof and may, *if such debt be payable otherwise than in annual instalments*, set apart in each fiscal year, moneys in the state treasury as a sinking fund to pay the interest as it falls due and to pay and discharge the principal of any debt heretofore or hereafter created under section four of article seven of the constitution until the same shall be wholly paid, and the principal and income of such sinking fund shall be applied to the purpose for which said sinking fund is created and to no other purpose whatever; and, in the event such moneys so set apart in any fiscal year be sufficient to provide such sinking fund, a direct annual tax for such year need not be imposed and collected, as required by the provisions of said section four of article seven, or of any law enacted in pursuance thereof. *The legislature shall annually as the same shall fall due provide, by direct tax, appropriation or both for the payment of the interest upon and instalments of principal of all debts created on behalf of the state, payable in annual instalments, pursuant to section four of article seven, or of any law enacted in pursuance thereof.*

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 4, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Senate.
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 8, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.
[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE.

"Shall section four and section eleven of Article seven of the Constitution relating to the contracting of State debts be amended so as to restrict the debt period to the probable life of the work for which the debt is contracted (in no case to exceed fifty years) and to authorize the issuance of bonds to be paid in annual instalments by direct tax or legislative appropriation," be approved?

TWO

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALBANY, *July 1*, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following amendment to section seven of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York will be submitted to the people for the purpose of voting thereon, at the next general election to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION SEVEN OF ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE FOREST PRESERVE.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section seven of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 7. The lands of the state, now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the forest preserve as now fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild forest lands. They shall not be leased, sold or exchanged, or be taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed or destroyed. *Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the state from constructing a state highway from Saranac Lake in Franklin county to Long Lake in Hamilton county and thence to Old Forge in Herkimer county by way of Blue Mountain lake and Raquette lake.*

[But the] *The* legislature may by general laws provide for the use of not exceeding three per centum of such lands for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs for municipal water supply, for the canals of the state and to regulate the flow of streams. Such reservoirs shall be constructed, owned and controlled by the state, but such work shall not be undertaken until after the boundaries and high flow lines thereof shall have been accurately surveyed and fixed, and after public notice, hearing and determination that such lands are required for such public use. The expense of any such improvements shall be apportioned on the public and private property and municipalities benefited to the extent of the benefits received. Any such reservoir shall always be operated by the state and the legislature shall provide for a charge upon the property and municipalities benefited for a reasonable return to the state upon the value of the rights and property of the state used and the services of the state rendered, which shall be fixed for terms of not exceeding ten years and be readjustable at the end of any term. Unsanitary conditions shall not be created or continued by any such public works. A violation of any of the provisions of this section may be restrained at the suit of the people or, with the consent of the supreme court in appellate division, on notice to the attorney-general at the suit of any citizen.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
March 26, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 11, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.
[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO.

"Shall section seven of Article seven of the Constitution relative to the Forest Preserve be amended so as to permit the construction of a State highway from Saranac Lake to Long Lake and thence to Old Forge by way of Blue Mountain Lake and Raquette Lake," be approved?

THREE

EXPLANATION — Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALBANY, *July 1*, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section eight of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York will be submitted to the people for the purpose of voting thereon, at the next general election to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION EIGHT OF ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE ERIE CANAL.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section eight of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 8. The legislature shall not sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the Erie canal, the Oswego canal, the Champlain canal, the Cayuga and Seneca canal, or the Black River canal; but they shall remain the property of the state and under its management forever. The prohibition of lease, sale or other disposition herein contained, shall not apply to the canal known as the Main and Hamburg street canal, situated in the city of Buffalo, and which extends easterly from the westerly line of Main street to the westerly line of Hamburg street, *nor to that portion of the existing Erie canal in the city of Utica between the westerly line of Schuyler street and the easterly line of Third street, provided that a flow of sufficient water from Schuyler street to Third street to feed that portion of the canal east of Third street be maintained.* All funds that may be derived from any lease, sale or other disposition of any canal shall be applied to the improvement, superintendence or repair of the remaining portion of the canals.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
March 1, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
March 22, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.
[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE

"Shall section eight of Article seven of the Constitution prohibiting the sale and leasing of the canals be amended so as to authorize the sale or lease of that portion of the Erie Canal in the city of Utica between Schuyler and Third streets reserving sufficient water flow for the canal east of Third street," be approved?

FOUR

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July 1*, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article one of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION SEVEN OF ARTICLE ONE OF THE CONSTITUTION, GENERALLY.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section seven of article one of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

Compensation for taking private property; private roads; drainage of agricultural lands.

§ 7. When private property shall be taken for any public use, the compensation to be made therefor, when such compensation is not made by the state, shall be ascertained by a jury, or by the supreme court with or without a jury, but not with a referee, or by not less than three commissioners appointed by a court of record, as shall be prescribed by law. Private roads may be opened in the manner to be prescribed by law; but in every case the necessity of the road and the amount of all damage to be sustained by the opening thereof shall be first determined by a jury of freeholders, and such amount, together with the expenses of the proceeding, shall be paid by the person to be benefited. General laws may be passed permitting the owners or occupants of agricultural lands to construct and maintain for the drainage thereof, necessary drains, ditches and dykes upon the lands of others, under proper restrictions and with just compensation, but no special laws shall be enacted for such purposes.

The legislature may authorize cities to take more land and property than is needed for actual construction in the laying out, widening, extending or relocating parks, public places, highways or streets; provided, however, that the additional land and property so authorized to be taken shall be no more than sufficient to form suitable building sites abutting on such park, public place, highway or street. After so much of the land and property has been appropriated for such park, public place, highway or street as is needed therefor, the remainder may be sold or leased.

The legislature may also authorize cities, for the establishment of a uniform system of streets, to take real property within an abandoned street or highway and to sell and lease it.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 2, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 3, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.
[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FIVE

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July 1*, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article one of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FIVE

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION SEVEN OF ARTICLE ONE OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE DRAINAGE OF SWAMP OR AGRICULTURAL LANDS AND THE TAKING OF PROPERTY THEREFOR.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section seven of article one of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 7. When private property shall be taken for any public use, the compensation to be made therefor, when such compensation is not made by the state, shall be ascertained by a jury, or by the supreme court with or without a jury, but not with a referee, or by not less than three commissioners appointed by a court of record, as shall be prescribed by law. Private roads may be opened in the manner to be prescribed by law; but in every case the necessity of the road and the amount of all damage to be sustained by the opening thereof shall be first determined by a jury of freeholders, and such amount, together with the expenses of the proceeding, shall be paid by the person to be benefited. [General] *The use of property for the drainage of swamp or agricultural lands is* [illegible] may be passed permitting the owners or occupants of *swamp or* agricultural lands to construct and maintain for the drainage thereof, necessary drains, ditches and dykes upon the lands of others, under proper restrictions *on making* [and with] just compensation, *and such compensation together with the cost of such drainage may be assessed, wholly or partly, against any property benefited thereby;* but no special laws shall be enacted for such purposes.

The legislature may authorize cities to take more land and property than is needed for actual construction in the laying out, widening, extending or relocating parks, public places, highways or streets; provided, however, that the additional land and property so authorized to be taken shall be no more than sufficient to form suitable building sites abutting on such park, public place, highway or street. After so much of the land and property has been appropriated for such park, public place, highway or street as is needed therefor, the remainder may be sold or leased.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 2, 1918

This bill was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 3, 1918

This bill was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.
[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

SIX

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July 1*, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section one of article two of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SIX

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION ONE OF ARTICLE TWO OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section one of article two of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

Section 1. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for ninety days, and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, and for the last four months a resident of the county and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident, and not elsewhere, for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elective by the people, and upon all questions which may be submitted to the vote of the people, provided that in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the state, or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district; and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes [in the election districts in which they respectively reside].

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, after January first, one thousand nine hundred and twenty, no person shall become entitled to vote by attaining majority, by naturalization or otherwise, unless such person is also able, except for physical disability, to read and write English; and suitable laws shall be passed by the legislature to enforce this provision.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 8, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 9, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.
[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

SEVEN

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July 1*, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section one of article two of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVEN

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION ONE OF ARTICLE TWO OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section one of article two of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

Section 1. Every [male] citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for ninety days, and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, and for the last four months a resident of the county and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident, and not elsewhere, for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elective by the people, and upon all questions which may be submitted to the vote of the people, provided that in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the state, or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district; and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes [in the election districts in which they respectively reside].

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions after January first, one thousand nine hundred and twenty, no person shall become entitled to vote by attaining majority, by naturalization or otherwise, unless such person is also able, except for physical disability, to read and write English; and suitable laws shall be passed by the legislature to enforce this provision.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 1, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 10, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.
[L. S.]

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

EIGHT

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
ALBANY, *July 1*, 1918

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to article two of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER EIGHT

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE TWO OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO ABSENT VOTERS.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That article two of the constitution be amended by inserting therein a new section, to be section one-a, to read as follows:

§ 1-a. *The legislature may, by general law, provide a manner in which, and the time and place at which, qualified voters who may, on the occurrence of any general election, be unavoidably absent from the state or county of their residence because their duties, occupation or business require them to be elsewhere within the United States, may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election district in which they respectively reside.*

§ 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
March 25, 1918

This bill was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
ALBANY, *April 3*, 1918

This bill was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby

Be Dependent or Independent

Are you giving your brains and energy or are you selling them? If you are selling them why not advertise for the highest bidder? The Freeman's Want Adv. Department is the mart where daily transactions are made between men who traffic in ability.

Kingston Daily Freeman.

TERMS:

Per Annum in advance $6.00
Per Month ..... .50

Twelve Cents Per Week.

Entered as Second-class matter at the postoffice at Kingston, N. Y.

Published by Freeman Publishing Company, at 3-9 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y. Jay E. Klock, President; Alfred DuPlon, Secretary and Treasurer. Addresses 3-9 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y. Louise M. Klock, Vice-President, 242 Albany Avenue, Kingston, N. Y.

Member American Newspaper Publishers' Association.
Member New York Associated Dailies.
Official paper of Kingston City.
Official paper of Ulster County.

Please address all communications and make all money orders and checks payable to Freeman Publishing Company, 3-9 Broadway.

Telephone Calls:
New York Telephone—Main Office, Downtown, 1875. Uptown Office, 832.

KINGSTON, N. Y., AUGUST 10, 1918

INTERNATIONAL DRAFT LAW.

No more can the slacker away from home enjoy the protection of two flags while serving neither. The draft treaty between the United States and Great Britain, which has been ratified and immediately becomes operative, puts a resolute official hand upon the shoulder of both the Englishman sojourning in America and the American residing in England. Under the new law neither government will need to reach its arm into the country of the other in order to round up its laggards lingering abroad, and so it is expected to work to the benefit of both nations while doing no injustice to individuals. A British citizen in America between the ages of 21 and 44 will be subject to our selective service law, Irishmen and Austrialians excepted until the empire applies compulsory service to those islands. All Americans in Great Britain or Canada between the ages of 21 and 31 will be drafted under the conscription laws of Great Britain—older men coming under the treaty provisions should congress advance the draft age.

Having declined to report for duty under his home flag, the slacker residing abroad must now serve under the flag of the country of his sojourn. Of course many Americans in England and Englishmen in America have already come forward. The new arrangement merely aims to comb both countries of persistent slackers, and no doubt this just solution of the problem will put an end to unworthy careers of such dodgers.

OUR GREAT BRITISH ALLY.

The surprising announcement is made that British naval strength has grown 160 per cent during four years of war. The German effort to destroy the British navy through submarine attack is an even more complete failure than the effort to destroy the British merchant marine and starve England. The 146,000 officers and men of the British navy of four years ago have increased to 394,000, while the tonnage of the British navy, apart from the American addition to its fighting strength, has increased 4,000,000 tons or 160 per cent in spite of heavy losses. Such has been the wonderful achievement on the sea of the determined Britishers even while England and her colonies were contributing more than seven million soldiers to the war on land, half a million of whom have been slain and two million of whom are wounded or missing.

This great fact largely explains why our transport of soldiers and food has been so successful in spite of the submarine menace. We have used British carriers and armed convoys as well as our own. Less than half of our first million soldiers sent to France were carried in American ships. The figures for Great Britain's vast transport of men, horses, munitions and food over seas since the war began are almost incredible. Though mighty America's own strength has come to the rescue, it is not too much to say that only the might of Great Britain made it possible for the work of rescue to be accomplished in time.

The Democratic state platform praises President Wilson for championing the selective service act but discreetly refrains from stating the fact that Democratic leaders in Congress would not support the bill and it remained for Republican Congressmen to put it through. There is no better argument for the election of Republican Congressmen than President Wilson's experience with the selective law.

Like Charles Dickens, Rudyard Kipling and a few other Englishmen, Admiral Sims has seen fit to decline the knightly decoration offered by a British monarch. Apparently General Pershing and one or two other American commanders have accepted, no doubt regarding the royal gifts as mere souvenirs and not wishing to hurt the feelings of so amiable a gentleman as King George.

Our war costs need to be reduced to simpler figures in order to be brought within the mind's grasp, and so it has been calculated that we are spending about fifty millions a day or about two millions an hour. To this extent we have been taxed by the unspeakable world-raiding Hun.

The Kaiser wrote that he was "immensely gratified" at such devotion and sent his photograph when he learned that nine sons of a woman of Oldenburg had been killed in the war, but he has not prevented Frau Meter from begging her bread in the streets, a grim necessity brought upon her in consequence of her cruel loss.

LITTLE LAUGHS.

"Here's a writer says that many a man is a poet without knowing it." "Gee, what luck."—Boston Transcript.

"Aw, I'm making quite an impression on Miss Flutdub. But they say she's a desperaate flirt." "Is she actually going around with you?" "Aw, yes." "She must be desperate."—Kansas City Journal.

"I can remember when all this land could have been bought for a song." "Yes," replied Farmer Corntossel. "So kin I. But the climate was so bad that everybody had a sore throat an' couldn't sing."—Washington Star.

A Familiar Spirit—Medium—"Now, sir, be seated, in just a moment I will give a convulsive shudder, my voice will change, and I will go into a trance and begin to talk wildly, and possibly clutch you by the hair. You are not afraid, are you?" Dimpleton—"Afraid. Why, that's what my wife does all the time."—Life.

Little Or No Chance.

Smith, who lived in a small western town, owned a dog that could make more music than a college yell. It was at night that he particularly shone along that line. Jones, who lived next door, went without sleep as long as possible, and then rambling over to the partition fence, he told Smith that unless Fido was suppressed there was going to be a sound in the back yard like the discharge of a gun.

That night, when Jones returned home, Smith met him at the gate with a smile that glowed like the setting sun.

"Just a minute, Mr. Jones," intercepted Smith. "I thought you would be interested to know that I have disposed of that dog."

"You don't really mean it," responded Jones, visibly pleased. "Did you kill him?"

"Oh, no," was the startled rejoinder of Smith; "I traded him to Mike Johnson for a cornet."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Retreating to Victory.

An intoxicated man hailed a cab. After he had climbed in the cabby leaned over and asked, "What street do you want?"

"What streets have you?" he inquired.

"Lots of 'em," smiled the cabby, humoring him.

"Gimme 'em all," he said, waving his arm grandly.

After they had been driving for several hours the man in the cab ordered a stop.

"How much do I owe you?"

"Seven dollars and fifty cents."

"Well—you better drive back till you get to thirty-fi' shents, 'cause thashall I got."—Illinois Siren.

A Fond Dream Shattered.

A young soldier produced a small, square box from his tunic pocket.

"I have a present for you," he began. "I don't know whether it will fit your finger or not, but—"

"Oh, George!" she broke in, "this is so sudden! Why, I never dreamed—"

But just then George produced the gift—a silver thimble—and it got suddenly cooler in the room.—Pearson's Weekly.

Weak Spot in His Armor.

"Papa, when you see a mouse, aren't you afraid?"

"Certainly not."

"When you see a cow aren't you afraid?"

"No, of course not."

"And when the Cothas come, aren't you afraid?"

"No, my dear."

"Papa, aren't you really afraid of anything 'cept mamma?"—Pearson's Weekly.

TWENTY AND TEN YEARS AGO.

August 10, 1898.—Death of Dr. Warren Kemble in Saugerties.

Hiram Turner, who escaped from Albany penitentiary, captured in Shawangunk mountains by Edward Budington.

Mrs. Catherine J. Markle and William Brink of Rosendale married.

August 10, 1908.—Grand United Order of Fishermen of Galilee of the Eastern and Western Hemispheres convened here.

Mrs. Thomas McNamee died in Edgemere.

WHITFIELD.

Whitfield, Aug. 10.—Mrs. Marcena Fredenburgh and children are spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Markle.

Mrs. T. Quick is improving slowly.

Mrs. I. H. D. Lefevre of Newark, N. J., is spending a few days at the home of relatives and friends.

Mrs. James H. Enderly is improving. She suffered from rheumatism.

Mrs. John W. Enderly is ill. She is somewhat better at this writing.

Farmers are nearly through with haying. It has been a short season. Oats are considered an abundant crop. Buckwheat is looking fine.

Billy Kelly Sold.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Saratoga Springs, Aug. 10.—Billy Kelly, star two year old gelding, is today the property of Commander J. K. L. Ross of Toronto, who paid $30,000 for the horse. The gelding recently won the Flash and United States Hotel stakes.

VICTORY MENUS.

These menus, planned to conserve time, labor and money, to save the foods that are scare and use those of which there is an abundance, are Victory Menus in more senses than one. They are prepared by the Department of Home Economics of the State College of Agriculture and endorsed by the New York State Food Commission.

Sunday.

Breakfast—Whole peaches, corn flakes with top milk, wheatless toast, *soft cooked eggs, coffee.

Dinner—Roast of lamb, gravy, mashed potatoes, summer squash, *frozen custard, *wheatless wafers.

Lunch or Supper—Lettuce sandwiches, cottage cheese with pimento sandwiches, *spice cake, blackberries, *lemonade.

*May be omitted and still leave a balanced meal.

Milk for the children to drink at each meal.

With sugar so scarce, it is well to remember that we do not neel any sugar so far as our health is concerned. Our natural fooods, especially milk, fruits and succulent vegetables contain all the sugar necessary for us. Food scientists claim our health would not suffer in the least in a well-balanced diet if no added sugar were consumed. Sugar is perhaps the greatest non-essential food in which we indulge.

Spice Cake.

1½ cups barley flour, ½ cup rice flour, 4 teaspoons baking powder, ¼ teaspoon salt; 1 teaspoon cinnamon, cloves and nutmeg, ½ cup butter or other fat, ⅝ cup corn syrup, ¼ cup molasses, 2 eggs, ½ cup milk, 1 teaspoon vanilla.

Sift the dry ingredients. Cream the fat, add the sirup, molasses, beaten egg and milk. Then add the dry ingredients and the vanilla. Bake the cake in a loaf in a moderate oven.

MONDAY

Breakfast.

Stewed apricots
Cornmeal griddle cakes
*Corn sirup *Cocoa

Lunch or Supper.

Bean souffle
Tomato salad Wheatless bread
Fruit gelatin

Dinner.

Sliced left-over roast of lamb gravy
Quartered browned potatoes
Buttered beets
Maple blanc mange with cream

*May be omitted and still leave a balanced meal.

Milk for the children to drink at each meal.

Because beans save meat and there is a surplus of them in New York state we must add beans to our menus. The bean may appear in many delectable hot weather dishes such as bean souffle. Welcome it to the table as a meat-saver and a war-helper.

Bean Souffle.

1 pint hot boiled-bean pulp, 2 eggs, 1 teaspoonful onion juice, 2 tablespoonsful finely chopped parsley.

Beat the yolks of the eggs, and add to them the other ingredients. Fold in the well-beaten whites of the eggs. Heap the mixture lightly in a baking dish. Bake it in a slow oven for about twenty minutes or until it is set. Serve it immediately.

Recipes for any of the dishes in these menus which cannot be found in cook books may be had by writing to the Department of Home Economics, State College of Agriculture, Ithaca, N. Y.

CITY LIBRARY.

Report of Librarian For Month of July.

Number of volumes added:	
By purchase	35
Gifts	3
Total	38
Number of volumes in the library	10273
Circulation:	
Children's books loaned	1849
Adult books loaned	2553
Total	4402
Total for July 1917	3908
Increase from last year	414
Uptown branch	208
Daily average	169
New readers registered	66
Use of the reading rooms:	
Children	1002
Adults	786
Total	1788
Total for July 1917	1687
Reference readers	157
Gifts:	
Mrs. Aucock	1 book
Miss Cordes	6 books
Charles Freer	4 books
Miss Ellen Hasbrouck	2 books
Mrs. Hiller	5 books
Miss Ingram	17 books
E. L. Merritt	
33 books and 50 pamphlets	
Mrs. Von Munchow	1 book

MAVERICK CONCERT.

Tomorrow's Musical Program at Woodstock.

Following is the program for the Maverick concert Sunday at Woodstock:

Charles Cooper, piano.
Pierre Henrotte, violin.

I—Sonata 10, piano and violin .... —Mozart
allegro moderato
andantino sostenuto
allegro

II—Violin Solos.
En Bateau ..... Debussy
Nocturne, E flat major .. Chopin
Souvenir ..... Drdla

III—Sonata, opus 45 ..... Ed. Grieg
allegro moko ed appassionato
allegretto espessivo alla romanza
allegro animato
(Steinway Piano used.)

Exhibition of Paintings.

ALBANY HEARING

On Closing of Grade Crossings in Saugerties.

(Special to The Freeman.)

Albany, Aug. 10.—Public Service Commissioner Fennell, at 58 North Pearl street, Albany, on Tuesday at 2 p. m., will give a hearing on the petition of the New York Central Railroad for the closing of two grade and one overhead crossing in the town of Saugerties and the construction of a new piece of highway.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

Your opportunity to name the candidate for the Republican nomination for County Judge of Ulster County.

Primary Day, September 3rd, 1918,

TO VOTE FOR

HARRY H. FLEMMING

Place a cross mark X in the voting square at the left of his name.

SPORTING GOODS
For Summer Vacations
TENNIS RACQUETS, TENNIS BALLS, TENNIS COURT MARKING TAPE FOR DOUBLE COURT
Kodaks---Films and Supplies
Developing and Printing----Twenty-Four Hour Service
OFFICIAL AUTOMOBILE BLUE BOOK AND ROAD MAPS
FORSYTH & DAVIS, Inc.
307 Wall St. Phone 708

Oldest Bank in Ulster County
Original Charter Dated 1831
National Ulster County Bank
COR. WALL AND JOHN STS., KINGSTON, N. Y.
Depository of the UNITED STATES for Postal Savings Funds.
Depository of the STATE OF NEW YORK.
4% Capital $150,000.00
Surplus and Profits $100,000.00
Resources Over ... $1,400,000.00
4 PER CENT PER ANNUM
Paid on Time Interest Accounts 4%
Not Subject to Check and Remaining Three Months.
This Bank has never failed to pay an annual dividend to its stockholders in the eighty-seven years of its existence.
FREDERICK J. R. CLARKE, President.
JAMES A. BETTS, Vice-President.
CHARLES SNYDER, Cashier.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

He is happiest who hath power
To gather wisdom from every flower,
And wake his heart in every hour
To pleasant gratitude.
—Wordsworth.

WHAT TO HAVE FOR DINNER.

With the food problems of the present day, a housekeeper must not only be a good manager but a mathematician. It is necessary to have no waste, that careful preparation for each meal be made.

Surprise Biscuit.—Prepare baking powder biscuit as usual with the exception of wheat flour; substitute corn flour, potato or barley. Roll the biscuit rather thin and place a spoonful of chopped seasoned meat on one, cover with another, bake until well done and serve with a brown gravy poured over each. This makes a good main dish, which will use up leftover meats.

Add a cupful of stoned chopped dates to a loaf of bread when ready for the pan.

Cheese Salad.—Grate half a pound of cheese and mix it with a boiled salad dressing, or a mayonnaise, enough to make it creamy. Put it through a potato ricer on head lettuce and serve with bits of chopped olives for a garnish. Grated maple sugar, chopped almonds and cream make delicious sandwich filling and quite in season.

Date Tapioca.—Cook in a double boiler, stirring frequently, three tablespoonfuls of tapioca, three pints of milk and three-fourths of a cupful of maple syrup. When cool stir in a cupful of chopped dates, a teaspoonful of lemon juice, then bake in a well buttered baking dish.

East Indian Meat.—Put a pound and a half of round steak through a meat grinder, also one green pepper and onion, a cupful of bread crumbs and salt and pepper to taste. Mix well and make into a loaf. Lay in the baking pan with slices of bacon over the top, pour over a can of tomatoes and bake one and one-quarter hours. Remove the meat and thicken the sauce. Serve either hot or cold.

Nellie Maxwell

She Knew Him.

"You won't object if I go on with my knitting while we talk, will you, Mr. Boreleigh? I always think that one should keep one's mind occupied."

KEEP POSTED

Read These Advertisements Over Carefully. You May Need One or the Other Some Day.

REPAIR DIRECTORY.

Here you will find experienced mechanics in their line who make a specialty of repairing anything from a watch to an automobile.

Plumbing, repairing, steam, hot water, hot air heating, tin, slate roofing, metal ceilings, etc.
ELTING LONGYEAR
635 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

Watch, clock and jewelry repairing. Hand engraving. Eye glasses repaired.
C. V. L. PITTS & SONS
314 Wall St.

Mason's Building Material
BEAVER BOARD
SLATE SURFACED ROOFING
Richard Tappen
100 GREENKILL AVE.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Nancy Bonds, late of the town of Rosendale, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Emma Messing, the executrix of the estate of said deceased, at No. 121 Cedar street, in the city of Kingston, Ulster county, N. Y., on or before the 28th day of January, 1919.

Dated July 26, 1918.

EMMA MESSING,
Executrix.

Frederick Stephan, Jr., Attorney, 21 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

Kingston Savings Bank
471 Wall street, Kingston, N. Y.
CHARTERED 1874

OFFICERS:
MYRON TELLER, President.
GEORGE BURGEVIN, V. B. VAN WAGONER, Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES TAPPEN, Treasurer.
CHARLES H. DE LA VERGNE, Assistant Treasurer.
HARRY ENSIGN, Accountant.
JAMES A. BETTS, Counsel.

TRUSTEES:
James A. Betts, George Burgevin, Zadoc P. Boice, Levan S. Winne, Everett Fowler, D. N. Mathews, John E. Kraft, Sam Bernstein, Charles Tappen, A. D. Rose, Myron Teller, Virgil B. VanWagonen, Ervin E. Norwood.

Deposits made on or before Sept. 3, 1918, and remaining in bank until Jan. 1, 1919, will be credited with four (4) months' interest.

Interest will be paid on all sums from one dollar to three thousand dollars.

Accounts may be opened by mail for which a bank book will be forwarded on receipt of New York draft, certified check, post office or express money order.

Rooms for the convenience of ladies are a feature of the banking house.

Interest at the rate of 4 per centum was declared for six months ending June 30, 1918.

Deposits commence to draw interest from the first of each month.

Money withdrawn before January 1 and July 1 will not be entitled to interest.

THE RONDOUT Savings Bank
RONDOUT, N. Y.

OFFICERS:
J. E. DERRENBACHER ..... President
T. C. COYKENDALL .... 1st Vice-President
F. E. GRIFFITHS .... 2nd Vice-President
DAYTON MURRAY ..... Secretary
HERBERT HALL ..... Bookkeeper

TRUSTEES:
John D. Schoonmaker, F. Stephan, Jr., F. H. Griffiths, Wesley D. Hale, J. Graham Rose, E. Coykendall, John S. Thompson, A. A. Stern, T. C. Coykendall, H. H. Flemming, Nicholas Stock.

Interest credited semi-annually, January and July.

Moneys withdrawn before January 1 and July will not be entitled to interest.

Deposits commence to draw interest from the first of each month.

All deposits made on or before the 10th day of January and July draw interest from the first days of those months.

Banking hours from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.; Saturdays 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Interest will be paid on all sums from $5 to $3,000.

Interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum was declared for six months ending June 30, 1918.

ULSTER COUNTY SAVINGS INSTITUTION
280 Wall Street. Kingston, N. Y.
INCORPORATED 1851.

WM. G. SHAFER, President.
HARRY R. BRIGHAM, CHARLES S. WOOD, Vice-Presidents.
J. M. SCHAEFFER, Secretary.
JOHN B. ALLIGER, Treasurer.
JAMES J. O'CONNOR, Teller.
JOHN R. T. HALL, Bookkeeper.
PHILIP ELTING, Attorney.

TRUSTEES:
John B. Alliger, George Hutton, H. R. Brigham, G. D. B. Hasbrouck, David Burgevin, W. R. Harrison, Howard Chipp, J. M. Schaeffer, Abm. V. DeGraff, Wm. C. Shafer, Philip Elting, C. S. Wood, Ogden F. Winne.

For the six months ending June 30, 1918, interest will be credited July 1st, 1918, at 4 per cent per annum.

Interest not drawn will be added to the principal and draw interest.

Money deposited on or before Sept. 3, 1918, and remaining in bank until January 1st, 1919, will be credited with four (4) months' interest.

Women and children under age have by law the control of their own savings bank accounts.

Persons living out of the city may send money by bank draft, check, post office order or express, and deposit book will be returned by mail. ALL BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.
School Taxes.

NOTICE is hereby given that the school tax roll of the City of Kingston has been left with me for collection of the taxes therein mentioned; that FOR THIRTY DAYS every person, corporation or association may pay his, her or their tax to me between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m., except Saturdays when they may pay their tax to me between the hours of 9 a. m. and 12 noon, at the office of the city treasurer, city hall, without any additional charges; that for TWENTY DAYS succeeding TWO PER CENT FEES will be collected; that if any tax shall remain uncollected at the expiration of the time last mentioned, I shall give to the person or persons against whom such taxes remain charged, a written or printed notice, requiring said person or persons to pay such unpaid tax to me at my office WITHIN THIRTY DAYS THEREAFTER with FIVE PER CENT FEES thereon and ONE DOLLAR extra for such notice.

For the further convenience of taxpayers this office will be open Monday evenings, during the first thirty days, from 7:30 to 9 o'clock.

ADDISON D. PARDEE,
City Treasurer.

Treasurer's Office, City of Kingston, August 1, 1918.

NOTICE OF COMPLETION OF ASSESSMENT ROLL.

Notice is hereby given that the assessor of the city of Kingston has completed his assessment roll for the current year. That a copy thereof has been left at his office in the city hall where it may be seen and examined by any person until the THIRD TUESDAY OF AUGUST NEXT. And that on such day at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, said assessor will attend at the city hall, in the said city, to hear and examine all complaints in relation to such assessments on the application of any person conceiving himself aggrieved thereby.

MORRIS BLOCK,
Assessor.

Dated this First Day of August, 1918.

Established 1894
C. D. HALSEY & CO.
Members of New York Stock Exchange, Mills Building, New York City
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
BRANCH OFFICE
262 FAIR ST., KINGSTON, N. Y.
GEO. G. BROOKS, Resident Manager.

City Comforts are chiefly running water. That's something you can have. One of our Leader Water Systems will give you bathroom luxury, kitchen and laundry comfort, and a fire protection with a water pressure equalling that of a small city.
You can have running water in stable, garden and field. The cost will be lower perhaps than you think. Let us give you an estimate on your needs.
Hand, gasoline or electric driven.
L. F. Bannon
16 to 18 HASBROUCK Ave.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE RAILROAD

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 30, 1918.

Trains are due to leave this city as follows:
Kingston Point, †2:20 p. m.
Rondout Sta., †6:25, s7:00 a. m.
Union Sta., †7:00, s7:30 a. m.; *1.53, †2:45, †4:00, x6:40 p. m.

Trains are due to arrive as follows:
Union Sta., †11:35 a. m.; †2:25, *5:13, †7:16, †7:25, s8:45 p. m.
Rondout Sta., †11:55 a. m.; †7:33, †7:45 p. m.
Kingston Point, †12:00 noon.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. s Sunday only. x Friday only.

Rhinecliff Ferryboat Time Table.

Leaves Kingston 6:30, 7:40 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11.05, 11:50; a. m. 12;30, 1:30, 2:05, 2:45, 3:20, 4:90, 4:40, 5:30, 6:25 p. m.

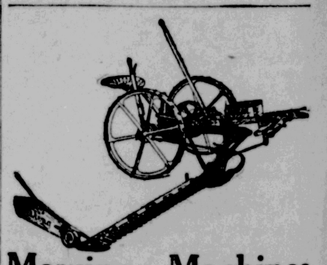
Leaves Rhinecliff 7:15, 8:10, 9:25, 10;00, 10:45, 11:25 a. m.; 12:10, 12:50, 1:45, 2:25, 3:00, 3;40, 4:25 5:10, 6;00, 6:55 p. m.

On May 30, July 4 and September 2, the ferry will make the following extra trips:

Leave Kingston 7:30, 8:30, 9:00 p. m.

Leave Rhinecliff, 7:50, 8;40, 9:38 p. m.

L. F. BANNON
Plumbing, Heating & Contracting Company
16 and 18 HASBROUCK AVENUE
Plumbing Fixtures, Heating and Roofing Supplies, Pipe Fittings, Valves, Leaders, Gutters, etc., at wholesale prices.
First class mechanics to install same if desired.



Mowing Machines
Horse Rakes
Hay Carriers
Tedders
Sprayers
Pumps
Cream Separators
Churns
Milk Cans
Hose
Drain Tile
Stoves
Engines
CANFIELD SUPPLY CO.
Wholesale Dealers in Supplies for Plumbers, Tinners, Heating, Engineers and Farm Machinery.
Kingston, N. Y.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Steamers "Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," Robert Fulton," and "Albany."
Daily Including Sunday.
Subject to change without notice.
Down steamer leaves Kingston Point 12:25 P. M. Arrives New York, W. 129th St., 5:20 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 5:45 P. M.; Desbrosses St., 6:20 P. M.
Also Sundays only (June 30 to Aug. 25, inc.), leaves Kingston Point at 4:15 P. M. Arrives New York, W. 129th St., 9:15 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 9:35 P. M.
Up steamer leaves New York, Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42nd St., 9:00; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Arrives Kingston Point at 2:10 P. M.
Also Saturdays only (June 29 to Aug. 31), Leaves New York, Desbrosses St., 2 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 2:20; W. 129th St., 2:40 P. M. Arrives Kingston Point at 7:50 P. M.
Music. Restaurant. Lunch Room.

ADVERTISERS ESTIMATE THE VALUE BY THT CIRCULATION,
And The Freeman has a circulation double that of all other Kingston dailies combined.

STATEMENT OF FRENCH WAR OFFICE

Capture of Montdidier Seems Near—Franco-British Success Continues—Paris Press Says 21,000 Germans Taken.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Paris, August 10—Montdidier has been "pocketed" by the French, according to the communique issued by the war office today which chiefly stated a further advance and the capture of several more villages.

Gains were made by the French both north and south of Montdidier. North of Montdidier the French captured Davenscourt.

To the south of Montdidier the French conquered Rubescourt and Assainvillers, reaching Faveroles, over two miles east of Montdidier.

The text of the communique follows:

"French troops operating with British forces (in Picardy) continued their success during Friday evening and last night.

"The French made progress east of Arvilers and captured Davenscourt. (Davenscourt is about three miles north of Montdidier.)

"Attacking south of Montdidier, between Aiencourt and Le Fretoy they (the French) have conquered Rueblescourt and Assainvillers and have reached Favoreles."

Paris, August 10—(10:30 a. m.)—More than 21,000 Germans have been captured in the Anglo-French offensive, dispatches to French newspapers stated today. (The British war office officially announced the capture of over 24,000 Germans today.)

The British and the French attack is progressing in the most satisfactory way, although German reaction is expected today.

ODDS AND ENDS.

First Baptist Church, Albany avenue, Rev. A. S. Cole, pastor—Preaching Sunday at 10:30 a. m. by the Rev. E. R. James. The First Presbyterian Church of Elmendorf street uniting in this service. Bible school at noon. No evening service.

COLLISION ON BROADWAY.

Mr. MacFadden's Automobile is Struck by Trolley Car.

The Hudson super six car of E. F. MacFadden, of the L. B. Van Wagenen Company, was considerably damaged ealy Friday evening on Broadway, near St. James street, when it was struck by a trolley car. Mr. MacFadden was not injured. In turning into Broadway from St. James street the narrowness of St. James street caused him to run the car against the opposite curb. He held up his hand, so he claims, for the motoman to stop the trolley, but the trolley came right on.

THE JOINERS.

News of Interest to Members of Fraternal Societies.

Major Thomas Cornell Lodge, No. 765, B. of L. F. and E., will meet Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in Measter's Hall, 635 Broadway.

Chicago Grain Market.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Chicago, August 10—Corn closed 2¼ to 2½ cents lower today and oats were ½ to 1¾ cents lower.

Closing Prices.

Corn—August 156¾; September 158⅞ to 159⅛; October 160¼ to 160⅛.

Oats—August 67⅞; September 68⅛ to 68⅜; October 69¼ to 69⅜.

Cash Grain.

Corn—No. 2 white 160; No. 2 yellow 185; No. 3 yellow 178; No. 4 yellow 165 @ 166; No. 6 yellow 160 @ 162; No. 3 mixed 150; No. 4 mixed 165 @ 170.

Oats—No. 2 mixed 65; No. 2 white 68 @ 68¾; No. 3 white 67½ @ 69; standard 67¾ @ 69.

Timothy 600 @ 900.

Morris Miller Arrested.

Morris Miller, the downtown taxi driver, was arrested this morning by Sergeant Hanley on a warrant charging Miller with assault in the third degree on complaint of Isidor Meyer, a young boy. The boy claims he was calling out for another taxi driver at the Rhinebeck ferry shed Friday and that Miller threw him down and injured his arm. This morning the boy carried his arm in a bandage. Miller was arraigned before Judge Schirick and entered a plea of not guilty and gave bail for his appearance in police court Monday to which time the hearing was adjourned.

S. Scharfeld Resigns Position.

Samuel Scharfeld, for the past nine years fitter in the coat and suit department of the L. B. Van Wagenen Company on Wall street, has resigned his position and is now connected with the W. S. Addis Company, Inc., at Syracuse, N. Y. Mr. Addis of the firm of W. S. Addis Company was a former manager of the L. B. Van Wagenen Company. Mr. Scharfeld is spending the week end at his home in this city and expects to move his family to Syracuse about August 26.

Lunch-time is Toastie time for me —says Bobby

POST TOASTIES

Choicest Of Corn Foods

WAR TO BE MADE ON ENEMY ALIENS

After Liberty Loan Campaign W. S. S. Army to Make Strong Appeal to Alien Who Pays No Taxes and Refuses to Buy Stamps.

The War Savings Army is beginning a campaign against alien enemies who lay back and are doing nothing to help win the war.

State Director William J. Tully has sent out a circular in which he prompts all commanders of county divisions to communicate to him their opinions as to the best way of carrying on the enemy alien campaign.

He places before them the plan that is being adopted in Connecticut which in no way interferes with the government handling of the undesirables.

The renewed activity in the war savings stamp drive that began some weeks ago and was simply checked but not closed, will be resumed as actively as ever after the close of the next Liberty Bond drive which comes on in September.

The Connecticut plan it is proposed to enforce in this state, is to communicate with every foreign born resident, who is not a citizen personally advising them to do something to help carry on the war.

"You are in no way contributing to the support of these benefits," it says to them, "which you have appeared to value far more highly than your allegiance to that country which you now give as an excuse for not supporting our cause."

"We advise, therefore," it farther adds, "that in lieu of taxes or other forms of contribution and that as a minimum expression of your desire to enjoy our privileges that you invest not less than ten per cent of your income in war savings certificates or in some other obligation to the United States government."

SOCIETY NOTES.

Ladies Auxiliary, A. O. H., Division No. 4, met at the home of the president, Catherine Broaders, and held an interesting meeting. The members decided to buy a Liberty bond for their sister member, Julia Joyce, who is in the Red Cross Service in France. After a social hour dainty refreshments were served and the guests departed declaring their hostess a royal entertainer.

A most enjoyable evening was spent Thursday when Miss Anna Roth of Brooklyn gave a garden party at "Anns Arbor" in Port Ewen. The sensation of the evening was when Miss Viola Grimes gave an exhibition toe dance. She is a star pupil of Mme. Anna Pavlowa. Those present were the Misses V. Grimes, S. Grimes, S. Kenny, H. Eigo, A. Barton, A. Corbett, A. McDonald, M. Tucker, A. Gibbons, M. Dempsey, A. Roth, and Messrs. T. Grimes, J. Hines, J. Barton, W. Hamburg, D. Gibbons, J. Eigo, H. Corbett, J. Riley, J. Flynn, H. Roth, W. Kelley, Mr. and Mrs. A. Roth, Mrs. F. Grimes, Mrs. A. Quigley, Mrs. M. Gibbons, Miss E. Gibbons. Music was furnished by Jeorme Barrett, ukelele; Bob Risely, guitar. The garden was illuminated by Japanese lanterns.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. DuBois at 145 Elmendorf street was the scene of a large and very happy gathering on Thursday evening when a number of friends and relatives of Harold E. Ostrander attended the celebration of his 18th birthday, given by his sister, Mrs. DuBois. In the course of the evening a delightful luncheon was served, followed by a very pleasant entertainment, atfer which the guests departed for their homes, voting Mr. and Mrs. DuBois royal entertainers and wishing Mr. Ostrander many more happy birthdays. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Ostrander, Clarence E. Ostranrer, the Misses Leslie and Paula Mosher and Miss Mildred Ostrander of West Hurley, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Ostrander and son, Norwood, Mrs. C. N. Davis, Jesse Ostrander, Master Theron E. DuBois and Miss Marion A. DuBois of this city. Mr. Ostrander is an employe of the Cornell Steamboat Company of this city and a former resident of West Hurley, and his many friends extend their very best wishes for each following birthday to be as pleasant as the one just past.

A Birthday Surpise Party.

A birthday surprise party was tendered Miss Hattie Sass at the home of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Kubicek, of 79 Chambers street, on Thursday evening, when a crowd of her friends gathered at the house. The evening was spent in playing games and also Victrola music was furnished. Those present were the Misses Hattie Sass, Anna Gill, Anna August, Frances Stopki, Lucy Satern, Nellie Simpson, Bessie Stegic, Marie Sass and Lillian Bernard and Kenneth Hornbeck, Perry Ellsworth, Ernest Boss, Joseph Lucas, Stephen Setera, Francis McDonough, William Joy, William Houghtaling and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kubicek. The guests departed in the wee hours of the morning wishing Miss Hattie many more happy birthdays and assuring her to be a royal entertainer.

Rehearsals For Pageant.

The rehearsals for the big pageant "Over Here" to be given by the playground children will start Monday under the direction of Miss Alice Perinchief, who wrote and arranged the pageant. The schedule at the various play centers was printed in full in The Freeman earlier in the week. Monday morning Miss Perinchief will be at School No. 3 at 10:45 o'clock, at City Hall Park at 2:15 that afternoon, and at School No. 5 at 3 o'clock, and McVey's Field at 4 o'clock.

Margaretville Handle Factory.

The Margaretville tool handle factory has been rebuilt and begins operation. About 15 men will be employed.

MONTDIDER HAS BEEN CAPTURED

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Paris, Aug. 10 (3:15 p. m.)—Montdidier, the German base on the Picardy front, has been captured by the Allied forces, it was learned here this afternoon.

Earlier dispatches from London to the International News Service had reported that the Allied troops had entered Montdidier.

TO GIVE SOLDIERS A FREE RIDE

Troy Automobile Owners Start a Campaign that Other Cities Ought to Follow—Give the Boys a Lift.

According to an announcement made by Frank M. Baucus, president of the Troy Automobile Club and of the New York State Automobile Association, Troy motorists will place red hearts on the windshields of their automobiles to indicate to soldiers in uniform that they are welcome to ride in them as far as they go, without cost.

The hearts are being printed by the Troy Automobile Club and afe large enough to be seen for a considerable distance. "Have a Heart" is printed on one side and underneath it is the inscription, "When out for a pleasure ride ask some soldier boy to ride with you." The inscription is followed by the signature of the club.

On the reverse side is printed, "Quite often you have an extra seat in your car, do not forget the soldier boy. He is good company, and besides you have the privilege of burning gasoline when working for Uncle Sam."

This seems like a practical idea that could also be worked out in Kingston. Nothing ought to be too good for our boys who are fighting our battles for us, and motorists ought to be glad to give a soldier a ride whenever the opportunity arises.

Give our soldier boys a ride in your car whenever you can.

ABOUT THE FOLKS.

Miss Sophie Schmidtkonz is spending her vacation at Atlantic City, N. J.

Elizabeth Hall of Newark, N. J., who has been visiting friends in Kingston, has returned home.

Claude Avery of the Kingston Club has returned from a two weeks' visit to relatives at Bridgeport, Conn.

Dr. J. B. Washburne of Delmar, N. Y., is visiting his sister, Mrs. E. W. Hathaway, at Wayburnell Farm.

Miss Helen Adela Albright of 169 Murray street is spending her vacation with relatives in Schenectady, N. Y.

Carl Roosa was removed from the steamer Odell to the Benedictine Sanitarium in the city ambulance this morning.

The Misses Violet and Marguerite Hatch are spending a week at Lake Mohonk as the guest of their aunt, Mrs. Fred Rice.

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Atkins and daughter, Helen, of Main street are on an auto trip through the Adirondack Mountains.

Mrs. K. Van Buren and son, Albert, and daughter, Katherine, are spending their vacation at Niagara Falls and Buffalo.

Judge James A. Betts and Mrs. Betts will leave for Lake Placid in the Adirondacks next week for a stay at Lake Placid Inn.

John B. Gallagher of New York is spending a few days in Kingston visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gallagher, on Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Van Steenbergh and children of St. James street left today for Asbury Park, N. J., on a three weeks' vacation.

Miss Loretta Gallagher of No. 65 West Union street, is spending her vacation with relatives in Brooklyn. She will also visit her brother, James, at Camp Dix.

Miss Alice E. Leahy of Park Slope, Brooklyn, who has been visiting her aunts, Margaret and Anna Fallon, of Connelly, has returned home.

John Flick, of Broadway and Newkirk avenue, underwent an operation for hernia on Friday at the Benedictine Sanitarium. The operation was performed by Drs. Larkin and Bongartz.

Jesse Relyea, of 114 Downs street, is attending the convention of the Retail Grocers' Association of the State of New York in the interest of the Horton-Cato Co., of Detroit, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Houghtaling of New York are guests of Mr. Houghtaling's sister, Mrs. Ida Brower, on Lucas avenue. Mr. Houghtaling has been connected for 39 years with the Interborough Railways, holding a most responsible position.

S. M. Webber of Jersey City, N. J., is spending the week end in this city with his wife and sister, Mrs. Phil Miller, Maple Lane. Mr. Webber will leave Monday for Napanoch, where he will be re-examined for the draft.

Mrs. Walter Hungerford of 157 Pine street has returned from spending a week with her mother in Weehawken, N. J. While on her vacation she visited her husband at Camp Dix, N. J., who is now one of Uncle Sam's soldier boys. He is in the best of health and enjoys camp life very much. Mrs. Hungerford brought her little sister, Lillian White, back with her for a couple weeks.

CORONER TO PROBE COXSACKIE DEATH

Laboratory to Determine Kind of Poison That Killed Emil Gerstenberg.

An inquest into the death of Emil J. Gerstenberg, who died Thursday, August 8, on his farm near Coxsackie, under mysterious circumstances, after drinking a bottle of root beer, will be held by Dr. I. E. Van Hoesen, coroner for Greene county, on Monday. Coroner Van Hoesen said last night that Gerstenberg's death was undoubtedly due to poisoning, the nature of which he did not know, under circumstances that seemed to him suspicious.

Mrs. Gertrude Gerstenberg, who separated from her husband about eight weeks ago, told of happenings around the home, saying that since she had left her husband that she had noticed the children were sickly while on the farm; that she herself was twice shot at by a mysterious assailant seven weeks before she finally left, and that insurance papers to which the children were entitled, as well as a note which she had signed, were missing from her husband's possessions, and that when she tried to establish herself in her husband's home, and look after her children on Thursday, the Gerstenberg brothers said that there was no room for her children or her on the farm.

That she had received a letter in red ink commanding her to leave Coxsackie and when she failed to comply with the demand two shots were fired at her, and she left him because she was afraid of her life. She owned a half interest in the farm and sold it to her husband for $210 cash and a note for $90.

Her story of the shooting affray was substantiated by District Attorney Curtis, who said that for two weeks the authorities looked for the assailant without result.

DRAWING FOR PLACES.

Contesting Candidates Will Meet Here Wednesday.

Candidates who have contests and their respective committees to fill vacancies will meet Wednesday at the offices of the Ulster county election commissioners in the Farm Bureau building, corner of John and Crown streets, to draw for positions on the primary ballot. It will be necessary for all candidatea and their committees to be present in cases where there are contests. There are two contests in Ulster county for Republican nominations. One for county judge and one for county committeeman in the town of Marlborough.

ELEVATOR USED OFTEN.

One of the Fair Sex is Running Elevator in Van Wagenen's Store.

"What floor, please," is the question asked in a pleasant feminine voice of those who use the elevator at Van Wagenen's store on Wall street. Incidentally, the elevator is being used more than ever, especially by the members of the masculine gender. There's a reason. Miss Jennie Stephenson of Port Ewen is running the elevator. She is pleasant and courteous, and is doing her work in an efficient manner. She wears a natty khaki uniform.

TROOPS WENT AHEAD LAUGHING

Thrilling Picture of an Eye Witness as Demoralized Germans Were Rounded Up or Killed By British and Canadians.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

With the British Army in France, Aug. 10.—French forces advanced from one to four miles on the second day of the counter offensive along a twelve mile front east and southeast of Amiens and the drive has developed one of the biggest actions of the whole war.

The advance is still in progress.

The total of 17,000 prisoners, including 6,000 officers, has been swelled to over 20,000.

(The British war office today announced the capture of more than 24,000 Germans.)

The capture late yesterday and early today included immense supplies of war materials.

An enemy troop train, loaded with German reinforcements was captured. The fighting was brisk yesterday.

The Canadians have met with brilliant success and Canadian infantry has penetrated the enemy lines for 12 miles.

The "kick off" as one British officer described the get away on Thursday, the British have exceeded all of their objectives.

British and French commanders express the utmost satisfaction over the situation. South of the line the French are making good progress.

At present the line runs through the district east of Meharicourt to Proyart, Raincourt, Warvillers, Bufort, Folie, Ranges and east of Piercepont.

Along the whole front the Germans have been trying to rally from Thursday's rout.

Although compelled to continue their retreat the Germans gave stiffer resistance. British airmen are harassing the retreating Germans by bombing the roads and some observers reported much confusion in the retreating German ranks at some points.

The streets of the villages were littered with debris and dead Germans and the carcasses of horses.

There were German signs everywhere, one announcing in large letters the location of a "booty camp" where the British recovered much material taken from them in the March drive. The materials included ammunition and railway stock.

There is despatch, efficiency, confidence and effective organization everywhere back of the British lines and the effect of the brilliant success is reflected in the faces of the soldiers.

The troops went forward with a laugh and occupied the enemy's trenches and dugouts.

Two German great guns were among the 200 cannon captured by the British. One had been snapped midway by the direct hit of a British shell.

A Playful Pup.

One little pup was the cause of much amusement and still more embarrassment Friday evening on Wall street. The pup was having the time of his young life playfully chewing and yanking the skirts of passing women. The pup continued this pastime until one heavily built woman, with a well directed kick, sent him up on an aerial flight. When the pup dropped back on earth all of his playful spirits had vanished.

Reckless Driving.

Practically every day at John and Wall streets there are many narrow escapes from collisions, due to the reckless driving of chauffeurs. Friday afternoon three children crossing the street were almost run down by a car that turned into Wall street at a reckless pace, and without any warning. It has been suggested that it would be a good idea to have a traffic policeman stationed at this corner.

Shipworkers' First Aid Class.

The class in First Aid Help composed of men from the Kingston Shipbuilding Corporation will be held on Monday evening, August 12, in the basement of the Kingston City Library at 8 o'clock instead of 7:30 p. m., as formerly. The class is making rapid progress under the efficient instruction of Dr. Mark O'Meara.

Catskill Boy Rescued From Drowning

Robert, the five year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Cimorelli, was rescued from drowning in the Catskill creek Thursday afternoon by Frank E. Warner, eleven years old. Cimorelli went down for the third time and Warner dived and found him lying on his back on the bottom of the creek.

MATTERS BEFORE THE SURROGATE

Letters of administration were granted by Surrogate Gill today on the estate of Katie Mayer, late of the town of Denning, to William Rudolph, a brother of the testratrix. The value of the estate is given as $1,600 personal. There is no real estate. The petitioner was represented by Raymond G. Cox.

Injured on Boat Yard.

Charles Bouchard, while at work Friday afternoon on the Rafferty & Feeney boatyard on the Strand, was injured when some timber fell on him. He sustained a bad scalp wound and was removed to his home, No. 180 Delaware avenue, by Dr. John F. Larkin, who attended him.

Exact Optometry

You take no chances—you get an exact correction of your eye trouble here. Latest model equipment and down-to-date ability at your service, together with the lowest charges.

S. STERN
Established 1860
Optometrist and Manufacturing Optician
42 Broadway, Kingston, Rondout

Bathing! Bathing! Bathing!

BATH BEACH, KINGSTON POINT

Good Water All Afternoon Saturday and Sunday

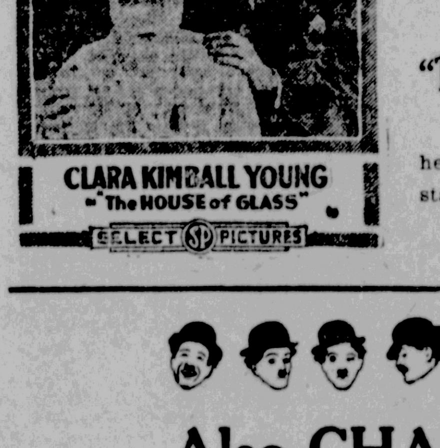
FULL FLOOD TIDE 4:15 P. M. SATURDAY. 5 P.M. SUNDAY

BATHING SUITS FOR HIRE

OPERA HOUSE — "To Hell With the Kaiser" — AUDITORIUM

15c TO-NIGHT 10c

7:15 and 9:00 MATINEE DAILY, 2:30 7:15 and 9:00



OPERA HOUSE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 10th.

THE SCREEN FAVORITE SUPREME

Clara Kimball Young

— in —

"THE HOUSE OF GLASS"

The story of a girl who hid her record, Max Marcin's great stage success.

ADMISSION 15 CENTS.

AUDITORIUM SATURDAY, AUGUST 10th.

An Interrupted Honeymoon—A Bride's Dilemma.

WILLIAM FOX

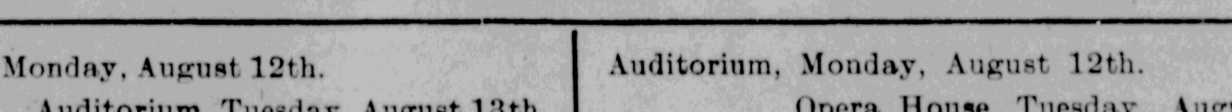
Presents

Jewel Carmen

—IN—

"CONFESSION"

ADMISSION 10 CENTS.



Also CHARLIE CHAPLIN in "THE CURE."

Opera House, Monday, August 12th.
Auditorium, Tuesday, August 13th

WALLACE REID and KATHLYN WILLIAMS

— IN —

The Thing We Love Over Here

the war is being fought as bitterly if not as noisily as "over there." ¶ See this picture of intrigue, plots and duplicity, with a vein of red-blooded American love running through it all. Don't miss it.

NO WAR SCENES

Auditorium, Monday, August 12th.
Opera House, Tuesday, August 13th

GOLDWYN Presents

MABEL NORMAND

—IN—

"Back to the Woods"

An adventure in an elevator that led to a romance in the mountains.

certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the [L. S.] city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

NINE

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section four of article two of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER NINE

Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly Proposing an Amendment to Section Four of Article Two of the Constitution, in Relation to the Enactment of Election and Registration Laws.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section four of article two of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 4. Laws shall be made for *the regulation of elections and for* ascertaining[,] by proper proofs[,] the [citizens] *electors* who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage hereby established[,] and for [the] *their annual* registration [of voters;], which [registration] shall be completed at least [ten] *fifteen* days before each *general* election. Such registration shall not be required for town and village election except by express provision of law. In cities and villages having five thousand inhabitants or more, according to the last preceding state enumeration of inhabitants, [voters] *electors* shall be registered upon personal application only. *But the legislature may provide for the special registration upon such application not more than three months before the date of election, of such electors as shall then show under oath that they will necessarily be absent from the county during each of the regular days of registration on account of their occupation.* [; but voters] *Electors* not residing in such cities or villages shall not be required to apply in person for registration at the first meeting of the officers having charge of the registry of [voters] *electors.*

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 9, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 10, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State. } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the [L. S.] city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

TEN

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section six of article three of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TEN

Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly Proposing an Amendment to Section Six of Article Three of the Constitution, in Relation to the Salary and Traveling Expenses of Members of the Legislature and the Speaker of the Assembly.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section six of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 6. Each member of the [legislature] *senate* shall receive for his services an annual salary of [one] *three* thousand *five hundred* dollars. *Each member of the assembly, except the speaker thereof, shall receive for his services an annual salary of three thousand dollars. The speaker of the assembly shall receive for his services an annual salary of five thousand dollars.* [The members of either house shall also receive the sum of one dollar for every ten miles they shall travel in going to and returning from their place of meeting, once in each session, on the most usual route.] Senators, when the senate alone is convened in extraordinary session, or when serving as members of the court for the trial of impeachments, and such members of the assembly, not exceeding nine in number, as shall be appointed managers of an impeachment, shall receive an additional allowance of ten dollars a day.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 4, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 9, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State. } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the [L. S.] city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

ELEVEN

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section eighteen of article three of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER ELEVEN

Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly Proposing an Amendment to Section Eighteen of Article Three of the Constitution, in Relation to Private and Local Bills.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section eighteen of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 18. The legislature shall not pass a private or local bill in any of the following cases:

Changing the names of persons.

Laying out, opening, altering, working or discontinuing roads, highways, or alleys or for draining swamps or other low lands.

Locating or changing county seats.

Providing for changes of venue in civil or criminal cases.

Incorporating villages.

Providing for election of members of boards of supervisors.

Selecting, drawing, summoning or empaneling grand or petit jurors.

Regulating the rate of interest on money.

The opening and conducting of elections or designating places of voting.

Creating, increasing or decreasing fees, percentage, or allowances of public officers, during the term for which said officers are elected or appointed.

Granting to any corporation, association, or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks.

Granting to any private corporation, association or individual any exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.

Granting to any person, association, firm or corporation an exemption from taxation on real or personal property.

Providing for building bridges, and chartering companies for such purposes, except on the Hudson river below Waterford, and on the East river, or over the waters forming a part of the boundaries of the state.

Legalizing, ratifying or confirming the proceedings of a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state, or the officers or authorities thereof, in providing for the issuance and sale of the bonds or other evidence of indebtedness of such municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state, or validating such bonds or other evidences of indebtedness after their issuance and sale.

The legislature shall pass general laws providing for the cases enumerated in this section, and for all other cases which in its judgment may be provided for by general laws. But no law shall authorize the construction or operation of a street railroad except upon the condition that the consent of the owners of one-half in value of the property bounded on, and the consent also of the local authorities having the control of, that portion of a street or highway upon which it is proposed to construct or operate such railroad be first obtained, or in case the consent of such property owners cannot be obtained, the appellate division of the supreme court, in the department in which it is proposed to be constructed, may, upon application, appoint three commissioners who shall determine, after a hearing of all parties interested, whether such railroad ought to be constructed or operated, and their determination, confirmed by the court, may be taken in lieu of the consent of the property owners.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 9, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 10, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State. } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the [L. S.] city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

TWELVE

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section eighteen of article three of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of the senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TWELVE

Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly Proposing an Amendment to Section Eighteen of Article Three of the Constitution, Relating to Private and Local Bills.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That section eighteen of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 18. The legislature shall not pass a private or local bill in any of the following cases:

Changing the names of persons.

Laying out, opening, altering, working or discontinuing roads, highways or alleys, or for draining swamps or other low lands.

Granting any state lands; or any interest therein.

Locating or changing county seats.

Providing for changes of venue in civil or criminal cases.

Incorporating villages.

Providing for election of members of boards of supervisors.

Selecting, drawing, summoning or empaneling grand or petit jurors.

Regulating the rate of interest on money.

The opening and conducting of elections or designating places of voting.

Creating, increasing or decreasing fees, percentage or allowances of public officers, during the term for which said officers are elected or appointed.

Granting to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks.

Granting to any private corporation, association or individual any exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.

Granting to any person, association, firm or corporation, an exemption from taxation on real or personal property.

Providing for building bridges, and chartering companies for such purposes, except on the Hudson river below Waterford, and on the East river, or over the waters forming a part of the boundaries of the state.

Legalizing, ratifying or confirming the proceedings of a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state, or the officers or authorities thereof, in providing for the issuance and sale of the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of such municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state, or validating such bonds or other evidences of indebtedness after their issuance and sale.

The legislature shall pass general laws providing for the cases enumerated in this section, and for all other cases which in its judgment may be provided for by general laws. But no law shall authorize the construction or operation of a street railroad except upon the condition that the consent of the owners of one-half in value of the property bounded on, and the consent also of the local authorities having the control of, that portion of a street or highway upon which it is proposed to construct or operate such railroad be first obtained, or in case the consent of such property owners cannot be obtained, the appellate division of the supreme court, in the department in which it is proposed to be constructed, may, upon application, appoint three commissioners who shall determine, after a hearing of all parties interested, whether such railroad ought to be constructed or operated, and their determination, confirmed by the court, may be taken in lieu of the consent of the property owners.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity to section one, article fourteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 11, 1918.

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 13, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State. } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the [L. S.] city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

THIRTEEN

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK.
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section one of article twelve and sections twenty-six and twenty-seven of article three of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER THIRTEEN

Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly Proposing an Amendment to Section One of Article Twelve and Sections Twenty-six and Twenty-seven of Article Three of the Constitution to Enable the Legislature to Give Greater Control Over Local Affairs to Cities and Counties.

Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section one of article twelve of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

Section 1. It shall be the duty of the legislature to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages and to restrict their power of taxation, assessments, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and in contracting debt by such municipal corporations. [; and] *The legislature may by general laws confer upon cities such powers of local legislation and administration as the legislature may from time to time deem expedient.* [the] *The* legislature may regulate and fix the wages or salaries, the hours of work or labor, and make provision for the protection, welfare and safety of persons employed by the state or by any county, city, town, village or other civil division of the state, or by any contractor or subcontractor performing work, labor or services for the state, or for any county, city, town, village or other civil division thereof. *City bills shall apply equally to all the cities of a class as defined in section two of article twelve and no special city bill affecting less than all the cities of a class shall be passed except to secure the public safety or in a case where it affects territory without the corporate limits of the city.*

Resolved further (if the Assembly concur), That sections twenty-six and twenty-seven of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 26. There shall be in each county, except in a county wholly included in a city, a board of supervisors, to be composed of such members and elected in such manner and for such period as is or may be provided by law. *But the legislature may provide by law for another form of government for any county subject to the approval of the electors of such county at a general election in an odd-numbered year. Such law may also provide for the transfer to the county of functions now exercised by towns.* In a city which includes an entire county, or two or more entire counties, the powers and duties of a board of supervisors may be devolved upon the municipal assembly, common council, board of aldermen or other legislative body of the city.

§ 27. The legislature shall, by general laws, confer upon the boards of supervisors, *or other governing elective bodies,* of the several counties of the state such further powers of local legislation and administration as the legislature may, from time to time, deem expedient, [, and i]*I*n counties which now have, or may hereafter have, county auditors or other fiscal officers, authorized to audit bills, accounts, charges, claims or demands against the county, the legislature may confer such powers upon [said] *such* auditors, or fiscal officers, as the legislature may, from time to time, deem expedient.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendments be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 18, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate.
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 8, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State. } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the [L. S.] city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FOURTEEN

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK.
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section nine of article five of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FOURTEEN

Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly Proposing an Amendment to Section Nine of Article Five of the Constitution, in Relation to Preferences, in Employment and Promotion, of Soldiers, Sailors and Marines.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section nine of article five of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 9. Appointments and promotions in the civil service of the state, and of all the civil divisions thereof, including cities and villages, shall be made according to merit and fitness to be ascertained, so far as practicable, by examinations, which, so far as practicable, shall be competitive; provided, however, that honorably discharged soldiers, [and] sailors [from] *and marines who have served as such in the army,* [and] navy *or marine corps of* the United States in the [late civil] *time of* war, and who are citizens and residents of this state, shall be entitled to preference in appointment and promotion *over all others* without regard to their standing on any list from which such appointment or promotion may be made, *in the following order:*

1. All honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served as such in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States during the civil war;

2. All honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served as such in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States during the war with Spain or the insurrection in the Philippine islands prior to July fourth, nineteen hundred and two, who were residents of this state at the time of enlistment.

Laws shall be made to provide for the enforcement of this section.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 30, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate.
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 9, 1917

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State. } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at [L. S.] the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

FIFTEEN

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article six of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FIFTEEN

Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly Proposing an Amendment to Article Six of the Constitution, in Relation to Compensation of Judges of the Court of Appeals.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section seven of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 7. The court of appeals is continued. It shall consist of the chief judge and associate judges now in office, who shall hold their offices until the expiration of their respective terms, and their successors, who shall be chosen by the electors of the state. The official terms of the chief judge and associate judges shall be fourteen years from and including the first day of January next after their election. Five members of the court shall form a quorum, and the concurrence of four shall be necessary to a decision. The court shall have power to appoint and to remove its reporter, clerk and attendants. Whenever and as often as a majority of the judges of the court of appeals shall certify to the governor that said court is unable, by reason of the accumulation of causes pending therein, to hear and dispose of the same with reasonable speed, the governor shall designate not more than four justices of the supreme court to serve as associate judges of the court of appeals. The justices so designated shall be relieved from their duties as justices of the supreme court and shall serve as associate judges of the court of appeals until the causes undisposed of in said court are reduced to two hundred, when they shall return to the supreme court. The governor may designate justices of the supreme court to fill vacancies. No justice shall serve as associate judge of the court of appeals except while holding the office of justice of the supreme court, and no more than seven judges shall sit in any case. *The judges of the court of appeals, including those now in office, shall receive for their services a compensation established by law which shall not be diminished during their official terms and shall not be less than the highest compensation allowed by law to any other judicial officer in the state. A justice of the supreme court while serving as associate judge of the court of appeals shall receive the same compensation as judges of the court of appeals.*

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 5, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 9, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at [L. S.] the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

SIXTEEN

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section eighteen of article six of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SIXTEEN

Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly Proposing an Amendment to Section Eighteen of Article Six of the Constitution, in Relation to Children's Courts and Courts of Domestic Relations.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section eighteen of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 18. Inferior local courts of civil and criminal jurisdiction may be established by the legislature, but no inferior local court hereafter created shall be a court of record. [The] *Except as herein provided the* legislature shall not hereafter confer upon any inferior or local court of its creation, any equity jurisdiction or any greater jurisdiction in other respects than is conferred upon county courts by or under this article. *The legislature may establish children's courts, and courts of domestic relations, as separate courts, or as parts of existing courts or courts hereafter to be created, and may confer upon them such equity and other jurisdiction as may be necessary for the correction, protection, guardianship and disposition of delinquent, neglected or dependent minors, and for the punishment and correction of adults responsible for or contributing to such delinquency, neglect or dependency, and to compel the support of a wife, child or poor relative, by persons legally chargeable therewith who abandon or neglect to support any of them. In the exercise of such jurisdiction such courts may hear and determine such causes, with or without a jury, except those involving a felony.* Except as herein otherwise provided, all judicial officers shall be elected or appointed at such times and in such manner as the legislature may direct.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
March 28, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
May 8, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State. } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at [L. S.] the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

SEVENTEEN

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the 5th day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVENTEEN

Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly Proposing an Amendment to Section Seven of Article Seven of the Constitution, in Relation to the Use of Lands and Timber in the Forest Preserve for Fuel for Domestic Purposes and for Roads and Trails.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section seven of article seven of the constitution be amended, to read as follows:

Forest preserve. § 7. The lands of the state, now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the forest preserve as now fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild forest lands. They shall not be leased, sold or exchanged, or be taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed or destroyed. But the legislature may by general laws provide for the use of not exceeding three per centum of such lands for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs for municipal water supply, for the canals of the state and to regulate the flow of streams. Such reservoirs shall be constructed, owned and controlled by the state, but such work shall not be undertaken until after the boundaries and high flow lines thereof shall have been accurately surveyed and fixed, and after public notice, hearing and determination that such lands are required for such public use. The expense of any such improvements shall be apportioned on the public and private property and municipalities benefited to the extent of the benefits received. Any such reservoir shall always be operated by the state and the legislature shall provide for a charge upon the property and municipalities benefited for a reasonable return to the state upon the value of the rights and property of the state used and the services of the state rendered, which shall be fixed for terms of not exceeding ten years and be readjustable at the end of any term. Unsanitary conditions shall not be created or continued by any such public works. *The foregoing provisions of this section shall not prevent the legislature from authorizing the cutting and removal of dead and fallen timber on lands in the forest preserve for fuel or other domestic purposes; or authorizing the cutting and use by the state of timber on such lands for the construction of roads and trails necessary for protection against fire, and for ingress and egress.* A violation of any of the provisions of this section may be restrained at the suit of the people or, with the consent of the supreme court in appellate division, on notice to the attorney-general at the suit of any citizen.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and, in conformity with section one, article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 10, 1918

This bill was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 12, 1918

This bill was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State. } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at [L. S.] the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

EIGHTEEN

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to sections two, four, five, eleven and twelve of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER EIGHTEEN

Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly Proposing to Amend Sections Two, Four, Five, Eleven and Twelve of Article Seven of the Constitution, in Relation to Debts Contracted by the State.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That sections two, four, five, eleven and twelve of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 2. The state may[, to meet casual deficits or failures in revenues, or for expenses not provided for, contract debts; but such debts, direct or contingent, singly or in the aggregate, shall not at any time exceed one million of dollars; and the moneys arising from the loans creating such debts shall be applied to the purpose for which they were obtained, or to repay the debt so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.] *contract debts in anticipation of the receipt of taxes and revenues, direct or indirect, for the purposes and within the amounts of appropriations theretofore made; bonds or other obligations for the moneys so borrowed shall be issued as may be provided by law, and shall with the interest thereon be paid from such taxes and revenues within one year from the date of issue.*

§ 4. Except the debts specified in sections two and three of this article, no debt[s] shall be hereafter contracted by or in behalf of this state, unless such debt shall be authorized by law, for some single work or object, to be distinctly specified therein, [; and such law shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax to pay, and sufficient to pay, the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt within fifty years from the time of the contracting thereof. No such law shall take effect until it shall, at a general election, have been submitted to the people, and have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election.] On the final passage of such bill in either house of the legislature, the question shall be taken by ayes and noes, to be duly entered on the journals thereof, and shall be: "Shall this bill pass and ought the same to receive the sanction of the people?" *No such law shall take effect until it shall, at a general election, have been submitted to the people, and have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election nor shall it be submitted to be voted on within three months after its passage nor at any general election when any other law, or any bill shall be submitted to be voted for or against.* The legislature may, at any time after the approval of such law by the people, if no debt shall have been contracted in pursuance thereof, repeal the same; and may at any time, by law, forbid the contracting of any further debt or liability under such law. [but the tax imposed by such act, in proportion to the debt and liability which may have been contracted in pursuance of such law, shall remain in force and be irrepealable, and be annually collected, until the proceeds thereof shall have made the provision hereinbefore specified to pay and discharge the interest and principal of such debt and liability.]

Except the debts specified in sections two and three of this article, all debts contracted by the state after January first, nineteen hundred and twenty, pursuant to an authorization therefor, heretofore or hereafter made and each portion of any such debt from time to time so contracted irrespective of the terms of such authorization, shall be paid in equal annual instalments, the first of which shall be payable not more than one year, and the last of which shall be payable not more than fifty years, after such debt or portion thereof shall have been contracted. No such debt hereafter authorized shall be contracted for a period longer than that of the probable life of the work or object for which the debt is to be contracted, to be determined by general laws, which determination shall be conclusive.

The legislature may from time to time alter the rate of interest to be paid upon any state debt which has been or may be authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section or upon any part of such debt, provided, however, that the rate of interest shall not be altered upon any part of such debt or upon any bond or other evidence thereof which has been or shall be created or issued before such alteration.

The money arising from any loan [or stock] creating such debt or liability shall be applied to the work or object specified in the act authorizing such debt or liability, or for the payment of such debt or liability, and for no other purpose whatever. [No such law shall be submitted to be voted on within three months after its passage or at any general election when any other law, or any bill shall be submitted to be voted for or against. The legislature may provide for the issue of bonds of the state to run for a period not exceeding fifty years in lieu of bonds heretofore authorized but not issued and shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax for the payment of the same as hereinbefore required. When any sinking fund created under this section shall equal in amount the debt for which it was created, no further direct tax shall be levied on account of said sinking fund, and the legislature shall reduce the tax to an amount equal to the accruing interest on such debt. The legislature may from time to time alter the rate of interest to be paid upon any state debt, which has been or may be authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section, or upon any part of such debt, provided, however, that the rate of interest shall not be altered upon any part of such debt or upon any bond or other evidence thereof, which has been, or shall be created or issued before such alteration. In case the legislature increase the rate of interest upon any such debt, or part thereof, it shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax to pay and sufficient to pay the increased or altered interest on such debt as it falls due and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt within fifty years from the time of the contracting thereof, and shall appropriate annually the sinking fund moneys in amount sufficient to pay such interest and pay and discharge the principal of such debt when it shall become due and payable.]

§ 5. The sinking funds provided for the payment of interest and the extinguishment of the principal of the debts of the state *heretofore contracted shall be continued, they* shall be separately kept and safely invested and neither of them shall be appropriated or used in any manner other than for [the specific purpose for which it shall have been provided] *such payment and extinguishment as hereinafter provided. The comptroller shall each year appraise the securities held for investment in each of such funds at their fair market value not exceeding par. He shall then determine and certify to the legislature the amount of each of such funds and the amounts which, if thereafter annually contributed to each such fund, would, with the fund and with the accumulations thereon and upon the contributions thereto, computed at the rate of three per centum per annum, produce at the date of maturity the amount of the debt to retire which such fund was created, and the legislature shall thereupon appropriate as the contribution to each such fund for such year at least the amount thus certified.*

If the income of any such fund in any year is more than a sum which, if annually added to such fund would, with the fund and its accumulations as aforesaid, retire the debt at maturity, the excess income may be applied to the interest on the debt for which the fund was created.

After any sinking fund shall equal in amount the debt for which it was created no further contribution shall be made thereto except to make good any losses ascertained at the annual appraisals above mentioned, and the income thereof shall be applied to the payment of the interest on such debt. Any excess in such income not required for the payment of interest may be applied to the general fund of the state.

The legislature may also by general laws provide means and authority whereby outstanding bonds of the state, for which sinking funds are provided, may be exchanged at par for cancellation, for serial bonds of the form authorized under section four of this article, upon such terms and conditions as to interest and otherwise as it may in its discretion authorize or determine, except that the debt as thus refunded shall finally mature no later and at no greater comparative cost to the state than the original debt; the determination of the legislature as to such comparative cost shall be conclusive. No further contributions to the respective sinking funds shall be made on account of bonds so exchanged and the proportion of any such sinking fund which the amount of the bonds so exchanged shall bear to the amount of bonds outstanding of the same issue may be appropriated, as required, for the payment of the substituted serial bonds.

§ 11. [The legislature may appropriate out of any funds in the treasury, moneys to pay the accruing interest and principal of any debt heretofore or hereafter created, or any part thereof and may set apart in each fiscal year, moneys in the state treasury as a sinking fund to pay the interest as it falls due and to pay and discharge the principal of any debt heretofore or hereafter created under section four of article seven of the constitution until the same shall be wholly paid, and the principal and income of such sinking fund shall be applied to the purpose for which said sinking fund is created, and to no other purpose whatever; and, in the event such moneys so set apart in any fiscal year be sufficient to provide such sinking fund, a direct annual tax for such year need not be imposed and collected, as required by the provisions of said section four of article seven, or of any law enacted in pursuance thereof.] *The legislature shall annually provide by appropriation for the payment of the interest upon and instalments of principal of all debts created on behalf of the state except those contracted under section two of this article, as the same shall fall due, and for the contribution to all of the sinking funds heretofore created by law, of the amounts annually to be contributed under the provisions of section five of this article. If at any time the legislature shall fail to make any such appropriation, the comptroller shall set apart from the first revenues thereafter received, applicable to the general fund of the state, a sum sufficient to pay such interest, instalments of principal, or contributions to such sinking fund, as the case may be, and shall so apply the moneys thus set apart. The comptroller may be required to set aside and apply such revenues as aforesaid, at the suit of any holder of such bonds.*

§ 12. *Debts hereafter authorized for the improvement of highways shall be created only in the manner provided in section four of this article. No provision of this article shall be deemed to impair or affect the validity of any debt of the state heretofore contracted or any right or obligation heretofore created between the state and any of its civil divisions.*

[A debt or debts of the state may be authorized by law for the improvement of highways. Such highways shall be determined under general laws, which shall also provide for the equitable apportionment thereof among the counties. The aggregate of the debts authorized by this section shall not at any one time exceed the sum of fifty millions of dollars. The payment of the annual interest on such debt and the creation of a sinking fund of at least two per centum per annum to discharge the principal at maturity shall be provided by general laws whose force and effect shall not be diminished during the existence of any debt created thereunder. The legislature may by general laws require the county or town or both to pay to the sinking fund the proportionate part of the cost of any such highway within the boundaries of such county or town and the proportionate part of the interest thereon, but no county shall at any time for any highway be required to pay more than thirty-five hundredths of the cost of such highway, and no town more than fifteen hundredths. None of the provisions of the fourth section of this article shall apply to debts for the improvement of highways hereby authorized.]

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity to section one, article fourteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN SENATE
April 10, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
April 13, 1918

The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State. } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at [L. S.] the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

NINETEEN

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the constitution of the State of New York and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of New York, by inserting therein a new article, in relation to taxation, is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the 5th day of November, nineteen hundred eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER NINETEEN

Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution by Inserting Therein a New Article, in Relation to Taxation.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the constitution be amended by inserting therein a new article, to be article seven-a, to read as follows:

Article VII-A.

§ 1. For the assessment of real property, heretofore locally assessed, the legislature may establish tax districts, none of which, unless it be a city, shall embrace more than one town. The assessors therein shall be elected by the electors of such districts. The legislature may provide that the assessment-roll of a town shall serve for all the civil divisions or parts thereof within its boundaries. No such tax district embracing a town shall be established until a proposition providing therefor shall have been adopted by a vote of a majority of the electors voting thereon in such proposed district at an election for which provision shall be made by law.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
IN ASSEMBLY
May 10, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly,
THADDEUS C. SWEET,
Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK
IN SENATE
May 10, 1917

This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate,
EDWARD SCHOENECK,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State. } ss.:

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at [L. S.] the city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSITION NUMBER ONE

Explanation—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old matter to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State
Albany, *July* 1, 1918.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, and of section two of chapter six hundred and twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and eighteen, notice is hereby given that chapter six hundred and ninety-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and eighteen, of which the following is a copy, will be submitted to the people for the purpose of voting thereon at the next general election in this State, to be held on the fifth day of November, nineteen hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

CHAP. 626.

An Act to Amend Chapter Two Hundred and Ninety-eight of the Laws of Nineteen Hundred and Twelve, Authorizing the Sale of Bonds for the Construction and Improvement of State and County Highways, in Relation to Providing for the Disposition of Certain Unexpended Balances for Highway Improvement; and to Provide for a Submission of the Same to the People to be Voted Upon at the General Election to be Held in the Year Nineteen Hundred and Eighteen.

Became a Law May 11, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter two hundred and ninety-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and twelve, entitled "An act making provision for issuing bonds to the amount of not to exceed fifty million dollars for the purpose of constructing and improving state and county highways, and providing for a submission of the same to the people to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and twelve," is hereby amended by inserting therein, after section six, a new section, to be section six-a, to read as follows:

§ 6-a. *Unexpended balances; how to be used. If moneys authorized by this act to be raised and which have been apportioned before the taking effect of this section to a county for use in the construction of state highways cannot be used within such county for that purpose, or if any of such moneys which have been apportioned before the taking effect of this section to a county for use in the construction of county highways cannot be used within such county for that purpose, under the foregoing provisions of this act and in the manner herein prescribed, the unexpended balances of such moneys apportioned pursuant to section four of this act shall be available, after appropriation by the legislature, for use in the discretion of the state commissioner of highways in the construction, reconstruction or widening of state or county highways as defined in the highway law or of such other highways as he may determine to be necessary to connect the systems of state highways, county highways or highways improved by federal aid. Such commissioner shall expend within any county having an unexpended balance of moneys originally apportioned to it by section four of this act, for the construction, reconstruction or widening of such highways, one half of such unexpended balance, and such commissioner may expend within any other county or counties for the same purposes the remainder of such unexpended balance. In the use of such moneys in the construction, reconstruction or widening of any state, county or connecting highway, the county within which such highway is located shall contribute to the total cost thereof in the same manner and to the same extent and in the same proportion as is now provided by article six of the highway law in connection with the improvement of county highways within such county.*

§ 2. This law shall not take effect until it shall at a general election have been submitted to the people and have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election; and the same shall be submitted to the people of this state at the general election to be held in November, nineteen hundred and eighteen. The ballots to be furnished for the use of the voters upon the submission of this law shall be in the form prescribed by the election law, and the proposition or question to be submitted shall be printed thereon in substantially the following form, namely: "Shall chapter (here insert the number of the chapter) of the laws of nineteen hundred and eighteen, entitled 'An act to amend chapter two hundred and ninety-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and twelve, authorizing the sale of bonds for the construction and improvement of state and county highways, in relation to providing for the disposition of certain unexpended balances for highway improvement; and to provide for a submission of the same to the people to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen,' be approved?"

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Secretary of State, } ss.:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole of said original law.

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the [L. S.] city of Albany, this first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

Form for Submission of Proposition Number One

"Shall chapter six hundred twenty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and eighteen, entitled 'An act to amend chapter two hundred and ninety-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and twelve, authorizing the sale of bonds for the construction and improvement of state and county highways, in relation to providing for the disposition of certain unexpended balances for highway improvement; and to provide for a submission of the same to the people to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen,' be approved?"

THE FREEMAN'S CENT-A-WORD ADLETS SAVE MONEY, TIME AND WORRIMENT--PUT YOUR "WANTS" UP TO THE LITTLE HUSTLERS

TWO DROWN AT FLEISCHMANNS

City Guests While Bathing in Lake Switzerland Drown in Twenty Feet of Water—Both Bodies Recovered.

Two drowning accidents occurred at Fleischmanns this week, one on Monday and the other Wednesday afternoon both at about the same hour, 3:30 o'clock, at Lake Switzerland.

Barney Rubin of Bayonne, N. J., who was a guest at the Hotel Sterling, was drowned while in bathing in Lake Switzerland at about 3:30 o'clock Monday afternoon. Rubin was an expert swimmer and the lake was crowded with bathers, it being estimated there were over two hundred in the water at the time. He was within a few feet of several bathers at the time of the accident and sank out of sight without making any effort to recover himself or even making any outcry of any kind. When he did not come up several good swimmers made an effort to rescue the man but of no avail. The body was recovered at 2 o'clock next morning by Jack Lewis, of New York city, who with others were searching for it. Two sisters and an aunt of the drowned man were guests of the hotel. Rubin was 19 years of age. The remains were taken to Bayonne by his relatives.

On Wednesday afternoon at about the same hour, Charles Withaus of Brooklyn, aged 30 years, a guest of the Palace Hotel, met his death in the same manner while bathing in the same lake. He was swimming close to several others and appeared to be floating when he suddenly went down without an outcry or effort to save himself and did not come up again. His body was recovered soon after.

In both instances boats were sent out to rescue the drowning men but the men seemingly made no effort to save themselves and both it is believed were overcome by the heat and heart failure. Both bodies were recovered in twenty feet of water. On account of the excessive heat there were an unusually number of bathers in the waters both days. Lake Switzerland is owned by E. Reynolds, a prominent resident and it is a fine body of water for boating and bathing purposes.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 324.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to the maintenance of the pavement and shoulders of the approaches to canal bridges, located on the line of any state or county highway.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by inserting therein a new section, to be section one hundred and seventy-c, to read as follows:

§ 170-c. **Maintenance by state of canal bridge approaches.** Where a waterway which is a part of the canal system of the state intersects a state or county highway which is maintained adjacent to such intersection pursuant to this article, the pavement and shoulders of the approaches to the bridge structure carrying such highway across such waterway shall be considered eligible for maintenance under this article, providing such approach has, in the opinion of the state commissioner of highways, been properly graded in connection with the construction of the canal system of the state. The state commissioner of highways may at any time make an order directing that such section of highway become a part of the system of state or county highways in such county, and thereafter the pavement and shoulders of such approach shall be maintained as a state or county highway in the manner provided in article seven of this chapter. Such order shall be served upon the chairman of the board of supervisors and a certified copy thereof shall be filed in the office of the county clerk and one in the office of the state comptroller. In maintaining such section of highway the commission may lay such type of pavement as in his opinion is advisable.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 325.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to disposition of registration fees.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision four of section two hundred and ninety-one of chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter five hundred and seventy-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

4. All moneys paid into the state treasury pursuant to this article shall be appropriated and used for the maintenance and repair of the improved roads of the state, under the direction of the state commissioner of highways. All moneys received by the chamberlain of the city of New York, pursuant to this article, shall be paid into the treasury of the city to the credit of the general fund. All moneys received by the county treasurer of any county pursuant to this article, shall be used for the permanent construction or improvement of town highways only in such county as defined by subdivision four of section three of this chapter. The county treasurer shall, upon receipt of such moneys, keep an accurate record thereof, and shall furnish the board of supervisors of the county, upon request by it, with a certified statement of such receipts. The board of supervisors of the county shall, at a regular or special meeting and by a majority vote, allot such moneys to one or more of the towns within such county, and shall by resolution appropriate for the use of such town or towns the money so allotted. A certified copy of such resolution shall be filed with the county treasurer of such county, with the state commission of highways and with the town clerk of the town to which such allotment is made. The places and the manner in which such moneys shall be expended shall be determined by the town board and the town superintendent subject to the approval of the state commission of highways in accordance with the provisions of section one hundred and five of this chapter, which shall also govern the method by which such moneys shall be expended. Upon such approval by the commission and after written notice thereof has been filed by it with the county treasurer, and after the supervisor of the town to which such allotment is made has given a bond in accordance with the provisions of section one hundred and four of this chapter, the county treasurer shall pay to the supervisor of such town or towns the amount to which each is entitled as determined and indicated by such resolution. A statement of the receipts and expenditures of such moneys shall be included in the report required by section one hundred and seven of this chapter. The provisions of section one hundred and eight of this chapter shall apply as to the method of keeping accounts, the forms, blanks and orders used, and the filing of records in the town clerk's office.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 326.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to the acquisition of lands for right of way and other purposes.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one hundred and forty-eight of chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter one hundred and forty-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 148. Acquisition of lands for right of way and other purposes. If a state or county highway, proposed to be constructed or improved as provided in this article, or which shall have been heretofore constructed, or which it is proposed to repair or reconstruct as provided in article seven of this chapter, or in which it is proposed to change the course of a dangerous section thereof, shall deviate from the line of a highway already existing, the board of supervisors of the county where such highway is located, shall acquire land for the requisite right of way prior to the advertisement for proposals. The board of supervisors may also acquire lands for the purpose of obtaining gravel, stone or other material, when required for the construction, reconstruction, improvement or maintenance of highways, or for spoil banks together with a right of way to such spoil banks and to any bed, pit, quarry, or other place where such gravel, stone or other material may be located.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 327.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to the construction or improvement of a bridge jointly by the county and a town or towns.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by inserting therein a new section to be section two hundred and sixty-two-a, to read as follows:

§ 262-a. Construction or improvement of bridge by county and town or towns. The board of supervisors of a county may provide for the construction or improvement of a bridge in one or more towns of a county and at the joint expense of the county and town or towns as provided in this section. The board may by resolution direct the district or county superintendent to examine such bridge and report thereon, and if the board considers such bridge to be of sufficient importance to be constructed or improved as provided herein, it shall direct such district or county superintendent to prepare or cause to be prepared maps, plans, specifications and estimate thereon, and such district or county superintendent shall, subject to the direction and control of the board of supervisors, have the same powers and duties in respect to such bridge as are given to him with respect to state-county highways in section one hundred and twenty-five of this chapter. Upon the completion of such maps, plans, specifications and estimate, they are to be submitted to the board of supervisors for approval, and such board shall thereupon adopt a resolution providing for the construction or improvement of such bridge in accordance with such plans, maps, specifications and estimate, or in accordance with such maps, plans, specifications and estimate as may be approved by it. The board of supervisors shall award contracts for the construction or improvement of such bridge and the provisions of section one hundred and thirty of this chapter shall apply so far as may be to such contracts and the award, execution and fulfillment thereof. Such contract may be awarded to the town board of any town in which such bridge is located and the provisions of section one hundred and thirty-one of this chapter shall apply thereto. The board of supervisors shall determine the apportionment of the cost of the construction or improvement of such bridge to be borne by the county and the portion to be borne by the town or towns in which such bridge is located, or by the town or towns in which such bridge is not located, but which are particularly benefited thereby. The amount to be borne by the county shall be levied and collected as a county charge and paid into the county treasury. The amount to be borne by a town shall be levied and collected as a town charge, and when collected shall be paid into the county treasury. If such bridge shall be located in a different position from an existing bridge, the board of supervisors shall acquire land for the requisite construction, and such board may also acquire land for the purpose of obtaining gravel, stone or other material when required for the construction or improvement of such bridge, together with a right of way to the bed, pit or quarry, or other place where such gravel, stone or other material may be located; and the provisions of sections one hundred and forty-eight to one hundred and fifty-five both inclusive shall apply to the acquisition of such land as far as may be, except that the cost of such land and the expense incident to acquiring the same shall be deemed a part of the cost of the construction and improvement of such bridge under the provisions of this section. The board of supervisors may by resolution authorize the county treasurer of the county or the supervisors of the respective towns to borrow money on the faith and credit of the county and of such towns by temporary loans in anticipation of the next succeeding tax levy or an issue of bonds for such levy or by the issue and sale of bonds to pay the portion of the cost of the construction or improvement to be borne respectively by the county or such town or towns. Such resolution may also provide for the issue and sale of bonds and shall conform as nearly as may be to the provisions of this chapter relating to a resolution authorizing a town to borrow money to pay its share of the cost of construction or improvement of a county highway. The construction or improvement authorized by such resolution shall be done under the supervision and direction of the district or county superintendent. Payments therefor shall be made from time to time by the county treasurer upon the certificate of the district or county superintendent indorsed by the chairman of the board of supervisors. Such bridge when completed and accepted by the board of supervisors shall be thereafter repaired and maintained at the sole expense of the town or towns in which it is located unless the board of supervisors shall apportion a share of the expense of the repair and maintenance thereof upon the county, or upon the town or towns particularly benefited.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 329.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to the purchase or lease of motor trucks by towns.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section forty-nine of chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter three hundred and forty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 49. Machinery, tools and implements. The town superintendent may, with the approval of the town board, purchase for the use of the town, stone crushers, steam rollers, motor trucks, scarifiers, concrete mixers, traction engines, road machines for grading and scraping, tools and other implements, subject to the limitations prescribed in section ninety-four, which shall be paid for from moneys levied and collected or from the proceeds of bonds issued and sold for such purposes as provided in this chapter. No contract for the purchase of stone crushers, steam rollers, motor trucks, scarifiers, concrete mixers, or traction engines shall be valid, unless the district or county superintendent shall have approved thereof and indorsed his approval upon such contract. All road machines, stone crushers, steam rollers, motor trucks, scarifiers, concrete mixers, or traction engines, tools and other implements owned either by the town or the highway districts therein, shall be used by the town superintendent in such manner and at such places in such towns as he shall deem best. They shall be under the control of the superintendent and be cared for by him at the expense of the town. The town superintendent shall annually make a written inventory of all such machinery, tools and implements, indicating each article and stating the value thereof, and the estimated cost of all necessary repairs thereto, and deliver the same to the supervisor of the town on or before October thirty-first in each year. He shall at the same time file with the town clerk his written recommendations as to what machinery, tools and implements should be purchased for the use of the town, and the probable cost thereof. The town superintendent shall provide a suitable place for housing and storing all machinery, tools and implements owned by the town and cause the same to be stored therein, when not in use. He may also with the approval of the town board, sell any such machinery, tools and implements, which are no longer needed by the town, or which are worn out or obsolete, or may exchange the same for new machinery, tools and implements. If sold, the proceeds shall, under the direction of the town board, be applicable to the purchase of the machinery, tools and implements mentioned in subdivision three of section ninety-four of this chapter. Where there is an incorporated village constituting a separate road district, wholly or partly in a town which has purchased a stone crusher, steam roller, motor truck, scarifier, concrete mixer, or traction engine, the town board of such town may permit the use thereof by such village upon such terms as may be agreed upon.

§ 2. Section fifty of such chapter is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 50. Town superintendent may hire machinery. The town superintendent may, with the approval of the district or county superintendent, lease or hire stone crushers, steam rollers, motor trucks, scarifiers, concrete mixers and traction engines at a rate to be approved by the town board, which shall not exceed twenty dollars for a stone crusher, steam roller or motor truck, and eight dollars for a traction engine, scarifier or concrete mixer, for each day such stone crusher, steam roller, motor truck, scarifier, concrete mixer, or traction engine is actually used upon the highways. The expense thereof shall be paid by the supervisor, upon the written order of the town superintendent, out of moneys received by him, as provided in this chapter, for the repair and improvement of highways.

§ 3. Subdivision three of section ninety-four of such chapter as amended by chapter five hundred and seventy-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen is hereby amended to read as follows:

3. Not more than five hundred dollars shall be levied and collected in any one year in any town for the purchase or repair of stone crushers, steam rollers, motor trucks, scarifiers, concrete mixers, traction engines, or road machines for grading and scraping, tools and implements, unless duly authorized by the vote of a town meeting.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 333.

AN ACT to amend the conservation law, in relation to cats hunting or killing birds.

Became a law April 25, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter six hundred and forty-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, entitled "An act relating to conservation of land, forests, waters, parks, hylraulic power, fish and game, constituting chapter sixty-five of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as section one hundred and ninety-three-b, to read as follows:

§ 193-b. Cats hunting or killing birds. Any person over the age of twenty-one years, who is the holder of a valid hunting and trapping license, may, and it shall be the duty of a game protector or other peace officer to, humanely destroy a cat at large found hunting or killing any bird protected by law or with a dead bird of any species protected by law in its possession; and no action for damages shall be maintained for such killing.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 328.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to the amount of the undertaking to a county or town for the construction or improvement of a state or county highway under county or town supervision.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one hundred and thirty-one of chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter sixty of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 131. Award of contracts to board of supervisors or town board. A board of supervisors of a county, or a town board of a town, in which any portion of a state or county highway is situated, may present proposals and be awarded a contract for the construction or improvement of such highway, as provided in this article, for and on behalf of such county or town. If such contract be awarded to a board of supervisors or a town board such board shall, by resolution, designate some suitable person or persons to carry into effect, on behalf of such town, such contract, and transact all business in respect thereto as may be necessary. A member of the board of supervisors or town board at the time such contract was awarded or such designation was made, or a person who is a partner of; or a stockholder in the same corporation as that of such member, shall not be so designated. A member of the board of supervisors or town board at the time such designation was made, or a firm, corporation or association of which he is a member or has an interest, shall not be directly or indirectly interested in any such contract nor shall such member, or such firm, corporation or association furnish materials or perform labor services, either directly or indirectly, under or in connection with the performance of any of the work required in accordance with such contract, nor shall such member, firm or corporation or association be paid for materials furnished or services rendered in respect to such contract. The clerk of the board of supervisors or the town clerk shall transmit a certified copy of the resolution designating the person or persons to carry into effect such contract to the commission prior to the awarding of a contract to the board of supervisors or town board. The person or persons so designated shall, before the contract is executed, give an undertaking to the county or town, with sureties to be approved by the commission and the board of supervisors or town board, for an amount equal to at least twenty-five per centum of the face of the contract. Such undertaking shall be conditioned on the faithful performance of their duties in respect to such contract and for the proper accounting, safe-keeping and lawful disbursement of all moneys that may come into their hands thereunder. Such undertaking shall be filed in the office of the county or town clerk and a copy thereof shall be transmitted to the commission. The person or persons so designated shall thereupon be competent to receive all moneys payable under such contract under the provisions of this article, and they shall account therefor to the county or town. The board of supervisors or town board, after such contract is awarded, shall designate, by resolution, a banking corporation or a trust company wherein the moneys received under such contract shall be deposited. Such bank or trust company shall, upon the request of the board of supervisors or town board, make a statement of the money so deposited. The commission shall, by rules and regulations, prescribe the manner in which the moneys received under such contract shall be expended and the forms of accounts to be kept by the person or persons designated as above provided; and where convict labor is used, as hereinafter provided, an account shall be kept of the items incurred daily for maintenance of convicts and compensation of other laborers, if any. Reports may be required by the commission from time to time from such person or persons.

When a contract is entered into under the provisions of this section, the board undertaking thereby to construct or improve a highway or section thereof, may, by resolution, direct the person or persons designated for carrying out the contract to apply to the superintendent of state prisons for convict labor, in the construction of such highway or section thereof. The resolution shall specify the maximum number of convicts to be applied for, for such work. Such designated person, or persons shall make request, in writing, to the superintendent of state prisons for convict labor, in conformity to the provisions of such resolution, such request to be accompanied with a copy of such resolution. A copy of such resolution and of such request shall also be filed with the commission. The superintendent may detail for labor, pursuant to such resolution and request, such number of convicts as may be available therefor, not exceeding the number applied for. Such convicts shall be in the immediate charge and custody of the officers and guards detailed by the superintendent of state prisons, and at all times subject to the control of such superintendent, except that the work to be done shall be directed by the engineers and foremen of the state highway department. The expense of maintenance of such convicts shall be paid by the county or towns entering into such contract from funds due thereon, to such municipality. A county or town may purchase machinery and tools for the construction of a highway or section thereof, under any such contract, out of moneys to be paid thereon, within the estimates for such items contained in the proposals at the time of the letting of the contract, but such machinery and tools shall be the property of the state, and after the completion of the work shall be subject to disposal or to any lawful use by the commission. Moneys realized from selling or renting any such used machinery or tools shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the highway fund. Any such used machinery or tools may be loaned by the commission, if requested for construction of a highway or section thereof, by a county or town, by contract under this section, to be kept in repair and operated at the expense of the county or town with moneys payable under the contract.

If a county or town shall construct a highway or section thereof, by contract as above provided, for a lesser sum than the contract price, as the same shall appear from the accounts and reports herein provided for, the county or town, as the case may be, shall be paid only the amount of the actual cost of such construction, paid or incurred, and the surplus shall remain in the state treasury and continue available for any state or county highway construction for which the same may have been or shall be appropriated.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 330.

AN ACT to amend the insurance law, in relation to mergers or reinsurance of risks between fraternal benefit societies and to provide penalties for violation of provisions thereof.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section two hundred and thirty-six of chapter thirty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to insurance corporations, constituting chapter twenty-eight of the consolidated laws," as added by chapter one hundred and ninety-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 236. Mergers. 1. No fraternal benefit society organized under the laws of this state and operating on the lodge plan shall consolidate or merge with any other benefit society or reinsure its insurance risks, or any part thereof, with any other fraternal benefit society, or assume or reinsure the whole or any portion of the risks of any other fraternal benefit society, except as herein provided. No fraternal benefit society shall make any such contract with any company or association not licensed to transact business as a fraternal benefit society.

2. When any such fraternal benefit society shall propose to consolidate or merge its business or to enter into any contract of reinsurance or to assume or reinsure the whole or any portion of the risks of any other fraternal benefit society, the proposed contract in writing setting forth all the terms and conditions of such proposed consolidation, merger or reinsurance shall be submitted to the legislative or governing bodies of each of said parties to said contract after due notice, and if approved, such contract as so approved with a statement of all expenses and other obligations incurred or to be incurred thereunder shall be submitted to the superintendent of insurance of this state for his approval and there shall at the same time be submitted a sworn statement showing the financial condition of each of such fraternal benefit societies as of the thirty-first day of December preceding the date of such contract, provided that the superintendent of insurance may, within his discretion, require such financial statement to be submitted as of the last day of the month preceding the date of such contract. The superintendent of insurance shall thereupon consider such contract of consolidation, merger or reinsurance, and if satisfied that the interests of the certificate holders of such fraternal benefit societies are properly protected, and that such contract is just and equitable to the members of each of such societies, and that no reasonable objection exists thereto, shall approve said contract as submitted. In case the parties corporate to such contract shall have been incorporated in separate states or territories, such contract shall be submitted as herein provided to the supervising insurance officials of each of such incorporating states, or territories, to be considered and approved separately by each of such supervising insurance officials. When said contract of consolidation, merger or reinsurance shall have been approved as hereinabove provided, such superintendent of insurance or supervising insurance officials shall issue a certificate to that effect, and thereupon the said contract of consolidation, merger or reinsurance shall be in full force and effect. In case such contract is not approved, the fact of its submission and its contents shall not be disclosed by the superintendent of insurance or the representatives of either society.

3. All necessary and actual expenses and compensation incident to the proceedings provided hereby shall, when allowed by the superintendent of insurance or supervising insurance officials, be paid by the fraternal benefit society or societies effecting or proposing such consolidation, merger or reinsurance, provided, however, that no brokerage or other commission shall be included in such expenses or shall be paid directly or indirectly to any person by either of the parties to any such contract in connection with the negotiation therefor or execution thereof, nor shall any compensation, direct or indirect, to be paid to any officer, director or employee of either of the parties to such contract for directly or indirectly aiding and effecting such contract of consolidation, merger or reinsurance except that it may be provided in any such contract that the executive officers of a fraternal benefit society consolidating, merging or reinsuring its business shall be employed for a period not exceeding two years from the date of such contract by the other party thereto, for services to be rendered within such period upon a basis of compensation not greater than that theretofore received by any such executive officers for services theretofore rendered the other party to such contract. A verified, itemized statement of all such expenses shall be filed with the superintendent of insurance or supervising insurance officials as the case may be, subject to approval, and when approved the same shall be binding on the parties thereto. Except as fully expressed in the contract of consolidation, merger or reinsurance, or itemized statement of expenses, as approved by the superintendent of insurance or supervising insurance officials, as the case may be, no compensation shall be paid to any person or persons, directly or indirectly, and no officer or employee of the state shall receive any compensation, directly or indirectly, for in any manner aiding, promoting or assisting any such consolidation, merger or reinsurance.

4. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be liable to a fine of not more than five thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for not more than five years, or to both fine and imprisonment.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 334.

AN ACT to amend the prison law, in relation to release on parole of prisoners on indeterminate sentence.

Became a law April 25, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section two hundred and fourteen of chapter forty-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to prisons, constituting chapter forty-three of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 214. Release on parole of prisoners on indeterminate sentence. If it shall appear to said board of parole for state prisons, upon an application by a convict for release on parole as hereinbefore provided, that there is reasonable probability that such applicant will live and remain at liberty without violating the law, then said board may authorize the release of such applicant upon parole, and such applicant shall thereupon be allowed to go upon parole outside of said prison walls and inclosure upon such terms and conditions as said board shall prescribe, but to remain, while so on parole, in the legal custody and under the control of the agent and warden of the state prison from which he is so paroled, until the expiration of the maximum term specified in his sentence as hereinbefore provided, or until his absolute discharge as hereinafter provided. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the parole board from paroling or discharging inmates subject to parole at any time, and as of any time after the expiration of any minimum term, upon such other conditions not incompatible with the welfare of society as they may deem advisable.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 332.

AN ACT to amend the religious corporations law, by inserting therein a new article relating to Churches of Christ, Scientist.

Became a law April 25, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter fifty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to religious corporations, constituting chapter fifty-one of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by inserting therein a new article, to be known as article nine-a, and to read as follows:

ARTICLE IX-A.
Churches of Christ, Scientist.

Section 184. Application of this article.
185. Notice of meeting for incorporation.
186. Meeting for incorporation.
187. Certificate of incorporation.
188. Time, place and notice of corporate meetings.
189. Organization and conduct of corporate meetings; qualifications of voters thereat.
189-a. Changing date of annual corporate meetings.
189-b. Changing number of trustees.
189-c. Meetings of trustees.

§ 184. Application of this article. This article applies only to Churches of Christ, Scientist, which are branches of The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts. Any such church heretofore incorporated shall hereafter be governed by the provisions of this article so far as applicable except that no person, who shall, when this article takes effect, be a duly qualified voter in any such previously incorporated church, shall be deprived of the right to vote at its corporate meetings by any provisions of this article.

§ 185. Notice of meeting for incorporation. Notice of a meeting for the purpose of incorporating an unincorporated Church of Christ, Scientist, shall be given as follows: The notice shall be in writing, and shall state, in substance, that a meeting of such unincorporated church will be held at its usual place of worship at a specified day and hour, for the purpose of incorporating such church, electing trustees thereof, and selecting a corporate name therefor.

The notice must be signed by at least six persons of full age who are then members in good and regular standing of such church by admission into full membership therewith, in accordance with the rules and regulations of such church. A copy of such notice shall be publicly read at each regular service of such unincorporated church on the two successive Sundays next preceding such meeting by the person acting as first reader, and a copy of such notice shall be sent by mail post paid at least ten days prior to the date fixed for such meeting to each member of such church in good and regular standing at his last known address as same appears in the church records.

§ 186. Meeting for incorporation. At the meeting for incorporation held in pursuance of such notice, the following persons, and no others, shall be qualified voters, to wit: All persons of full age, who are then members in good and regular standing of such church by admission into full membership therewith, in accordance with the rules and regulations thereof.

At such meeting, the presence of a majority of such qualified voters, at least six in number, shall be necessary to constitute a quorum. The action of the meeting upon any matter or question shall be decided by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon, a quorum being present. The meeting shall be called to order by one of the signers of the call. There shall be elected at such meeting, from the qualified voters then present, a presiding officer, a clerk to keep the record of the proceedings, of the meeting and two inspectors of election to receive the ballots cast. The presiding officer of the meeting and the inspectors shall decide the results of the ballots cast on any matter, and shall be the judges of the qualifications of voters.

Such meeting shall decide whether such unincorporated church shall become incorporated. If such decision shall be in favor of incorporation such meeting shall decide upon the name of the proposed corporation which shall be "Church of Christ, Scientist," prefixed by "First," "Second," "Third" or other numerical designation, and followed by the name of the place where it shall be located; the meeting also shall decide the number of the trustees of such church, which shall be three, six, nine, or twelve, and shall determine the date, not more than fifteen months thereafter, on which the first annual election of the trustees thereof after such meeting shall be held. Such meeting shall thereupon elect by ballot, from the persons qualified to vote thereat, one-third of the number of trustees so decided upon who shall hold office until the first annual election of trustees thereafter, one-third of such number of trustees who shall hold office until the second annual election of trustees thereafter, and one-third of such number of trustees who shall hold office until the third annual election of trustees thereafter, or until the respective successors of such trustees shall be elected and take office.

§ 187. Certificate of incorporation. If the meeting shall decide that such unincorporated church shall become incorporated, the presiding officer of such meeting and the two inspectors of election, shall execute and acknowledge a certificate of incorporation, setting forth the name of the proposed corporation, the number of trustees thereof, the names of the persons elected as trustees, the terms of office for which they were respectively elected and the county and town, city or village in which its principal place of worship is, or is intended to be located. On the filing and recording of such certificate, as hereinbefore provided in this chapter, the persons qualified to vote at such meeting and those persons who shall thereafter, from time to time be qualified voters at the corporate meetings thereof, shall be a corporation by the name stated in such certificate, and the persons therein stated to be elected trustees of such church shall be the trustees thereof for the terms for which they were respectively so elected, or until their respective successors shall be elected and take office.

§ 188. Time, place and notice of corporate meetings. The annual corporate meeting of every incorporated church to which this article is applicable shall be held at the time and place fixed by its by-laws. A special corporate meeting of any such church may be called by the board of trustees thereof, on its own motion, and shall be called on the written request of at least ten qualified voters of such church. The trustees shall cause notice of the time and place of any corporate meeting, therein specifying, if an annual meeting, the names of any trustees whose successors are to be elected thereat, and, if a special meeting, specifying the business to be transacted thereat, to be given by the person acting as first reader at each regular meeting of the church for public worship held on each of the two successive Sundays next preceding such meeting.

§ 189. Organization and conduct of corporate meetings; qualifications of voters thereat. At a corporate meeting of every incorporated church to which this article is applicable, the following persons, and no others, shall be qualified voters, to wit: All persons of full age, who are then members in good and regular standing of such church by admission into full membership therewith. The presence at such meetings of at least six persons qualified to vote thereat shall be necessary to constitute a quorum, provided that any church to which this article is applicable may by its by-laws fix the number of members necessary to constitute a quorum. The action of the meeting upon any matter or question shall be decided by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon, a quorum being present, except that by-laws can be adopted or amended only by a two-thirds vote, as hereinbefore provided by this chapter. The clerk of the church shall call the meeting to order, and the qualified voters then present shall choose a presiding officer, and if an election is to be held at such meeting, two inspectors of election to receive the ballots cast. The presiding officer and the inspectors of election shall receive the votes, shall be the judges of the qualifications of voters and shall decide the result of the votes cast at any election. The polls of an annual corporate meeting shall remain open for such time as may be determined by a majority of the qualified voters present. At each annual corporate meeting successors to those trustees whose terms of office then expire, shall be elected from the qualified voters by ballot, for a term of three years thereafter, and until their successors shall be elected and take office.

§ 189-a. Changing date of annual corporate meetings. Any incorporated church to which this article is applicable, at any annual meeting may change the date of its subsequent annual meetings. If the date fixed for the annual meeting shall be less than six months after the annual meeting at which such change is made, the next annual meeting shall be held one year from the date so fixed. For the purpose of determining the terms of office of trustees and officers, the time between the annual meeting at which such change is made and the next annual meeting thereafter shall be reckoned as one year.

§ 189-b. Changing number of trustees. Any incorporated church to which this article is applicable may, at an annual corporate meeting, change the number of its trustees to three, six, nine, or twelve, or classify them so that the terms of one-third expire each year, provided that notice of such intended change be included in the notice of such annual corporate meeting. No such change shall affect the terms of the trustees then in office, and if the change reduces the number of trustees, election shall not be held to fill the vacancies caused by the expiration of the terms of trustees, until the number of trustees equals the number to which the trustees were reduced. Whenever the number of trustees in office is less than the number so determined on, sufficient additional trustees shall be elected to make the number of trustees for the ensuing year equal to the number so determined on. The trustees so elected up to and including one-third of the number so determined on, shall be elected for three years, the remainder up to and including one-third of the number so determined on for two years and the remainder for one year.

§ 189-c. Meetings of trustees. The chairman of the board of trustees of any incorporated church to which this article is applicable or any two members of such board may call a meeting of such trustees by giving at least twenty-four hours' notice thereof, personally or by mail, to all the other trustees, but by the unanimous consent of the trustees a meeting may be held without previous notice thereof. A majority of the trustees lawfully convened shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. In case of a tie vote at the meeting of the trustees the presiding officer of such meeting shall, notwithstanding he had voted once, have an additional casting vote. In case of a vacancy in the office of trustee the remaining trustees may fill such vacancy until the next annual corporate meeting when the vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

Moral Standards for Children.

It is a truth, eternal as the hills, that every child is controlled by his imagery. His image, or the great ideal as he sees it and connects it with his real life, forecasts his conduct. If a mother determines the imagery of her child for the good, the true, the beautiful, she fixes the destiny of her child for the good, the true, the beautiful, and just as surely will the imagery of wrong shape itself into a life of wrong conduct and evil tendencies. It is just as easy to stamp upon the sensitive brain tissue the right image as the wrong and the handwriting on the wall is indelible.—Mrs. Z. C. Thornburg in Mother's Magazine.

THEY SURELY ARE WONDERFUL LITTLE WORKERS
FREEMAN ONE-CENT-A-WORD "WANT" ADLETS

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

One Cent a Word

Classified advertisements in this department will be inserted at the uniform price of one cent per word for each insertion. No advertisement less than 15 cents, if inserted but once. Orders may be left at our main office, 5-9 Broadway, or at our branch office, 80 Fair St. Also at the following places:

R. L. DULIN, 586 Broadway.
FRANK McNALLY, 689 Broadway.
WM. O'REILLY, 530 Broadway.
C. STRUBEB, 742 Broadway.

For the convenience of out-of-town advertisers, orders will be accepted at the following places:

CHARLES W. CARD, Port Ewen, N. Y.
WM. CONNORS, High Falls, N. Y.
WM. HUBEN, Rosendale, N. Y.
W. J. GREEN, Woodstock, N. Y.
WM. McMULLEN, Ellenville, N. Y.
S. VAN STEENBERG, Saugerties, N. Y.
W. VONDERLINDEN, Rhinebeck, N. Y.
A. D. WINNE, Ashokan, N. Y.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GIRLS IN BLEACHING DEPARTMENT; STEADY WORK. U. S. LACE CURTAIN MILLS.

WANTED—Young girl for general housework, to live at home. Apply by telephone; Kingston 1130-W.

WANTED—Experienced woman bookkeeper and office assistant. Apply by letter in your own handwriting; stating in detail experience, references, salary desired, etc. Interview will be arranged upon receipt of application. Kingston Gas & Electric Co.

WANTED.—10 bright capable ladies to travel, demonstrate and sell well known goods to established dealers; $25 to $50 per week; railroad fare paid; weekly advance for traveling expenses. Address at once Goodrich Drug Company, Dept. 601, Omaha, Nebr.

WANTED—At once; a neat girl or woman as waitress and for dining room work; good wages and fare paid. Jocelyn House, Oliverea, Ulster County, N. Y.

WANTED—Waitress and woman for dishwashing. Apply Stieler Restaurant, 35 N. Front St.

WANTED—Girls—women, become government clerks; $1,100 yearly; wonderful chance for early appointment; common education sufficient; examinations soon. Free particulars. American Institute, Dept. L-209, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Woman to work in pantry. Eagle Hotel.

WANTED—Chambermaid. Inquire at Hotel Eichler.

WANTED—Woman; general housework, by half day. McCabe, Wall St.

WANTED—Waitress. Apply Dr. C. O. Sahler's Sanitarium.

WANTED—At once, woman for general housework; good wages. 88 Hasbrouck Ave.

WANTED—Capable girl or woman for kitchen work and assist the cook; good wages and fare paid. Jocelyn House, Oliverea, Ulster County, N. Y.

WANTED—Girls 16 years of age to operate stripping machines; $6 per week paid while learning. G. W. Van Slyke & Horton.

WANTED.—Waitresses to go to mountains. 'Phone 1705-W.

WANTED.—Operators; experienced on cuff binding and button sewing. Fessenden Shirt Company, Cornell St. and TenBroeck Ave.

WANTED.—A cook or assistant for summer boarding house. Address Mrs. A. B. Layman, Haines Falls, N. Y.

WANTED. — OPERATORS; EXPERIENCED ON POWER MACHINES; BEGINNERS TAKEN AND PAID $7 PER WEEK WHILE LEARNING. FULLER'S SHIRT FACTORY, PINE GROVE AVE.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Salesman, with dry goods experience. S. E. Eighmey, 26 Broadway.

WANTED—Assistant shipping clerk. Forsyth & Davis, Inc.

WANTED—A bright boy over 16 years; fine opportunity for business training. Apply at Uptown Freeman Office.

WANTED—Automobile salesmen. Forsyth & Davis Motor Car Co.

WANTED—1 or 2 intelligent boys between 16 and 17 to work in machine shop. A. R. King Mfg. Co., 76 Prince St.

WANTED—Salesmen; best side line on earth; brand new; $6 commission on orders and repeats; old reliable. Pan Mfg. Co., 2562 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago.

WANTED—1 checker and freight handler, at West Shore freight station. Apply G. N. Wood, agent.

WANTED—Cobbler. Inquire 54 Gill St.

WANTED—Married dairyman, herdsman and several farm teamsters; high wages and white treatment; all privileges; hours 5:30 a. m. to 6 p. m.; permanent. Call or address, Shagbark Farm, R. F. D. No. 3, Box 151, Saugerties, N. Y.

WANTED—Ship carpenters; steady work. Apply to Hudson Shipbuilding and Repair Co., Newburgh, N. Y.

WANTED—Boy. Postal Telegraph, Fair St.

WANTED—MAN FOR ODD JOBS. APPLY U. S. LACE CURTAIN MILLS.

WANTED—A short order man for White Tile Lunch Room, Railroad Ave.

WANTED—First class plumber and first class plumber's helper; steady position for right man. Apply in person to Harry Netburn, 72 Broadway.

WANTED—Bootblack and porter; at once. Apply to foreman, Stuyvesant Barber Shop.

WANTED—Salesmen; best side line on earth; brand new; $6 commission on orders and repeats; old reliable. Pan Mfg. Co., 2652 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago.

WANTED—Salesman for Perry dependable trees and plants; biggest business in years; persistent men earn large commissions, payable weekly. Investigate. Perry Nurseries, Rochester.

WANTED—Married dairyman and one teamster, on large farm; good wages and permanent position to good men; must be Americans and know business. Shagbark Farm, R. F. D. No. 3, Box 151, Saugerties, N. Y.

POSITION WANTED.

POSITION WANTED—Licensed Ford chauffeur desires steady position; good references furnished. Write "Reliable" Downtown Freeman.

CAPABLE stenographer wants employment; morning or afternoon position would be considered. "Stenographer," Uptown Freeman.

POSITION WANTED—Man, 45, wants work, assistant; no experience; shop or factory. "Worker" Uptown Freeman.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

LOST.

LOST—Small pen knife; name on handle. Please return to 76 Prince St. or 61 Maiden Lane.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—House furnishings. We furnish your home complete; all kinds second hand furniture, stoves and ranges bought and sold. M. Kaplan, 56 North Front St. 'Phone 1210-R.

FOR SALE.—Sawed wood, $5 per load. F. A. Waters, Jr. 'Phone 1686-R.

FOR SALE.—2 15-passenger busses; 2 Packard touring; 2 Ford taxis; 1 20-passenger bus body. 'Phone 194.

FOR SALE.—Photo supplies, films, plates, cameras, printing paper, etc. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway.

FOR SALE—¾ ton Republic truck; cheap. Stryker & Youmans.

FOR SALE—1 safe, 1 cash register, store fixtures, show cases, 1 rolled top desk. 122 Wurts St. 'Phone 512.

FOR SALE—Sideboard. Inquire 31 Shufeldt St.

FOR SALE—One team young road and field horses; one mowing machine, four fine carriages, four saddles, one side saddle, ten heavy and light collars; also harness; all in excellent condition. Paul Schuhose, Mt. Tremper, N. Y.

FOR SALE—1 ice box, 1 bed, 3 stoves, 1 sewing machine. 353 Washington Ave.

FOR SALE—Hound pup; 7 months old. S. Elmendorf, Lucas Ave., Kingston Route 1.

FOR SALE—Ford car. 'Phone 793-W.

FOR SALE—Studebaker touring car; also winter top for same; all in A-1 condition; can be seen at Eagle Garage. Address Irving P. Favor, Kyserike, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Cottage near high school; all improvements; hardwood trim; lot 50 x 150 ft.; $2,800. Address "L" Downtown Freeman.

FOR SALE—2 rowboats, 1 canoe; at Legg's Mills. Harry P. Carr.

FOR SALE—My fast pacing mare, rubber tired runabout, speed sleigh, half speed sleigh and harness. Fred Sahloff, 127 Hasbrouck Ave.

FOR SALE—Gas stove; in good condition. 95 Hone St.

FOR SALE—Reo, 5 passenger car; excellent condition. 346 Hasbrouck Ave.

FOR SALE—Sideboard, dining room table, chairs, etc.; also other household furniture; bargain. 71 Green St.

FOR SALE.—Hudson automobile, machinists' lathe, boilers, engines, shafting, pulleys. Wm. Lawton, 82 Prince St.

FOR SALE.—10 room house, all improvements; large garage. Inquire 66 Van Deusen St.

FOR SALE—5 passenger Overland touring car in good condition; reasonable price. 71 Wiltwyck Ave.

FOR SALE—Large white Reed baby carriage; cheap. 460 Broadway.

FOR SALE—70 acres, with buildings; running water; deal with the owner. For particulars address Stone Ridge, Route 1, Box 52.

FOR SALE—One new automobile lunch kit for six people; original price $15; will sell for $9.50; has never been used. 'Phone 1800.

FOR SALE—Large box body with flare boards and 2 cab tops, for motor truck. A. R. King Mfg. Co., 76 Prince St.

FOR SALE—At Tillson, N. Y.; cozy little home with an acre of land; 6 room house, concrete cellar; barn, sheds, etc.; all A-1 condition; price $1,200; half cash. B. Van Zamdt, Tillson, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Penny weighing machine; price $10. 'Phone 1781-W.

FOR SALE—6 room cottage, all improvements; good condition; $1,250; easy terms; South Rondout. Address "Bargain" Downtown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Blue traction tread bicycle tires; $2.50 each. Warren's.

FOR SALE—Pierce bicycles at 10% discount. Warren's.

FOR SALE—One upright piano; fine tone and action; price for quick sale $90 cash. Van Wagenen's, Wall St.; (Third Floor).

FOR SALE—1 Ford touring car; good condition. 'Phone 303-J.

FOR SALE—Horse; 9 years old, weight 1,450 pounds. Edw. T. McGill.

FOR SALE—Hydrated lime. J. A. Hiller, Hurley.

FOR SALE—Harley-Davison motorcycle with side car; in A-1 condition. 'Phone 1810-J. 734 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Haynes Light Six 4-passenger roadster; first class shape; fully equipped. Brown, 244 Clinton Ave.

FOR SALE—7 room house; 131 Prospect St. A. L. Harder. Inquire 449 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Two farm teams. Harder Bros., Lake Katrine.

FOR SALE—Seasoned wood, $5 per truck load; sawed or split. H. Clearwater. 'Phone 862-J.

FOR SALE—4,000 mile guaranteed tires 30 x 3, $12.50; 30 x 3½, $16. Apply Chas. F. Gray, 783 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A fine pair of bay horses, weighing over 2,600 pounds, seven and eight years old; together with harness and heavy truck; cheap. See Wm. N. Fessenden, attorney, 220 Main St., Saugerties, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—Just received, a carload of fresh and acclimated horses. Basch & Shapiro, 10-12 Ann St.

FOR SALE.—Arsenate of Lead for potato bugs. Canfield Supply Co., Strand and Ferry St., Kingston, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—Registered Hereford bull; 3 years old; very fine. E. J. Willis, Kingston R. F. D. 3.

TO LET.

TO LET.—Stores, offices, houses and apartments. Estate of John N. Cordts. 'Phone 531.

TO LET—6 room apartment; 77 Abruyn St. Inquire 73 Abruyn St.

TO LET—Store; 366 Broadway. Apply to Estate John N. Cordts. 'Phone 531.

TO LET—House; all improvements; 14 Crane St. Apply to Estate John N. Cordts. 'Phone 531.

TO LET—4 rooms; improvements; adults. 'Phone 1299-J.

TO LET—Furnished. 27 John St. 'Phone 1262-W.

TO LET—5 room flat, 69 Manor Ave.; toilet, water and gas; $10 month. Inquire 92 Clinton Ave.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. 21 Janet St.

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. 155 Bruyn Ave.

TO LET—6 room flat. N. D. J. Murphy.

TO LET—Furnished rooms. 84 Clinton Ave.

TO LET—House; all improvments; 152 O'Neil St. Inquire Wm. A. Frey.

TO RENT—From August 15; 7 room house, 71 Green St. Apply on premises.

TO LET.—House; 14 Stuyvesant St., with all improvements. Inquire at 12 Stuyvesant St., or 'phone 886-J.

TO LET—29 Janet St. 'Phone 786-W.

TO LET—House; all improvements. Miss Mullen, 307 Washington Ave.

UNDERNEATH THE CITY HALL DOME

"Of course it is only a 'strategic withdrawal' on the Picardy front according to the Hun, but a few more such strategic withdrawals and the war will be won," hummed the City Hall Poet this morning with a cheerful grin.

"And according to Ludendorff the enemy must be 'eluding them again'," replied the City Hall Oracle with a happy laugh.

Sunday Officers White, Fout and Ryan will return to work after a two weeks' vacation, and Sergeant Hanley and Officers Shader and Soper will leave for their annual vacation.

The concrete base on which will be placed the granite blocks is being laid on the Hasbrouck avenue hill.

Abeel street will be thrown open to the public Sunday for traffic but will be closed again Monday as the road is not completed.

R. W. DeReamer was arrested Friday evening by Officer Welch for passing a trolley car discharging passengers. He gave cash bail for his appearance in police court on August 13.

This morning the trial of Buddy Dugan on a charge of assaulting Jacob Steinhilber of Murray street, was adjourned until Monday morning.

The weeds around the Delaware avenue tabernacle are being cut by the city force, and it makes a decided improvement to the property.

The public drinking fountains are still shut off. It is noticed that a number of horsemen do not carry pails with them to water their horses. During the past hot spell which seems to have broken, it has been extremely hard on horses.

It is understood that a representative of the state veterinary department was in Kingston the past week and made the suggestion that faucets be placed on the watering fountains so that pails could be filled from them, but as far as known the water department does not look favorably on the suggestion, which appears to be a good one.

Big-Eyed Chick No Good.

An Italian at Whaley Pond caught an owl the other night and cooked and eat it. The next morning he approached the boss of the road construction gang near the pond where he had been working and said: "Me sick, boss; big-eyed chick he no good."

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents

FURNISHED ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—112 Hone St.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Light housekeeping. 91 Downs St.

FURNISHED ROOMS with board. 180 Albany Ave.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Also kitchenette apartment. Ring Smith bell, 318½ Wall St. 'Phone 1757-M.

FURNISHED ROOMS—103 Abeel St.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. O'Neil, 31 Green St. 'Phone 1781-R.

FURNISHED housekeeping apartments; one or more rooms; 60 Cedar St., 'phone 1692-J, and 179 Wall St., 'phone 1117.

FURNISHED ROOMS—With board. 95 Green St.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Men roomers. 37 Adams St.

WANTED.

WANTED.—Ford car. 'Phone 845-W.

WANTED—Assistant bookkeeper. Apply at once. The Up-to-Date Co., 303 Wall St.

WANTED—Boy and girl 16 years old. Powell Box Factory, Pine Grove Ave.

WANTED—Housekeeper. Apply 11 Linderman Ave. 'Phone 1915-W.

WANTED—Boy's bicycle. Call 'phone 1881-M.

WANTED—Developing, printing. McBride's drug stores.

WANTED.—People who want nice photo work to leave their developing and printing at O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway. 'Phone 1509.

WANTED—To buy a couple of second hand dump wagons. Kingstn Shipbuilding Corp.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE storage; best in city. Harry P. Carr. 'Phone 341-W.

SPENCER'S BUSINESS SCHOOL, 30th year. Business training—civil service departments. Enormous demand for graduates. Telephone for particulars.

HAVE your dog clipped. 'Phone 30-R.

FURNITURE storage. Mouse-proof, sanitary, fire-proof. Frederick C. Winters, Kingston. 'Phone 1113-J, or Brown Auto Supply Co. 'Phone 1066.

LAWN mowers repaired and sharpened; lawn mowers for sale. W. E. Brodhead, 291 Hasbrouck Ave.

SAVE your hair from falling out; get our hair tonic; 40 and 50c bottle. Roth's Barber Shop, 5 Main St.

WANTED—Government needs 20,000 women clerks at Washington; examination everywhere in August; experience unnecessary. Women desiring government positions, write for free particulars to J. C. Leonard, (former civil service examiner), 187 Kenois Bldg., Washington.

MACBETH (Green Visor) lens comply with new state laws; Wasco Garage Heaters, Firestone, Globe, Michelin and General tires; largest assortment supplies in city. Brown Auto Supply Co. 'Phone 1066. 244 Clinton Ave.

WOULD like to get in communication with a hay presser. Kingston Shipbuilding Corp.

MORAN BUSINESS SCHOOL, Burgevin Building, summer session; day and evening. Bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting. Civil service preparation. Make the summer count! Don't delay. Enroll today.

WE want your developing and printing; special 24 hour service; Velox or Cyko paper. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway. 'Phone 1509.

FIVE and seven passenger cars to hire. 'Phone 1265-M, Goodrich, 112 Hone St.

MEMBERS OF THE "$1,000 CLUB"

Following is a complete list of the "One Thousand Dollar Club," being those who pledged themselves to buy War Savings Stamps to that amount in the recent campaign:

Dr. E. H. Loughran.
Sarah B. Reynolds.
William F. Rafferty.
Mrs. Grace Young.
J. V. Merrihew, Olive.
Peter and Mary O. Black, Rosendale.
William Lawton.
Frank Forman.
Hon. G. D. B. Hasbrouck.
Mrs. James S. Winne.
John F. Conlin.
John T. Loughran.
Virgil B. and Maggie Van Wagenen.
Hon. A. T. Clearwater.
Elmer and May Palen.
Hon. William D. Brinnier.
Charles and Lillian Snyder.
Hon. John G. and Anna M. Van Etten.
D. J. Murphy.
John D. Schoonmaker.
Edward Coykendall.
James F. Dwyer.
Hon. Jacob Rice.
Charles Andres.
James A. Phelan.
Charles S. Wood.
Mary L. Turck.
William J. Tuck.
H. Carl.
Mrs. Carl and Ruth Carl.
D. N. Mathews.
Judge James Jenkins.
William M. Davis.
Hon. James A. Betts.
John C. Oliver, Marbletown.
John H. Saxe, West Hurley.
Ira Saxe, West Hurley.
Arthur Howe, West Hurley.
Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Kiersted, West Hurley.
Fred Saxe and daughter, West Hurley.
J. Wesley Mosher West Hurley.
Mrs. J. Wesley Mosher, West Hurley.
Charlotte Van Etten, West Hurley.
Mrs. E. J. Willis, Lomontville.
Eward T. McGill.
Mary E. McGill.
Dr. O'Meara.
Peter Barmann.
Abram DeGraff.
Mrs. Myron Teller.
Mrs. Rose Gotelli.
Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Marks.
Patriot.
Mrs. Charles McBride.
Charles Egan.
Edward Meyer.
Charles Schoonmaker.
M. Dittmar.
George A. Dittmar.
Max Jacobson and family.
Carl Fisher.
Charles Ramsey.
Esther Sahler.
F. G. Smith.
Mrs. M. W. Gallagher.
Mrs. E. H. Washburn.
Philip Elting.
Kingston Savings Bank.
Myron Baker, Rochesetr
Edna Baker, Rochester
Leonard Markle, Rochester
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Vogt
Mr. and Mrs. Garrett M. Shaw, Marbletown
Mrs. Carrie C. Winne
L. F. Bannon
O. Ray Hiltebrant
S. D. Hiltebrant
Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Oliver
Jacob Owens
Agnes M. Loos
Gustave Van Deusen Hutton
Michael Howard
Joseph Block and family
Morris Block
A. W. Wiedeman and family
John Lindhorst
Mrs. John N. Cordts
John N. Cordts
Seth Staples and family
Mr. and Mrs. Peter Boice
Mr. and Mrs. Louis Roberts
Mrs. C. Drautz
Mrs. Althea Dimick
M. J. Morris
Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Lowe
John E. Lindhorst
W. A. Duplan
Mrs. Ella D. Coons
Thomas Kennedy, Ellenville
Mrs. Minnie E. Darling
Mrs. Mary Roberts and family
Mrs. Barbara Drautz
Mrs. Seth Staples
Joseph Block
Robert Rodie
Mrs. Rodney B. Osterhoudt.

ONEONTA UNION DEPOT.

U. & D. Business To Be Done At D. & H. Terminal.

Under instructions from the U. S. Railway Administration, effective midnight, Thursday, August 15th, 1918, all freight, passenger and baggage business formerly transacted at the Ulster & Delaware station at Oneonta, N. Y., will be conducted at the freight and passsenger stations of the Delaware & Hudson Co., at Oneonta, N. Y. The Delaware & Hudson Railroad willl assume the operation of Oneonta terminal.

DIED.

BLANSHAN—At Maple Hill, August 8, George Blanshan, aged 68 years.

Funeral Sunday from Bloomington Church at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment in Bloomington Cemetery.

Lady Assistant Phone 1042-W
WILLIAM C. KUKUK
Funeral Director and Embalmer
118 Downs St., Kingston, N. Y.

Telephone Connections | New York Office 14 East 39th St.
R. H. McCUTCHEON,
Funeral Director. Embalmer.
44 Prince St., Kingston, N. Y.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, Aug. 10.—The stock market started with vigorous buying in the steel and shipping stocks today, with many of these issues selling at the highest points reported in several weeks. Steel Common was traded in on a large scale advancing ¾ to 112 in the first few minutes, and Crucible was unusually active, moving up 1⅜ to 68¾. Baldwin Locomotive rose ⅝ to 96⅛. There was a brisk demand for Marine Preferred, which advanced 1⅛ to 100⅝ and the Common moved up 1 point to 27¾. Atlantic Gulf rose 1⅛ to 104⅞. Trading in other stocks was quiet with only slight changes in the railway issues, the most important being an advance of ⅝ in Union Pacific to 122. United Cigar Stores made an advance of ⅝ to 101⅛. Liberty 3½'s again sold at 100.02.

The market closed strong. In the last few minutes urgent covering by shorts caused another sharp advance in the steel issues. Steel Common closed at 112¾, the high price of the day and Republic Steel also closed at the top at 93¾. Baldwin, after selling up to 96¾ was finally 95¾, while Crucible closed ⅛ below the high at 68⅞. Mexican Petroleum was finally 102⅛; Marine Preferred 99⅞ and Burns Brothers had a sharp rise in the last few minutes, closing at 143. General Motors declined 5 points to 148. Sales today 231,100 shares; bonds $3,099,000. Sales this week 1,160,600 shares; bonds $35,604,000.

Quotations given by C. D. Halsey & Co., 15 Broad street, New York city, branch office, Warren building, 260-2 Fair street, Kingston, N. Y.

THE CLOSING QUOTATIONS

Alis-Chalmers	34
American Beet Sugar	70
American Car & Foundry	85⅝
American Can	47¾
American Cotton Oil	41¾
American Locomotive	67½
American Smelting & Ref. Co	
American Sugar	
Anaconda Copper Mining	67
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	
Baldwin Loco	95¾
Baltimore & Ohio	
Bethlehem Steel B	85
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	40¾
Canadian Pacific	155⅞
Central Leather	
Chesapeake & Ohio	
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	46
Colorado Fuel & Iron	46⅞
Corn Products	44⅛
Crucible Steel	69
Distillers' Securities	59¼
Erie	
Erie, 1st pfd	
Goodrich Rubber	
Great Northern, pfd	
Great Northern Ore	35½
Interborough Con	
Inter. Con. pfd	
Kansas City Southern	
Lehigh Valley	57½
Maxwell Motor	
Maxwell Motor, 1st pfd	
Maxwell Motor, 2d pfd	
Mexican Petroleum	102⅛
National Lead	
New York Central	72½
N. Y., N. H. & H	40½
New York, Ontario & Western	
Norfolk & Western	
Northern Pacific	88⅛
Pennsylvania Railroad	43⅜
People's Gas, Chicago	
Pittsburgh Coal	51⅝
Pressed Steel Car	76½
Railway Steel Sp'g	62¼
Reading	89⅞
Rep. Iron & Steel	93⅝
Southern Pacific	85⅞
Southern Railway	23½
Southern Railway, pfd	63
Studebaker	45⅝
Union Pacific	122⅞
U. S. Steel	112⅝
U. S. Steel, pfd	
U. S. Rubber	61¼
Utah Copper	81⅞
Virginia Car. Chem	51⅜
Westinghouse Electric	41⅝

A FOUR STAR FAMILY.

Theodore A. Voss of Phoenicia has three sons and a daughter in the service, one son with the First Engineers, who has been in France for nearly a year; one son who is now in the navy and who served with the National Guard on the Mexican border; one son who was graduated last June from a medical college and enlisted in the Medical Corps, and the daughter, who is a nurse duly enlisted in the government service. This explains the following from the pen of Mr. Voss:

The Four Star Family.

I.

The adopted land, where the Stars and Stripes are floating high,
And the plow and factories are working,
Where every man is the equal of each,
Where no King nor Kaiser is ruling;
'Tis the vote of the people and democratic ideals,
That's the land to live,
And good enough for me to give,
One Star for the Engineer.

II.

'Tis the land of the free and the Sea;
Blessed the man who toils in sweat,
For the country he has wet,
Aliens or natives, we must all be alike,
And fight for our Country adopted of Stars and Stripes.
Shoulder to shoulder we must stand and fight and stand,
And a second Star to the Sea must be given.

III.

Our Wives and Daughters, and all the sex,
Must join the fight for liberty's sake;
Though mother or sweetheart, and though it is hard,
You must do your bit for the man at large;
Your Daughter must go to the Red Cross field,
To aid in the suffering in this great ideal;
Add the Third Star here.

IV.

To the Hospital Staff your son must go,
To aid the wounded heroes in the field of fire aglow;
If captain or private, it is all alike;
We must do our bit for the Stars and the Stripes;
And the Fourth Star here.

I have two more in training, and cheerfully give,
As American citizen freely to live,
For the freedom of the world and democratic ideals,
That the Kaiser shall never enter America's fields,
Oh thou to the Lord must bend the knee,
But never for King or Kaiser must it be.

Now Mother and Father are left alone,
At home to toil for the Liberty Loan;
With sweat of brow they cheerfully give,
For the adopted country, that liberty live.
At sunset they sit on the porch to rest,
And gaze at the emblem of Four Stars, (at the left),
With a tear in the eye and one request,
That the Four will return e'er God calls them to rest.

SUNDAY SERVICES IN THE CHURCHES.

Church of the Holy Spirit, Rev. J. Evans Bold, rector—Holy communion at 8 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 10:45. No evening service.

First Church of Christ, Scietist, 161 Fair street—Service at 11 a. m., subject, "Spirit;" Sunday school at 12 o'clock; Testimonial meeting Wednesday evening at 7:45.

First Presbyterian Church, Elmendorf street, the Rev. Putnam Cady, D. D., pastor—Church closed during month of August. Union service with First Baptist Church, Albany avenue. Preaching by the Rev. E. R. James, morning only.

Spring Street German Lutheran Church, the Rev. A. Schmidtkonz, pastor.—Service at 10:30 a. m.; subject of the sermon, "Why Lot's Wife Became a Pillar of Salt." Sunday school at 9 a. m. English evening services on the first and third Sundays of the month.

St. James M. E. Church, Rev. T. H. Baragawanath, pastor—Morning service 10:30, the Rev. O. Merchant will occupy pulpit; Sunday school 11:45; union prayer meeting Fair Street Church Thursday evening at 7:45.

Free Methodist Church, Tremper avenue near O'Neil street, the Rev. A. Willis Myer, pastor—Sunday School 10:00 a. m.; Preaching 11 a. m., subject, "The Transfiguration;" Young people's meeting at 6:45 p. m.; preaching in the evening at 7:30. Until October 1st, prayer and class meetings will be held on Wednesday evening.

Livingston Street Lutheran Church, at the head of East Chestnut street, Rev. F. T. Schroeder, pastor.—Morning service at 10:30. Sermon by the Rev. Karl Kretzmann of New York city. At 7:30 in the evening an interesting lecture will be held on our "Camp and Hospital Work," among our boys in the army and navy.

Fair Street Reformed Church, Rev. F. B. Seeley, pastor—Divine worship at 10:30 a. m. Preaching by Rev. Peter Crispell, of Newburgh, N. Y., at the morning service. Sunday school at noon. There will no Christian Endeavors or evening service. Union mid-week prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:45 in the Fair Street Reformed Church.

Trinity M. E. Church, corner Wurts and Hunter streets—Class meeting at 9:45 a. m. Rev. J. J. Henry, pastor of the Tarrytown M. E. Church, will preach at both morning and evening services. Morning service at 10:30; subject, "Kin to God." Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Epworth League at 6:45, leader John Van Valkenburg; subject "Is There Anyone I Cannot Forgive." Evening service at 7:30; subject, "The Lost Years." Regular prayer service on Thursday evening.

Musical Program

At the Rondout Presbyterian Church, Sunday:

Prelude .... Houser
Anthem—Sing Alleliua Forth, Shelly
Solo—Why Art Thou Cast Down, O My Soul .... Spickler
Miss Virginia Los Kamp.
Postlude—Tempoe March .. Vincent

Rev. Thomas G. Moffett, of New York city, will preach at the morning service. No evening service.

Clinton Avenue M. E. Church

Morning worship at 10:30—sermon topic, "Exciting the Love of Christ."

Sunday school session and class meeting at 11:45.

Epworth League devotional service at 6:30—topic, "Is There Anyone I Cannot Forgive?" Leaders Mary Brown and Flora Barton.

Evening worship at 7:30 (note 7:30 instead of 8 o'clock)—sermon topic, "How Others did Theirs and Doing Just Our Part."

Class meeting Tuesday evening at 7:45.

Weekly prayer service Thursday evening at 7:45 followed by the monthly meeting of the Sunday school board.

Church located at Clinton avenue and Liberty street, G. M. Cranston pastor.

Leading Man Called to Colors.

The Mattice Stock Company, which has been playing in New Paltz, has been forced to disband on account of the leading man, Mr. Corbin, being called in the draft.

OFFICIAL WINCHESTER JUNIOR RIFLE CORPS
Medal Contest
—AT—
Kingston Point Park Shooting Gallery
W. W. MILLER, Proprietor

Contest for Winchester medals from now until close of season.

CONDITIONS.

Any boy or girl, not over 18 years of age. Members of the W. J. R. C. can compete. Membership can be had on application at the shooting gallery. Start now and win a medal.

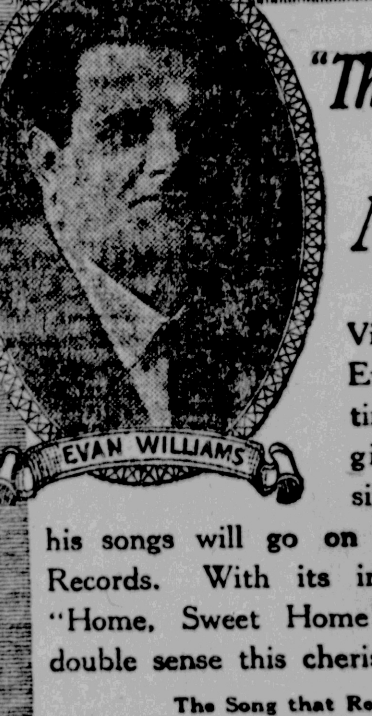
ABOUT PARADES

The last time I was in Kingston I took part in three parades on the same day—one early in the morning in honor of the boys who went away, one in Saugerties in celebration of a fine victory by our boys, and one in Kingston at night, a continuation of the Saugerties parade. Had a most enjoyable time along with the Saugertiesians and Kingstonians.

When I wasn't taking part in celebration parades, I paraded my goods with the result that an added number of Kingstonians and Saugertiesians now possess engraved stationery of the finest quality.

When I'm not parading in honor of soldiers and victories, I'm busy selling engraved, lithographed and printed stationery, and if you want the best just get in touch with

Joseph Drake
Stationery Specialist
116 Nassau St.
New York



"The Song that reached My Heart"

One of the last Victrola Records that Evan Williams was destined to make! This gifted and popular singer has gone, but his songs will go on forever on Victrola Records. With its interjected strains of "Home, Sweet Home" the song is in a double sense this cherished artist's farewell.

The Song that Reached My Heart
Victrola Red Seal Record, 74571

Harry Lauder turns to recitation

He gives "a little story about a lad I met at the front." And he does it in his own delightful characteristic way!

Granny's Laddy
Victor Record, 70121

Stop in and let us play these records for you, or any other of the

New Victor Records for August

E. WINTER'S SONS
JOHN ST. OPEN EVENINGS

Kingston Daily Freeman.

TERMS:

Per Annum in advance $6.00
Per Month ..... .50
Twelve Cents Per Week.

Entered as Second-class matter at the postoffice at Kingston, N. Y.
Published by Freeman Publishing Company, at 8-9 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y. Jay E. Klock, President; Alfred DuPlon, Secretary and Treasurer. Addresses 8-9 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y. Louise M. Klock, Vice-President, 242 Albany Avenue, Kingston, N. Y.

Member American Newspaper Publishers' Association.
Member New York Associated Dailies.
Official paper of Kingston City.
Official paper of Ulster County.

Please address all communications and make all money orders and checks payable to Freeman Publishing Company, 8-9 Broadway.

Telephone Calls:
New York Telephone—Main Office, Downtown, 1275. Uptown Office, 822.

KINGSTON, N. Y., AUGUST 10, 1918

INTERNATIONAL DRAFT LAW.

No more can the slacker away from home enjoy the protection of two flags while serving neither. The draft treaty between the United States and Great Britain, which has been ratified and immediately becomes operative, puts a resolute official hand upon the shoulder of both the Englishman sojourning in America and the American residing in England. Under the new law neither government will need to reach its arm into the country of the other in order to round up its laggards lingering abroad and it is expected to work to the benefit of both nations while doing no injustice to individuals. A British citizen in America between the ages of 21 and 44 will be subject to our selective service law. Irishmen and Australians excepted until the empire applies compulsory service to those islands. All Americans in Great Britain or Canada between the ages of 21 and 31 will be drafted under the conscription laws of Great Britain—older men coming under the treaty provisions should congress advance the draft age.

Having declined to report for duty under his home flag, the slacker residing abroad must now serve under the flag of the country of his sojourn. Of course many Americans in England and Englishmen in America have already come forward. The new arrangement merely aims to comb both countries of persistent slackers, and no doubt this just solution of the problem will put an end to unworthy careers of such dodgers

OUR GREAT BRITISH ALLY

The surprising announcement is made that British naval strength has grown 160 per cent during four years of war. The German effort to destroy the British navy through submarine attack is an even more complete failure than the effort to destroy the British merchant marine and starve England. The 146,000 officers and men of the British navy of four years ago have increased to 391,000, while the tonnage of the British navy, apart from the American addition to its fighting strength, has increased 4,000,000 tons or 160 per cent in spite of heavy losses. Such has been the wonderful achievement on the sea of the determined Britishers even while England and her colonies were contributing more than seven million soldiers to the war on land, half a million of whom have been slain and two million of whom are wounded or missing.

This great fact largely explains why our transport of soldiers and food has been so successful in spite of the submarine menace. We have used British carriers and armed convoys as well as our own. Less than half of our first million soldiers sent to France were carried in American ships. The figures for Great Britain's vast transport of men, horses, munitions and food over seas since the war began are almost incredible. Though mighty America's own strength has come to the rescue, it is not too much to say that only the might of Great Britain made it possible for the work of rescue to be accomplished in time.

The Democratic state platform praises President Wilson for championing the selective service act but discreetly refrains from stating the fact that Democratic leaders in Congress would not support the bill and it remained for Republican Congressmen to put it through. There is no better argument for the election of Republican Congressmen than President Wilson's experience with the selective law.

Like Charles Dickens, Rudyard Kipling and a few other Englishmen, Admiral Sims has seen fit to decline the knightly decoration offered by a British monarch. Apparently General Pershing and one or two other American commanders have accepted, no doubt regarding the royal gifts as mere souvenirs and not wishing to hurt the feelings of so amiable a gentleman as King George.

Our war costs need to be reduced to simpler figures in order to be brought within the mind's grasp, and so it has been calculated that we are spending about fifty millions a day or about two millions an hour. To this extent we have been taxed by the unspeakable world-raiding Hun.

The Kaiser wrote that he was "immensely gratified" at such devotion and sent his photograph when he learned that nine sons of a woman of Oldenburg had been killed in the war, but he has not prevented Frau Meter from begging her bread in the streets, a grim necessity brought upon her in consequence of her cruel loss.

LITTLE LAUGHS.

"Here's a writer says that many a man is a poet without knowing it." "Gee, what luck."—Boston Transcript.

"Aw, I'm making quite an impression on Miss Flutdub. But they say she's a desperate flirt." "Is she actually going around with you?" "Aw, yes." "She must be desperate."—Kansas City Journal.

"I can remember when all this land could have been bought for a song." "Yes," replied Farmer Corntossel. "So kin I. But the climate was so bad that everybody had a sore throat an' couldn't sing."—Washington Star.

A Familiar Spirit—Medium—"Now, sir, be seated, in just a moment I will give a convulsive shudder, my voice will change, and I will go into a trance and begin to talk wildly, and possibly clutch you by the hair. You are not afraid are you?" Dimpleton—"Afraid. Why, that's what my wife does all the time."—Life.

Little Or No Chance.

Smith, who lived in a small western town, owned a dog that could make more music than a college yell. It was a night that he particularly shone at, as that time Jones, who lived next door, went without sleep as long as possible, and then rambling over the partition fence, he told Smith that unless Fido was suppressed there was going to be a sound in the back yard like the discharge of a gun.

That night, when Jones returned home, Smith met him at the gate with a smile that glowed like the setting sun.

"Just a minute, Mr. Jones," intercepted Smith. "I thought you would be interested to know that I have disposed of that dog."

"You don't really mean it," responded Jones, visibly pleased. "Did you kill him?"

"Oh, no," was the startled rejoinder of Smith; "I traded him to Mike Johnson for a cornet."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Retreating to Victory.

An intoxicated man hailed a cab. After he had clambed in the cabby leaned over and asked, "What street do you want?"

"What streets have you?" he inquired.

"Lots of 'em," smiled the cabby, humoring him.

"Gimme 'em all," he said, waving his arm grandly.

After they had been driving for several hours the man in the cab ordered a stop.

"How much do I owe you?"

"Seven dollars and fifty cents."

"Well—you better drive back till you get to thirty-fi' shents, 'cause thashall I got."—Illinois Siren.

A Fond Dream Shattered.

A young soldier produced a small, square box from his tunic pocket.

"I have a present for you," he began. "I don't know whether it will fit your finger or not, but—"

"Oh, George!" she broke in, "this is so sudden! Why, I never dreamed—"

But just then George produced the gift—a silver thimble—and it got suddenly cooler in the room.—Pearson's Weekly.

Weak Spot in His Armor.

"Papa, when you see a mouse, aren't you afraid?"

"Certainly not."

"When you see a cow aren't you afraid?"

"No, of course not."

"And when the Cothas come, aren't you afraid?"

"No, my dear."

"Papa, aren't you really afraid of anything 'cept mamma?"—Pearson's Weekly.

TWENTY AND TEN YEARS AGO.

August 10, 1898.—Death of Dr. Warren Kemble in Saugerties.

Hiram Turner, who escaped from Albany penitentiary, captured in Shawangunk mountains by Edward Budington.

Mrs. Catherine J. Markle and William Brink of Rosendale married.

August 10, 1908.—Grand United Order of Fishermen of Galilee of the Eastern and Western Hemispheres convened here.

Mrs. Thomas McNamee died in Edgemere.

WHITFIELD.

Whitfield, Aug. 10.—Mrs. Marcena Fredenburgh and children are spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Markle.

Mrs. T. Quick is improving slowly.

Mrs. I. H. D. Lefevre of Newark, N. J., is spending a few days at the home of relatives and friends.

Mrs. James H. Enderly is improving. She suffered from rheumatism.

Mrs. John W. Enderly is ill. She is somewhat better at this writing.

Farmers are nearly through with haying. It has been a short season. Oats are considered an abundant crop. Buckwheat is looking fine.

Billy Kelly Sold.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Saratoga Springs, Aug. 10.—Billy Kelly, star two year old gelding, is today the property of Commander J. K. L. Ross of Toronto, who paid $10,000 for the horse. The gelding recently won the Flash and United States Hotel stakes.

VICTORY MENUS.

These menus, planned to conserve time, labor and money, to save the foods that are scarce and use those of which there is an abundance, are Victory Menus in more senses than one. They are prepared by the Department of Home Economics of the State College of Agriculture and endorsed by the New York State Food Commission.

Sunday.

Breakfast—Whole peaches, corn flakes with top milk, wheatless toast, *soft cooked eggs, coffee.

Dinner—Roast of lamb, gravy, mashed potatoes, summer squash, *frozen custard, *wheatless wafers.

Lunch or Supper—Lettuce sandwiches, cottage cheese with pimento sandwiches, *spice cake, blackberries, *lemonade.

*May be omitted and still leave a balanced meal.

Milk for the children to drink at each meal.

With sugar so scarce, it is well to remember that we do not need any sugar so far as our health is concerned. Our natural foods, especially milk, fruits and succulent vegetables contain all the sugar necessary for us. Food scientists claim our health would not suffer in the least in a well-balanced diet if no added sugar were consumed. Sugar is perhaps the greatest non-essential food in which we indulge.

Spice Cake.

1½ cups barley flour, ½ cup rice flour, 4 teaspoons baking powder, ¼ teaspoon salt; 1 teaspoon cinnamon, cloves and nutmeg, ½ cup butter or other fat, ⅝ cup corn syrup, ¼ cup molasses, 2 eggs, ½ cup milk, 1 teaspoon vanilla.

Sift the dry ingredients. Cream the fat, add the sirup, molasses, beaten egg and milk. Then add the dry ingredients and the vanilla. Bake the cake in a loaf in a moderate oven.

MONDAY

Breakfast.

Stewed apricots
Cornmeal griddle cakes
*Corn sirup *Cocoa

Lunch or Supper.

Bean souffle
Tomato salad Wheatless bread
Fruit gelatin

Dinner.

Sliced left-over roast of lamb, gravy
Quartered browned potatoes
Buttered beets
Maple blanc mange with cream

*May be omitted and still leave a balanced meal.

Milk for the children to drink at each meal.

Because beans save meat and there is a surplus of them in New York state we must add beans to our menus. The bean may appear in many delectable hot weather dishes such as bean souffle. Welcome it to the table as a meat-saver and a war-helper.

Bean Souffle.

1 pint hot boiled-bean pulp, 2 eggs, 1 teaspoonful onion juice, 2 tablespoonsful finely chopped parsley.

Beat the yolks of the eggs, and add to them the other ingredients. Fold in the well-beaten whites of the eggs. Heap the mixture lightly in a baking dish. Bake it in a slow oven for about twenty minutes or until it is set. Serve it immediately.

Recipes for any of the dishes in these menus which cannot be found in cook books may be had by writing to the Department of Home Economics, State College of Agriculture, Ithaca, N. Y.

CITY LIBRARY.

Report of Librarian For Month of July.

Number of volumes added.

By purchase	35
Gifts	3
Total	38
Number of volumes in the library	10273
Circulation:	
Children's books loaned	1849
Adult books loaned	2553
Total	4402
Total for July 1917	3908
Increase from last year	414
Uptown branch	208
Daily average	169
New readers registered	66
Use of the reading rooms:	
Children	1002
Adults	786
Total	1788
Total for July 1917	1697
Reference readers	157
Gifts.	
Mrs. Aucock	1 book
Miss Cordes	6 books
Charles Freer	4 books
Miss Ellen Hasbrouck	2 books
Mrs. Hiller	5 books
Miss Ingram	17 books
E. L. Merritt	
33 books and 50 pamphlets	
Mrs. Von Munchow	1 book

MAVERICK CONCERT.

Tomorrow's Musical Program at Woodstock.

Following is the program for the Maverick concert Sunday at Woodstock:

Charles Cooper, piano.
Pierre Henrotte, violin.
I—Sonata 10, piano and violin ..... —Mozart
allegro moderato
andantino sostenuto
allegro
II—Violin Solos.
En Bateau ..... Debussy
Nocturne, E flat major ..Chopin
Souvenir ..... Drdla
III—Sonata, opus 45.....Ed. Grieg
allegro moko ed appassionato
allegretto espessivo alla romanza
allegro animato
(Steinway Piano used.)
Exhibition of Paintings.

ALBANY HEARING

On Closing of Grade Crossings in Saugerties.

(Special to The Freeman.)

Albany, Aug. 10.—Public Service Commissioner Fennell, at 53 North Pearl street, Albany, on Tuesday at 2 p. m., will give a hearing on the petition of the New York Central Railroad for the closing of two grade and one overhead crossing in the town of Saugerties and the construction of a new piece of highway.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

Your opportunity to name the candidate for the Republican nomination for County Judge of Ulster County.

Primary Day, September 3rd, 1918,

TO VOTE FOR

HARRY H. FLEMMING

Place a cross mark X in the voting square at the left of his name.

SPORTING GOODS
For Summer Vacations
TENNIS RACQUETS, TENNIS BALLS, TENNIS COURT MARKING TAPE FOR DOUBLE COURT
Kodaks---Films and Supplies
Developing and Printing---Twenty-Four Hour Service
OFFICIAL AUTOMOBILE BLUE BOOK AND ROAD MAPS
FORSYTH & DAVIS, Inc.
307 Wall St. Phone 708

Oldest Bank in Ulster County
Original Charter Dated 1831
National Ulster County Bank
COR. WALL AND JOHN STS., KINGSTON, N. Y.
Depository of the UNITED STATES for Postal Savings Funds.
Depository of the STATE OF NEW YORK.
4% Capital $150,000.00
Surplus and Profits $100,000.00
Resources Over... $1,400,000.00 4%
4 PER CENT PER ANNUM
Paid on Time Interest Accounts
This Bank has never failed to pay an annual dividend to its stockholders in the eighty-seven years of its existence.
FREDERICK J. R. CLARKE, President.
JAMES A. BETTS, Vice-President.
CHARLES SNYDER, Cashier.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

He is happiest who hath power
To gather wisdom from every flower,
And wake his heart in every hour
To pleasant gratitude.
—Wordsworth.

WHAT TO HAVE FOR DINNER.

With the food problems of the present day, a housekeeper must not only be a good manager but a mathematician. It is necessary to have no waste, that careful preparation for each meal be made.

Surprise Biscuit.—Prepare baking powder biscuit as usual with the exception of wheat flour; substitute corn flour, potato or barley. Roll the biscuit rather thin and place a spoonful of chopped seasoned meat on one, cover with another, bake until well done and serve with a brown gravy poured over each. This makes a good main dish, which will use up leftover meats.

Add a cupful of stoned chopped dates to a loaf of bread when ready for the pan.

Cheese Salad.—Grate half a pound of cheese and mix it with a boiled salad dressing, or a mayonnaise, enough to make it creamy. Put it through a potato ricer on head lettuce and serve with bits of chopped olives for a garnish. Grated maple sugar, chopped almonds and cream make delicious sandwich filling and quite in season.

Date Tapioca.—Cook in a double boiler, stirring frequently, three tablespoonfuls of tapioca, three pints of milk and three-fourths of a cupful of maple syrup. When cool stir in a cupful of chopped dates, a teaspoonful of lemon juice, then bake in a well buttered baking dish.

East Indian Meat.—Put a pound and a half of round steak through a meat grinder, also one green pepper and onion, a cupful of bread crumbs and salt and pepper to taste. Mix well and make into a loaf. Lay in the baking pan with slices of bacon over the top, pour over a can of tomatoes and bake one and one-quarter hours. Remove the meat and thicken the sauce. Serve either hot or cold.

Nellie Maxwell

She Knew Him.

"You won't object if I go on with my knitting while we talk, will you, Mr. Boreleigh? I always think that one should keep one's mind occupied."

KEEP POSTED
Read These Advertisements Over Carefully. You May Need One or the Other Some Day.
REPAIR DIRECTORY.
Here you will find experienced mechanics in their line who make a specialty of repairing anything from a watch to an automobile.

Plumbing, repairing, steam, hot water, hot air heating, tin, slate roofing, metal ceilings, etc.
ELTING LONGYEAR
685 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

Watch, clock and jewelry repairing. Hand engraving. Eye glasses repaired.
C. V. L. PITTS & SONS
314 Wall St.

Mason's Building Material
BEAVER BOARD
SLATE SURFACED ROOFING
Richard Tappen
100 GREENKILL AVE.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Nancy Bonds, late of the town of Rosendale, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Emma Messing, the executrix of the estate of said deceased, at No. 121 Cedar street, in the city of Kingston, Ulster county, N. Y., on or before the 28th day of January, 1919.

Dated July 26, 1918.

EMMA MESSING,
Executrix.

Frederick Stephan, Jr., Attorney, 21 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

Kingston Savings Bank
475 Wall street, Kingston, N. Y.
CHARTERED 1874

OFFICERS:
MYRON TELLER, President.
GEORGE BURGEVIN, V. B. VAN WAGONER, Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES TAPPEN, Treasurer.
CHARLES H. DE LA VERGNE, Assistant Treasurer.
HARRY ENSIGN, Accountant.
JAMES A. BETTS, Counsel.

TRUSTEES:
James A. Betts, George Burgevin, Endee P. Boice, Lewis B. Wilbur, Everett Fowler, D. N. Matthews, John H. Kraft, Sam Bernstein, Charles Tappen, A. D. Rose, Myron Teller, Virgil B. VanWagonen, Irvin E. Norwood

Deposits made on or before Sept. 3, 1918, and remaining in bank until Jan. 1, 1919, will be credited with four (4) months' interest.

Interest will be paid on all sums from one dollar to three thousand dollars.

Accounts may be opened by mail for which a bank book will be forwarded on receipt of New York draft, certified check, post office or express money order.

Rooms for the convenience of ladies are a feature of the banking house.

Interest at the rate of 4 per centum was declared for six months ending June 30, 1918.

Deposits commence to draw interest from the first of each month.

Money withdrawn before January 1 and July 1 will not be entitled to interest.

THE RONDOUT Savings Bank
RONDOUT, N. Y.

OFFICERS:
J. E. DERRENBACHER .....President
T. C. COYKENDALL.....1st Vice-President
F. E. GRIFFITHS.....2nd Vice-President
DAYTON MURRAY .....Secretary
HERBERT HALL .....Bookkeeper

TRUSTEES:
John D. Schoonmaker, F. Stephan, Jr., F. H. Griffiths, Wesley D. Hale, J. Graham Rose, E. Coykendall, John S. Thompson, A. A. Stern, T. C. Coykendall, H. H. Flemming, Nicholas Stock.

Interest credited semi-annually, January and July.

Moneys withdrawn before January 1 and July will not be entitled to interest.

Deposits commence to draw interest from the first of each month.

All deposits made on or before the 10th day of January and July draw interest from the first days of these months.

Banking hours from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.; Saturdays 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Interest will be paid on all sums from $5 to $3,000.

Interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum was declared for six months ending June 30, 1918.

ULSTER COUNTY SAVINGS INSTITUTION
280 Wall Street. Kingston, N. Y.
INCORPORATED 1851.

WM. C. SHAFER, President.
HARRY R. BRIGHAM, CHARLES S. WOOD, Vice-Presidents.
J. M. SCHAEFFER, Secretary.
JOHN B. ALLIGER, Treasurer.
JAMES J. O'CONNOR, Teller.
JOHN R. T. HALL, Bookkeeper.
PHILIP ELTING, Attorney.

TRUSTEES:
John B. Alliger, George Hutton, H. R. Brigham, G. D. B. Hasbrouck, David Burgevin, W. R. Harrison, Howard Chipp, J. M. Schaeffer, Abm. V. DeGraff, Wm. C. Shafer, Philip Elting, C. S. Wood, Ogden F. Winne

For the six months ending June 30, 1918, interest will be credited July 1st, 1918, at 4 per cent per annum.

Interest not drawn will be added to the principal and draw interest.

Money deposited on or before Sept. 3, 1918, and remaining in bank until January 1st, 1919, will be credited with four (4) months' interest.

Women and children under age have by law the control of their own savings bank accounts.

Persons living out of the city may send money by bank draft, check, post office order or express, and deposit book will be returned by mail. ALL BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.
School Taxes.

NOTICE is hereby given that the school tax roll of the City of Kingston has been left with me for collection of the taxes therein mentioned; that FOR THIRTY DAYS every person, corporation or association may pay his, her or their tax to me between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m., except Saturdays when they may pay their tax to me between the hours of 9 a. m. and 12 noon, at the office of the city treasurer, city hall, without any additional charges; that for TWENTY DAYS succeeding TWO PER CENT FEES will be collected; that if any tax shall remain uncollected at the expiration of the time last mentioned, I shall give to the person or persons against whom such taxes remain charged, a written or printed notice, requiring said person or persons to pay such unpaid tax to me at my office WITHIN THIRTY DAYS THEREAFTER with FIVE PER CENT FEES thereon and ONE DOLLAR extra for such notice.

For the further convenience of taxpayers this office will be open Monday evenings during the first thirty days, from 7.30 to 9 o'clock.

ADDISON D. PARDEE,
City Treasurer.

Treasurer's Office, City of Kingston, August 1, 1918.

NOTICE OF COMPLETION OF ASSESSMENT ROLL.

Notice is hereby given that the assessor of the city of Kingston has completed his assessment roll for the current year. That a copy thereof has been left at his office in the city hall where it may be seen and examined by any person until the THIRD TUESDAY OF AUGUST NEXT, And that on such day at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, said assessor will attend at the city hall, in the said city, to hear and examine all complaints in relation to such assessments on the application of any person conceiving himself aggrieved thereby.

MORRIS BLOCK,
Assessor.

Dated this First Day of August, 1918.

Established 1884
C. D. HALSEY & CO.
Members of New York Stock Exchange.
Mills Building, New York City
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
BRANCH OFFICE
262 FAIR ST., KINGSTON, N. Y.
GEO. G. BROOKS, Resident Manager.

City Comforts are chiefly running water. That's something you can have. One of our

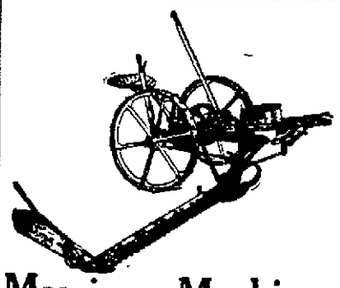
Leader Water Systems will give you bathroom luxury, kitchen and laundry comfort, and a fire protection with a water pressure equalling that of a small city.
You can have running water in stable, garden and field. The cost will be lower perhaps than you think. Let us give you an estimate on your needs.
Hand, gasoline or electric driven.
L. F. Bannon
16 to 18 HASBROUCK Ave.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE RAILROAD

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 30, 1918.
Trains are due to leave this city as follows:
Kingston Point, †2:20 p. m.
Rondout Sta., †6:25, s7:00 a. m.
Union Sta., †7:00, s7:30 a. m.; *1.53, †2:45, †4:00, x6:40 p. m.
Trains are due to arrive as follows:
Union Sta., †11:35 a. m., †2:25, *5 13, †7 16, †7.25, s8:45 p. m.
Rondout Sta., †11:55 a. m.; †7:33, †7:45 p. m.
Kingston Point, †12:00 noon.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. s Sunday only. x Friday only.

Rhinecliff Ferryboat Time Table.
Leaves Kingston 6:30, 7:40 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11.05, 11.50; a. m. 12:30, 1:30, 2:05, 2:45, 3:20, 4:90, 4.40, 5.30, 6:25 p. m.
Leaves Rhinecliff 7:15, 8:10, 9:25, 10;00, 10:45, 11:25 a. m.; 12:10, 12:50, 1.45, 2:25, 3:00, 3;40, 4:25 5:10, 6;00, 6:55 p. m.
On May 30, July 4 and September 2, the ferry will make the following extra trips:
Leave Kingston 7:30, 8:20, 9.00 p. m.
Leave Rhinecliff, 7:50, 8;40, 9:35 p. m.

L. F. BANNON
Plumbing, Heating & Contracting Company
16 and 18 HASBROUCK AVENUE
Plumbing Fixtures, Heating and Roofing Supplies, Pipe Fittings, Valves, Leaders, Gutters, etc., at wholesale prices.
First class mechanics to install same if desired.



Mowing Machines
Horse Rakes
Hay Carriers
Tedders
Sprayers
Pumps
Cream Separators
Churns
Milk Cans
Hose
Drain Tile
Stoves
Engines
CANFIELD SUPPLY CO.
Wholesale Dealers in Supplies for Plumbers, Tinners, Heating, Engineers and Farm Machinery.
Kingston, N. Y.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Steamers "Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," and "Albany."
Daily Including Sunday.
Subject to change without notice.
Down steamer leaves Kingston Point 12.25 P. M. Arrives New York, W. 129th St., 5:20 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 5:45 P. M.; Desbrosses St., 6.20 P. M.
Also Sundays only (June 30 to Aug. 25, inc.), leaves Kingston Point at 4:15 P. M. Arrives New York, W. 129th St., 9:15 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 9.35 P. M.
Up steamer leaves New York, Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42nd St., 9:00; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Arrives Kingston Point at 2:10 P. M.
Also Saturdays only (June 29 to Aug. 31). Leaves New York, Desbrosses St., 2 P. M.; W. 42nd St., 2:20; W. 129th St., 2:40 P. M. Arrives Kingston Point at 7:30 P. M.
Music. Restaurant. Lunch Room.

ADVERTISERS ESTIMATE THE VALUE BY THE CIRCULATION.
And The Freeman has a circulation double that of all other Kingston dailies combined.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1918.

Sun rises, 6:00; sets, 8:10.
Weather, cloudy.

The Temperature.

The lowest point registered by the Freeman thermometer last night was 72 degrees. The highest point registered up until noon today was 78 degrees.

Weather Forecast.

Washington, Aug. 10.—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday; moderate temperature, light northeast winds, becoming southerly.

PINE HILL HOTELS WANT LICENSES

Two Village Hotels Make Application—Only One Can Have a License.

Eugene Gormerly, George Beekman and Egbert Gosso, the excise committee appointed to recommend the licensing of hotels in the town of Shandaken after next October 1, recently visited Pine Hill looking over the hotel license proposition. Only one hotel will receive a license in Pine Hill and there are two hotels in the village. One is the Maple Hill Hotel, which is owned and conducted by Theodore S. Cole, and the other is the Avon Inn, formerly owned by J. S. Pessenar, who is now the proprietor of the West Shore Hotel on Railroad avenue, this city. Both hotels have made application to the committee for a license and their decision is awaited with considerable interest.

PATAUKUNK.

Pataukunk, Aug. 10.—The Sunday school picnic, supper and entertainment which was held on the school house grounds last Wednesday evening was well attended. The sum of forty-seven dollars being cleared.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Quick and infant son, of Leibhardt, spent spent Thursday afternoon with her mother, Mrs. Jerry Simpson.

Miss Sylvania Black of Kerhonkson, spent last Wednesday and Thursday with her friends, Miss Beatrice Burger of this place.

Mrs. Lulu Stritter and daughter, Lucile, and Miss Maye Simpson motored to Mount Vernon on Friday where they expect to spend a few days with friends.

Earl Coddington is spending his vacation at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Coddington of this place.

The Misses Beatrice Burger, Sylvania Black and Eula Simpson spent Thursday at the home of Miss Kathryn Dunn.

Mrs. Lulu Stritter of this place has been entertaining friends from Mt. Vernon for the last few days.

Mr. and Mrs. William Gorseline of this place, have received word of the safe arrival of their son, Claude, overseas.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

August reduction sale now on at Gregory & Company.

A GLORIOUS LOT.

of summer flowers and choice roses at VALENTIN BURGEVIN, INC., Fair and Main streets.

Elmer Palen will have at his next sale, Tuesday, August 13, at 682-684 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y., 35 head of commission horses.

AMERICAN FLAGS.

All wool and cotton bunting, imitation bunting, from 5c to $25. Flag poles and brackets, service flags, all sizes from 25c to $15. O'REILLY'S, 530 Broadway. Phone 1509.

WILLIAM MILLER'S TAXI SERVICE, 42 Elmendorf street, has given satisfaction for 19 years. Look for little blue panel on doors of taxis. PHONE CALL 17. Get the number right.

$1.00 shirts, 55c; $1.50 shirts, 79c. Factory seconds.
McTAGUE, 48 Broadway.

The Daily Freeman is on sale at the following stands of the Schultz News Agency in New York city.
102 W. 42nd Street.
42nd Street and Park Avenue (opposite Grand Central Depot.)
30th Street and Broadway, (S. W. Corner.
42nd Street and Sixth Avenue. (S. W. Corner.)

BATHING SUITS.

Boys', Men's and kiddies', all sizes and prices. Also separate trunks and bathing caps and shoes.
O'REILLY'S, 530 Broadway.

AUTO ROAD MAPS.

New Rand McNally Section Road Maps, just the thing you want; also the Blue Book, Scarborough's and Hammond's Maps. 'Phone 1509. O'REILLY, Broadway.

IFGHTING FOREST FIRES IN FRANCE

With the Thermometer at 100 in the Shade—And at Night One Needs a Blanket—French Children Studying English.

Camp de Souge, France, July 16. —I have been trying for the past three or four days to write but I have nothing to write about and so it is pretty hard to get started, but I know you will be looking for a letter and it is quite some time since I have written, so here goes. We will begin on the weather.

It sure was hot for the past few days and today it is cool now, 7 o'clock a. m., but promises to be another scorcher. I don't know how hot it does get but when you open a door it feels like opening an oven. It don't stop at 100 in the shade and no one has had nerve enough to risk a thermometer in the sun yet. I think yesterday was about the hottest yet and we are in for several weeks yet of this. Later in the evening it rained a bit and anyway it always cools off as soon as the sun is down and by 10 o'clock a blanket feels good. Everyone says that the early part of the summer up your way was cool, perhaps you are getting your share of the heat by now. Besides the nice warm sand to drill in and work on the guns the boys have had several little excursions out around here to fight forest fires. All about here it is as dry as a no-license town on a Sunday afternoon and once a fire gets started it sure goes some for there are all sorts of dead ferns and brush as high as a man's head in the woods. It is some job fighting a forest fire with the thermometer registering about one hundred and steen in the shade.

Now how is that for talking about the weather.

I have received several letters lately which I have not yet had time to answer for it is so hot that we don't feel much like doing anything and then for the past three or four days I have had a cold, which makes you feel pretty lazy during warm weather. I will get after them in a day or two and answer all of them although I have nothing to say.

You have probably heard that the American force gets a furlough after being in France for a time. Well I see my name is posted on the board to get one of the furloughs pretty soon now but I can't decide just when I would like to make it. I will have to wait for a couple of months perhaps yet for some of the fellows who have been here longer that I will have first choice. You have heard of the resorts set aside for the American soldiers on leave and I have decided that I will go to Aix-les-Bains one of the places set aside. It will be a distinct change from Souge. It is probable that Jacobi and I will try and make the trip together and if there is any possibility, may go the last of next month, it depends on whether we can get leave. For some time leaves were cancelled here and then no transportation was supplied but now we will again get our transportation and seven days, exclusive of the time spent in traveling, and I think something equivalent to rations. Our leave has been due for a long time but when there is any big troops movement on unnecessary travel is cut out.

I did not get down town Sunday in time to see the big French parade or the celebration and it was so hot in the afternoon that we found a shady bench in the park and spent the afternoon talking to a couple of French children who were studying English. It is the rage over here why "Everyone Is Doing It," and I guess after the war they will adopt English for keeps. In the last month I have learned about four more French words, so I am doing pretty good. If I stay over here about 40 years I will be able to talk I guess.

I told you I saw Tammney and had a date for a little trip with him but he was "suddenly called away" so I won't see him until after the war I guess unless I too make a move.

I am glad to learn that Miss Thorn has secured a school in town. Which one is she assigned to?

Will write again soon. Regards to everyone.

FRED.

Pay $5 to Kiss Sailor.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 10.—Women of the Baptist Churches sold $1,000 worth of thrift stamps at the "Little White House" in front of the federal building, which is the established headquarters of the thrift stamp committee in this city. Several girls in the noon day crowd bought $5 worth of stamps to obtain the privilege of kissing a sailor.

A Welcome Change.

The drop in the mercury and the cool, refreshing breezes of Friday night and today came as a welcome change from the hot wave that held Kingston in a tight grip for several days.

THE RED TRIANGLE AND RED CROSS AT THE FRONT

"Y" WORKER SUPPLIES WOUNDED SOLDIERS WITH SMOKES.

The Red Triangle and the Red Cross men frequently reach the regimental dressing station at the same time after a battle has started. In this picture Alfred Stokes,. Y. M. C. A. secretary, recommended for citation for bravery in aiding the wounded under fire, has just given a cigarette to a wounded soldier.

HOW MUCH DOES THE BABY WEIGH?

An Appeal to Mothers to Bring Their Babies to Welfare Stations, a Patriotic Duty That is Demanded in Behalf of the Nation.

More than seventy babies of this city have been weighed and measured during the first month of the child's welfare work now being carried on through the medium of two child's welfare stations already in operation.

The Hasbrouck avenue station at Murray street was opened July 1st with Miss E. L. Bates in charge. During two days of this week Miss Margaret Kasson, State Charities Aid Agent for dependent children, threw open her office in the Farm Bureau on John street for this purpose. Mrs. William Glass will take charge of the weighing and measuring of babies in this office for the convenience of mothers living uptown.

The third welfare station will be opened Monday in the city hall in charge of Miss Anne Heaney, the truant officer.

These three welfare stations will be a great convenience for mothers living in different parts of the city. They will be open for mothers with their babies Tuesdays adn Thursdays from 9 to 12 a. m., and 1 to 4 p. m.

Each woman in charge is a trained nurse competent to give advice to mothers with respect to the care of their babies. They are well informed as to the many trifling physical imperfections that are easily overlooked even by the mothers who are most attentive to the welfare of their babies. The baby is weighed and then measured. Naturally the mother is interested in all that pertains to the baby and she is encouraged to talk of the little one with the woman who has been trained and educated in the care of little people.

These welfare stations are not for the treatment of babies. They are maintained in accordance with the federal demands now being made on the parents of children of pre-school age, 5 years and under, throughout the entire country.

The medical service having the examination of men who are drafted have recommended the examination of infants as a national measure for the protection of childhood. A surprisingly large proportion of the men who have gone to camps have been rejected because of some physical imperfection, not always a disability, but some chronic difficulty that should not be found in men or women.

President Wilson has endorsed this work which is now for the first time taken up in this city and in fact in all cities of the country. What he has to say about it is this:

"Next to the duty of doing everything possible for the soldiers at the front, there could be, it seems to me, no more patriotic duty than that of protecting the children, who constitute one-third of our population.

"The success of the efforts made in England in behalf of the children is evidenced by the fact that the infant death rate in England for the second year of the war was the lowest in her history. Attention is now being given to education and labor conditions for children by the legislatures of both France and England, showing that the conviction among the Allies is that the protection of childhood is essential to winning the war.

"I am very glad that the same processes are being set afoot in this country, and I heartily approve the plan of the Children's Bureau and the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense for making the second year of the war one of united activity on behalf of children, and in that sense a children's year."

The city of Kingston is behind these welfare stations. They appeal to every mother in the city. And now that they are located conveniently it is important that mothers shall respond to this demand made on them by the nation. It is as necessary that girl as well as boy babies be examined. The healthy mother is as essential as the healthy boy. The mother raises the boy who may be called to be a soldier.

These stations are not for sick babies. They may be brought in if the child is not more than complaining. Often trifling complaints mean very little but eventually lead to a serious impairment of the boy or girl's physical being as they grow older. A mother may not discover adenoids in the babe. But the trained and experienced nurse will tell her the baby has adenoids if that is the case. Adenoids like many other things are easily treated if taken hold of at once. But if allowed to grow may lead to deafness.

The Women's Home Defence is cooperating through the Child's Welfare Committee, of which Mrs. Thomas Edmonston is chairman, in this work. These women who all volunteer their services appeal to the mothers of Kingston not to delay in bringing their babies to the nearest welfare station.

Now is the time while these stations are opened free to the public to come with your babies. The federal authorities are demanding it. It's a duty that mothers owe to their children. It's a patriotic service, a necessity that should not be neglected.

MORE WHEAT.

State Has Done Well But Is Capable of Bigger Crop Next Year.

Although the 1918 wheat crop is very satisfactory, being officially estimated at 900,000,000 bushels, yet a further increase in production is necessary to build our reserves above the danger point. New York state farmers are being asked to do their part in bringing the winter wheat acreage up to the 45,000,000 acres considered essential by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Food production in the countries of the Allies is greatly decreased. In France the total cereal production has been reduced nearly 50 per cent. This deficit can only be made good by practical farmers in the United States. And the patriotic farmers of New York state are asked to increase their production of winter wheat as their contribution toward winning the war.

Wheat growing is profitable in New York state, say experts who have investigated the subject. The average yield for the past ten years in the state has been a little over twenty bushels per acre. The average farm price for this year's crop is approximately $2.15 per bushel, making the average income per acre, about $43. The cost of producing wheat has undoubtedly increased, but from the reports being received from various sections, it is believed that this cost of production is still well below the income per acre derived from this crop. A reasonable profit will, it is asserted, come to any farmer who plants wheat. In this instance, patriotism and good farm management lie in the same direction, especially as wheat fits naturally into the crop rotation.

The Patriotic Farmers Fund with headquarters at Utica, N. Y., announces that it is prepared to finance New York state farmers for planting wheat to the extent of $10 an acre. This should make it possible for every farmer not only to plant a full acreage but to use proper equipment and sufficient fertilizer to insure the best results. It is estimated that the funds furnished by the Patriotic Farmers Fund enabled farmers to increase their acreage of wheat and rye by at least 180,000 acres last season. Even bigger results are looked for this year as many farmers who planted in an experimental way last year will largely increase their planting of winter wheat.

FUND FOR SOLDIERS.

Owner and Guests at Grand View to Hold Sale.

At the Grand View Inn, Rifton, this afternoon and evening there will be a sale of ice cream, candy and other articles donated by the owner of the hostelry, the entire proceeds to be applied to the purchase of comforts for the soldiers. In the evening there will be a masque ball and Mrs. Shapiro and the 150 or more guests are working hard to realize a substantial sum for the boys fighting for the rest of us.

Its Class.

She—"I heard a noise very late when you came in." He (facetiously)—"Was it the night falling?" She (sternly)—"No; it was the day breaking."

1897 THE ECONOMY STORE FOR 21 YEARS 1918

Coffee Percolators
ALUMINUM
Special $1.25

S. E. Eighmey

Box Writing Paper
GOOD QUALITY
25c 39c 50c

A Store Full of Attractive Values

Summer Dress Goods
44 INCH VOILES AT 45c Yd.

Advance orders have kept us well supplied with all the best selling colors, nickel, rose, Copen, blue, pink, lavender, white and black. Thousands of yards have been sold at the good, old price

45c yd.

Afternoon Dresses $3.50

Another lot of those smart Gingham Dresses, plaids and stripes, of good quality, with white collar and cuffs. (See table on main floor.) Good quality, fast colors, house dresses at

$1.59 and $1.97
SECOND FLOOR

Slip Over Sweaters

Good wool yarn
$2.97 to $6.97

Mercerized Sweater Coats, with plain or fancy collars
$5.97 and $6.97

Columbia Shirts
1.00 1.50 2.00 3.00 3.97 4.97

We knew right well that the men would appreciate these extraordinary values. If you can't come yourself send your wife, your mother or your sister, or just call us on the 'phone, 118, tell us the price you are willing to pay, we'll guarantee the values and exchange later if necessary.

Work Shirts
89c, $1.00 and $1.25

Muslin Underwear

When you consider the present price for all cotton goods, you will appreciate these values:

Muslin Gowns
97c $1.25, $1.50, $1.69 and $1.97
Skirts 97c, $1.25, $1.69, $1.97 and $2.50
Corset Covers 39c, 47c, 59c, 75c, $1.00
Envelope Chemise
97c, $1.25, $1.69, $1.97
Camisoles.....$1.25
Seal Pax Unions.....97c, $1.50, $2.97

The DOWNTOWN STORE for ECONOMY
Broadway and Mill St. S. E. EIGHMEY 26 Broadway.

FAST GAME FRIDAY IN TWILIGHT LEAGUE

The Freeman ball tossers defeated the U. & D. Shops in a fast game at McVey's Field Friday evening by a score of 9 to 8. The score by inning follows:

U. & D. .....0 1 0 5 2 0 0—8
Freeman .....0 0 3 0 0 2 4—9

Batteries—For U. & D., Joy and F. Brown; for Freeman, E. Harlow and Westfall.

The next game in the Twilight League is scheduled for Monday evening at McVey's Field, when the Crescents and Red Monograms will clash.

Tuesday evening the postponed game between The Freeman and the Red Monograms will be played.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Scores Yesterday and Games Scheduled For Today.

National League.

Chicago, 8; Brooklyn, 2.
Pittsburgh, 4; Cincinnati, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	66	35	.653
New York	59	43	.578
Pittsburgh	53	47	.530
Cincinnati	46	53	.465
Philadelphia	46	53	.465
Brooklyn	45	54	.455
Boston	46	55	.455
St. Louis	42	68	.400

American League.

No games played.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	63	41	.606
Cleveland	60	45	.571
Washington	56	47	.544
Chicago	50	52	.490
New York	48	52	.480
St. Louis	47	54	.465
Detroit	45	58	.437
Philadelphia	41	61	.402

International League.

Jersey City, 8; Rochester, 1.
Newark, 4; Hamilton, 0.
Baltimore-Toronto, postponed.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Toronto	65	34	.657
Binghamton	60	32	.652
Baltimore	56	40	.583
Rochester	51	40	.560
Newark	49	48	.505
Buffalo	39	54	.419
Hamilton	30	57	.345
Jersey City	23	68	.253

Games Scheduled Today.

National League.

Boston at New York, two games, cloudy.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn, two games, cloudy.
Chicago at Pittsburgh, threatening, two games.
St. Louis at Cincinnati, cloudy.

American League.

New York at Boston, two games, cloudy.
Washington at Philadelphia, two games, cloudy.
Chicago at Cleveland, cloudy.
Detroit at St. Louis, clear.

International Legue.

Binghamton at Baltimore, two games, cloudy.
Newark at Jersey City, cloudy.
Hamilton at Rochester, two games, clear.
Buffalo at Toronto, cloudy, two games.

Price of Shaves Double.

New Haven, Conn., Aug. 10.—Shaves which used to be had for 10 cents are now 20 cents and haircuts which used to be scissored for two bits now bring 40 cents, and other barber prices have gone up in proportion in shops throughout the principal cities of the state, all due to the war shortage of barbers.

FARMERS AT CAPITAL.

Washington Meeting Called By Federal Board For August 27.

During the last decade there probably has not been an announcement of more vital interest to the American farmer than the meeting called by the Federal Board of Farm Organizations at Washington, D. C., August 27th, 28th and 29th. This meeting ,which will be not only a meeting of organizations constituting the Federal Board of Farm Organizations, but open to all other farm organizations and individual farmers, will afford an opportunity, if entered into in the proper spirit, to accomplish untold results.

Most of the nations of the earth are now causing destruction on a scale never dreamed of heretofore. After this gigantic destruction ceases there will follow immediately a period of reconstruction, and if the American farmer is to take his proper place in this readjustment and stand for his rights and be on a footing of equality with other industries we must unite with one another to maintain these rights and privileges.

The success of this meeting will be measured greatly by the size of the attendance. The attendance of leading farmers everywhere is earnestly solicited.

A Rushing Business.

During the hot spell the trolley company did a record business, especially evenings. The cars were packed from half past seven on, in many cases not even standing room being available.

STATE OF NEW YORK CONSERVATION COMMISSION.
PUBLIC NOTICE.

State of New York Conservation Commission, ss:

In the matter of petition of J. A. Underwood, B. L. Harsell, T. A. Wilson, Leon C. Jennings and others for additional protection to ruffed grouse throughout the state of New York.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 152, article V, of the Conservation Law, that the Conservation Commission will meet at the Conservation Commission, Times Building, Room 1001, in the city of New York, 2 p. m., August 26, 1918; at the court house in the village of Malone, N. Y., 2 p. m., August 26, 1918; at the Conservation Commission, Telephone Building, in the city of Albany, N. Y., 2 p. m., August 27, 1918; at the court house in the city of Utica, N. Y., 2 p. m. August 27, 1918; at the court house in the city of Rochester, N. Y., 2 p. m., August 27, 1918; for the purpose of hearing all persons that may be affected by a determination of the commission that additional protection of fish and game or prohibition of the taking of such species as specified in said petition is required.

The grounds of such application are substantially as follows: "Danger of Extermination."

Dated Albany, N. Y., Aug. 8, 1918.
GEORGE D. PRATT,
Conservation Commission.
WARWICK S. CARPENTER,
Secretary to the Commission.

Willard STORAGE BATTERY SERVICE STATION

Copyright registered, 1918

Don't Trust a Quack Doctor

You wouldn't put your health in the hands of a natural born *untrained* doctor.

You wouldn't want your teeth filled by a correspondence school dentist!

And you don't want your battery cared for by an untrained man—even if he says he *knows all about batteries.*

Doctoring batteries is a profession with us—we are trained battery experts, and we recognize and treat all of the common battery ills.

Your battery ought to be tested—and you ought also to learn about Threaded Rubber Insulation—the most important battery improvement in years.

Don't forget to ask for the booklet "A Mark with a Meaning for You."

BROWN & ROENN
523 Broadway
PHONE 1111

TENNIS

RACKETS $1.00 to $10.00
BALLS 25c to 55c
NETS $2.00 to $6.00
TAPES $6.00
COVERS 50c to $2.00
SHOES $1.35

WARREN'S
260 Fair Street.

STATEMENT OF FRENCH WAR OFFICE

Capture of Montdidier Seems Near—Franco-British Success Continues—Paris Press Says 21,000 Germans Taken.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Paris, August 10—Montdidier has been "pocketed" by the French, according to the communique issued by the war office today which chiefly stated a further advance and the capture of several more villages.

Gains were made by the French both north and south of Montdidier. North of Montdidier the French captured Davenscourt.

To the south of Montdidier the French conquered Rubescourt and Assainvillers, reaching Faveroles, over two miles east of Montdidier.

The text of the communique follows:

"French troops operating with British forces (in Picardy) continued their success during Friday evening and last night.

"The French made progress east of Arvilers and captured Davenscourt. (Davenscourt is about three miles north of Montdidier.)

"Attacking south of Montdidier, between Aiencourt and Le Fretoy they (the French) have conquered Rueblescourt and Assainvillers and have reached Favoreles."

Paris, August 10—(10:30 a. m.)—More than 21,000 Germans have been captured in the Anglo-French offensive, dispatches to French newspapers stated today. (The British war office officially announced the capture of over 24,000 Germans today.)

The British and the French attack is progressing in the most satisfactory way, although German reaction is expected today.

ODDS AND ENDS.

First Baptist Church, Albany avenue, Rev. A. S. Cole, pastor—Preaching Sunday at 10:30 a. m. by the Rev. E. R. James. The First Presbyterian Church of Elmendorf street uniting in this service. Bible school at noon. No evening service.

COLLISION ON BROADWAY.

Mr. MacFadden's Automobile is Struck by Trolley Car.

The Hudson super six car of E. F. MacFadden, of the L. B. Van Wagenen Company, was considerably damaged ealy Friday evening on Broadway, near St. James street, when it was struck by a trolley car. Mr. MacFadden was not injured. In turning into Broadway from St. James street the narrowness of St. James street caused him to run the car against the opposite curb. He held up his hand, so he claims, for the motoman to stop the trolley, but the trolley came right on.

THE JOINERS.

News of Interest to Members of Fraternal Societies.

Major Thomas Cornell Lodge, No. 765, B. of L. F. and E., will meet Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in Measter's Hall, 635 Broadway.

Chicago Grain Market.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Chicago, August 10—Corn closed 2¼ to 2½ cents lower today and oats were ½ to 1¾ cents lower.

Closing Prices.

Corn—August 156¾; September 158⅞ to 159⅛; October 160¼ to 160 ½.

Oats—August 67⅞; September 68⅛ to 68⅝; October 69¼ to 69⅝.

Cash Grain.

Corn—No. 2 white 160; No. 2 yellow 185; No. 3 yellow 178; No. 4 yellow 165 @ 166; No. 6 yellow 160 @ 162; No. 3 mixed 150; No. 4 mixed 165 @ 170.

Oats—No. 2 mixed, 65; No. 2 white 68 @ 68¾; No. 3 white 67½ @ 69; standard 67¾ @ 69.

Timothy 600 @ 900.

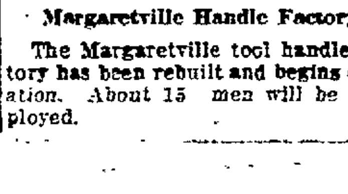
Morris Miller Arrested.

Morris Miller, the downtown taxi driver, was arrested this morning by Sergeant Hanley on a warrant charging Miller with assault in the third degree on complaint of Isidor Meyer, a young boy. The boy claims he was calling out for another taxi driver at the Rhinebeck ferry shed Friday and that Miller threw him down and injured his arm. This morning the boy carried his arm in a bandage. Miller was arraigned before Judge Schirick and entered a plea of not guilty and gave bail for his appearance in police court Monday to which time the hearing was adjourned.

S. Scharfeld Resigns Position.

Samuel Scharfeld, for the past nine years fitter in the coat and suit department of the L. B. Van Wagenen Company on Wall street, has resigned his position and is now connected with the W. S. Addis Company, Inc., at Syracuse, N. Y. Mr. Addis of the firm of W. S. Addis Company was a former manager of the L. B. Van Wagenen Company. Mr. Scharfeld is spending the week end at his home in this city and expects to move his family to Syracuse about August 26.

Lunch-time is Toastie time for me —says Bobby



POST TOASTIES

Choicest Of Corn Foods

WAR TO BE MADE ON ENEMY ALIENS

After Liberty Loan Campaign W. S. S. Army to Make Strong Appeal to Alien Who Pays No Taxes and Refuses to Buy Stamps.

The War Savings Army is beginning a campaign against alien enemies who lay back and are doing nothing to help win the war.

State Director William J. Tully has sent out a circular in which he prompts all commanders of county divisions to communicate to him their opinions as to the best way of carrying on the enemy alien campaign.

He places before them the plan that is being adopted in Connecticut which in no way interferes with the government handling of the undesirables.

The renewed activity in the war savings stamp drive that began some weeks ago and was simply checked but not closed, will be resumed as actively as ever after the close of the next Liberty Bond drive which comes on in September.

The Connecticut plan it is proposed to enforce in this state, is to communicate with every foreign born resident, who is not a citizen personally advising them to do something to help carry on the war.

"You are in no way contributing to the support of these benefits," it says to them, "which you have appeared to value far more highly than your allegiance to that country which you now give as an excuse for not supporting our cause."

"We advise, therefore," it farther adds, "that in lieu of taxes or other forms of contribution and that as a minimum expression of your desire to enjoy our privileges that you invest not less than ten per cent of your income in war savings certificates or in some other obligation to the United States government."

SOCIETY NOTES.

Ladies Auxiliary, A. O. H., Division No. 4, met at the home of the president, Catherine Broaders, and held an interesting meeting. The members decided to buy a Liberty bond for their sister member, Julia Joyce, who is in the Red Cross Service in France. After a social hour dainty refreshments were served and the guests departed declaring their hostess a royal entertainer.

A most enjoyable evening was spent Thursday when Miss Anna Roth of Brooklyn gave a garden party at "Anna Arbor" in Port Ewen. The sensation of the evening was when Miss Viola Grimes gave an exhibition toe dance. She is a star pupil of Mme. Anna Pavlowa. Those present were the Misses V. Grimes, S. Grimes, S. Kenny, H. Eigo, A. Barton, A. Corbett, A. McDonald, M. Tucker, A. Gibbons, M. Dempsey, A. Roth, and Messrs. T. Grimes, J. Hines, J. Barton, W. Hamburg, D. Gibbons, J. Eigo, H. Corbett, J. Riley, J. Flynn, H. Roth, W. Kelley, Mr. and Mrs. A. Roth, Mrs. F. Grimes, Mrs. A. Quigley, Mrs. M. Gibbons, Miss E Gibbons. Music was furnished by Jeorme Barrett, ukelele; Bob Risely, guitar. The garden was illuminated by Japanese lanterns.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. DuBois, at 145 Elmendorf street was the scene of a large and very happy gathering on Thursday evening when a number of friends and relatives of Harold E. Ostrander attended the celebration of his 18th birthday, given by his sister, Mrs. DuBois. In the course of the evening a delightful luncheon was served, followed by a very pleasant entertainment, atfer which the guests departed for their homes, voting Mr. and Mrs. DuBois royal entertainers and wishing Mr. Ostrander many more happy birthdays. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Ostrander, Clarence E. Ostranrer, the Misses Leslie and Paula Mosher and Miss Mildred Ostrander of West Hurley, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Ostrander and son, Norwood, Mrs. C. N. Davis, Jesse Ostrander, Master Theron E. DuBois and Miss Marion A. DuBois of this city. Mr. Ostrander is an employe of the Cornell Steamboat Company of this city and a former resident of West Hurley, and his many friends extend their very best wishes for each following birthday to be as pleasant as the one just past.

A Birthday Surpise Party.

A birthday surprise party was tendered Miss Hattie Sass at the home of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Kubicek, of 79 Chambers street, on Thursday evening, when a crowd of her friends gathered at the house. The evening was spent in playing games and also Victrola music was furnished. Those present were the Misses Hattie Sass, Anna Gill, Anna August, Frances Stopkl, Lucy Satern, Nellie Simpson, Bessie Stegic, Marie Sass and Lillian Bernard and Kenneth Hornbeck, Perry Ellsworth, Ernest Boss, Joseph Lucas, Stephen Setera, Francis McDonough, William Joy, William Houghtaling and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kubicek. The guests departed in the wee hours of the morning wishing Miss Hattie many more happy birthdays and assuring her to be a royal entertainer.

Rehearsals For Pageant.

The rehearsals for the big pageant "Over Here" to be given by the playground children will start Monday under the direction of Miss Alice Perinchief, who wrote and arranged the pageant. The schedule at the various play centers was printed in full in The Freeman earlier in the week. Monday morning Miss Perinchief will be at School No. 3 at 10:45 o'clock, at City Hall Park at 2:15 that afternoon, and at School No. 5 at 3 o'clock, and McVey's Field at 4 o'clock.

Margaretville Handle Factory.

The Margaretville tool handle factory has been rebuilt and begins operation. About 15 men will be employed.

MONTDIDER HAS BEEN CAPTURED

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Paris, Aug. 10 (3:15 p. m.)—Montdidier, the German base on the Picardy front, has been captured by the Allied forces, it was learned here this afternoon.

Earlier dispatches from London to the International News Service had reported that the Allied troops had entered Montdidier.

TO GIVE SOLDIERS A FREE RIDE

Troy Automobile Owners Start a Campaign that Other Cities Ought to Follow—Give the Boys a Lift.

According to an announcement made by Frank M. Baucus, president of the Troy Automobile Club and of the New York State Automobile Association, Troy motorists will place red hearts on the windshields of their automobiles to indicate to soldiers in uniform that they are welcome to ride in them as far as they go, without cost.

The hearts are being printed by the Troy Automobile Club and are large enough to be seen for a considerable distance. "Have a Heart" is printed on one side and underneath it is the inscription, "When out for a pleasure ride ask some soldier boy to ride with you." The inscription is followed by the signature of the club.

On the reverse side is printed, "Quite often you have an extra seat in your car, do not forget the soldier boy. He is good company, and besides you have the privilege of burning gasoline when working for Uncle Sam."

This seems like a practical idea that could also be worked out in Kingston. Nothing ought to be too good for our boys who are fighting our battles for us, and motorists ought to be glad to give a soldier a ride whenever the opportunity arises.

Give our soldier boys a ride in your car whenever you can.

ABOUT THE FOLKS.

Miss Sophie Schmidtkonz is spending her vacation at Atlantic City, N. J.

Elizabeth Hall of Newark, N. J., who has been visiting friends in Kingston, has returned home.

Claude Avery of the Kingston Club has returned from a two weeks' visit to relatives at Bridgeport, Conn.

Dr. J. B. Washburne of Delmar, N. Y., is visiting his sister, Mrs. E. W. Hathaway, at Wayburnell Farm.

Miss Helen Adela Albright of 169 Murray street is spending her vacation with relatives in Schenectady, N. Y.

Carl Roosa was removed from the steamer Odell to the Benedictine Sanitarium in the city ambulance this morning.

The Misses Violet and Marguerite Hatch are spending a week at Lake Mohonk as the guest of their aunt, Mrs. Fred Rice.

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Atkins and daughter, Helen, of Main street are on an auto trip through the Adirondack Mountains.

Mrs. K. Van Buren and son, Albert, and daughter, Katherine, are spending their vacation at Niagara Falls and Buffalo.

Judge James A Betts and Mrs. Betts will leave for Lake Placid in the Adirondacks next week for a stay at Lake Placid Inn.

John B. Gallagher of New York is spending a few days in Kingston visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gallagher, on Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Van Steenbergh and children of St. James street left today for Asbury Park, N. J., on a three weeks' vacation.

Miss Loretta Gallagher of No. 65 West Union street, is spending her vacation with relatives in Brooklyn. She will also visit her brother, James, at Camp Dix.

Miss Alice E. Leahy of Park Slope, Brooklyn, who has been visiting her aunts, Margaret and Anna Fallon, of Connelly, has returned home.

John Flick, of Broadway and Newkirk avenue, underwent an operation for hernia on Friday at the Benedictine Sanitarium. The operation was performed by Drs. Larkin and Bongartz.

Jesse Relyea, of 114 Downs street, is attending the convention of the Retail Grocers" Association of the State of New York in the interest of the Horton-Cato Co., of Detroit, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Houghtaling of New York are guests of Mr. Houghtaling's sister, Mrs. Ida Brower, on Lucas avenue. Mr. Houghtaling has been connected for 39 years with the Interborough Railways, holding a most responsible position.

S. M. Webber of Jersey City, N. J., is spending the week end in this city with his wife and sister, Mrs. Phil Miller, Maple Lane. Mr. Webber will leave Monday for Napanoch, where he will be re-examined for the draft.

Mrs. Walter Hungerford of 157 Pine street has returned from spending a week with her mother in Weehawken, N. J. While on her vacation she visited her husband at Camp Dix, N. J., who is now one of Uncle Sam's soldier boys. He is in the best of health and enjoys camp life very much. Mrs. Hungerford brought her little sister, Lillian White, back with her for a couple weeks.

CORONER TO PROBE COXSACKIE DEATH

Laboratory to Determine Kind of Poison That Killed Emil Gerstenberg.

An inquest into the death of Emil J. Gerstenberg, who died Thursday, August 8, on his farm near Coxsackie, under mysterious circumstances, after drinking a bottle of root beer, will be held by Dr. I. E. Van Hoesen, coroner for Greene county, on Monday. Coroner Van Hoesen said last night that Gerstenberg's death was undoubtedly due to poisoning, the nature of which he did not know, under circumstances that seemed to him suspicious.

Mrs. Gertrude Gerstenberg, who separated from her husband about eight weeks ago, told of happenings around the home, saying that since she had left her husband that she had noticed the children were sickly while on the farm; that she herself was twice shot at by a mysterious assailant seven weeks before she finally left, and that insurance papers to which the children were entitled, as well as a note which she had signed, were missing from her husband's possessions, and that when she tried to establish herself in her husband's home, and look after her children on Thursday, the Gerstenberg brothers said that there was no room for her children or her on the farm.

That she had received a letter in red ink commanding her to leave Coxsackie and when she failed to comply with the demand two shots were fired at her, and she left him because she was afraid of her life. She owned a half interest in the farm and sold it to her husband for $210 cash and a note for $90.

Her story of the shooting affray was substantiated by District Attorney Curtis, who said that for two weeks the authorities looked for the assailant without result.

DRAWING FOR PLACES.

Contesting Candidates Will Meet Here Wednesday.

Candidates who have contests and their respective committees to fill vacancies will meet Wednesday at the offices of the Ulster county election commissioners in the Farm Bureau building, corner of John and Crown streets, to draw for positions on the primary ballot. It will be necessary for all candidates and their committees to be present in cases where there are contests. There are two contests in Ulster county for Republican nominations. One for county judge and one for county committeeman in the town of Marlborough.

ELEVATOR USED OFTEN.

One of the Fair Sex is Running Elevator in Van Wagenen's Store.

"What floor, please," is the question asked in a pleasant feminine voice of those who use the elevator at Van Wagenen's store on Wall street. Incidentally, the elevator is being used more than ever, especially by the members of the masculine gender. There's a reason. Miss Jennie Stephenson of Port Ewen is running the elevator. She is pleasant and courteous, and is doing her work in an efficient manner. She wears a natty khaki uniform.

TROOPS WENT AHEAD LAUGHING

Thrilling Picture of an Eye Witness as Demoralized Germans Were Rounded Up or Killed By British and Canadians.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

With the British Army in France, Aug. 10.—French forces advanced from one to four miles on the second day of the counter offensive along a twelve mile front east and southeast of Amiens and the drive has developed one of the biggest actions of the whole war.

The advance is still in progress.

The total of 17,000 prisoners, including 6,000 officers, has been swelled to over 20,000.

(The British war office today announced the capture of more than 24,000 Germans.)

The capture late yesterday and early today included immense supplies of war materials.

An enemy troop train, loaded with German reinforcements was captured. The fighting was brisk yesterday.

The Canadians have met with brilliant success and Canadian infantry has penetrated the enemy lines for 12 miles.

The "kick off" as one British officer described the get away on Thursday, the British have exceeded all of their objectives.

British and French commanders express the utmost satisfaction over the situation. South of the line the French are making good progress.

At present the line runs through the district east of Mebaricourt to Proyart, Raincourt, Warvillers, Bufort, Folie, Ranges and east of Piercepont.

Along the whole front the Germans have been trying to rally from Thursday's rout.

Although compelled to continue their retreat the Germans gave stiffer resistance. British airmen are harassing the retreating Germans by bombing the roads and some observers reported much confusion in the retreating German ranks at some points.

The streets of the villages were littered with debris and dead Germans and the carcasses of horses.

There were German signs everywhere, one announcing in large letters the location of a "booty camp" where the British recovered much material taken from them in the March drive. The materials included ammunition and railway stock.

There is despatch, efficiency, confidence and effective organization everywhere back of the British lines and the effect of the brilliant success is reflected in the faces of the soldiers.

The troops went forward with a laugh and occupied the enemy's trenches and dugouts.

Two German great guns were among the 200 cannon captured by the British. One had been snapped midway by the direct hit of a British shell.

A Playful Pup.

One little pup was the cause of much amusement and still more embarrassment Friday evening on Wall street. The pup was having the time of his young life playfully chewing and yanking the skirts of passing women. The pup continued this pastime until one heavily built woman, with a well directed kick, sent him up on an aerial flight. When the pup dropped back on earth all of his playful spirits had vanished.

Reckless Driving.

Practically every day at John and Wall streets there are many narrow escapes from collisions, due to the reckless driving of chauffeurs. Friday afternoon three children crossing the street were almost run down by a car that turned into Wall street at a reckless pace, and without any warning. It has been suggested that it would be a good idea to have a traffic policeman stationed at this corner.

Shipworkers' First Aid Class.

The class in First Aid Help composed of men from the Kingston Shipbuilding Corporation will be held on Monday evening, August 12, in the basement of the Kingston City Library at 8 o'clock instead of 7:30 p. m., as formerly. The class is making rapid progress under the efficient instruction of Dr. Mark O'Meara.

Catskill Boy Rescued From Drowning

Robert, the five year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Cimorelli, was rescued from drowning in the Catskill creek Thursday afternoon by Frank E. Warner, eleven years old. Cimorelli went down for the third time and Warner dived and found him lying on his back on the bottom of the creek.

MATTERS BEFORE THE SURROGATE

Letters of administration were granted by Surrogate Gill today on the estate of Katie Mayer, late of the town of Denning, to William Rudolph, a brother of the testratrix. The value of the estate is given as $1,600 personal. There is no real estate. The petitioner was represented by Raymond G. Cox.

Injured on Boat Yard.

Charles Bouchard, while at work Friday afternoon on the Rafferty & Feeney boatyard on the Strand, was injured when some timber fell on him. He sustained a bad scalp wound and was removed to his home, No. 180 Delaware avenue, by Dr. John F. Larkin, who attended him.

Exact Optometry

You take no chances—you get an exact correction of your eye trouble here. Latest model equipment and down-to-date ability at your service, together with the lowest charges.

S. STERN
Established 1890
Optometrist and Manufacturing Optician
41 Broadway, Kingston, Downtown

Bathing! Bathing! Bathing!

BATH BEACH, KINGSTON POINT

Good Water All Afternoon Saturday and Sunday

FULL FLOOD TIDE 4:15 P. M. SATURDAY. 5 P.M. SUNDAY

BATHING SUITS FOR HIRE

OPERA HOUSE

"To Hell With the Kaiser"

15c TO-NIGHT 10c

7:15 and 9:00 MATINEE DAILY, 2:30 7:15 and 9:00

AUDIT-ORIUM

OPERA HOUSE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 10th.

THE SCREEN FAVORITE SUPREME

Clara Kimball Young

— in —

"THE HOUSE OF GLASS"

The story of a girl who hid her record, Max Marcin's great stage success.

ADMISSION 15 CENTS.

AUDITORIUM SATURDAY, AUGUST 10th.

An Interrupted Honeymoon—A Bride's Dilemma.

WILLIAM FOX

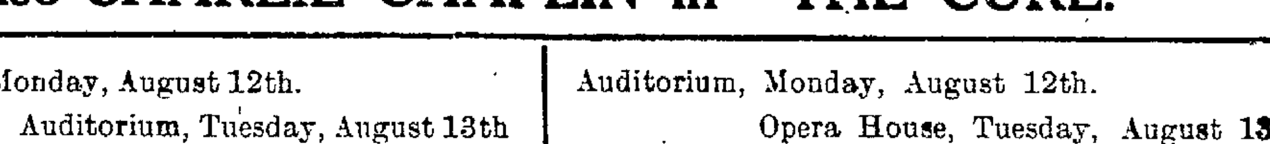
Presents

Jewel Carmen

—IN—

"CONFESSION"

ADMISSION 10 CENTS.



Also CHARLIE CHAPLIN in "THE CURE."

Opera House, Monday, August 12th.

Auditorium, Tuesday, August 13th

WALLACE REID and KATHLYN WILLIAMS

— IN —

The Thing We Love

Over Here the war is being fought as bitterly if not as noisily as "over there." See this picture of intrigue, plots and duplicity, with a vein of red-blooded American love running through it all. Don't miss it.

NO WAR SCENES

Auditorium, Monday, August 12th.

Opera House, Tuesday, August 13th

GOLDWYN Presents

MABEL NORMAND

—IN—

"Back to the Woods"

An adventure in an elevator that led to a romance in the mountains.

TWO DROWN AT FLEISCHMANNS

City Guests While Bathing in Lake Switzerland Drown in Twenty Feet of Water—Both Bodies Recovered.

Two drowning accidents occurred at Fleischmanns this week, one on Monday and the other Wednesday afternoon both at about the same hour, 3:30 o'clock, at Lake Switzerland.

Barney Rubin of Bayonne, N. J., who was a guest at the Hotel Sterling, was drowned while in bathing in Lake Switzerland at about 3:30 o'clock Monday afternoon. Rubin was an expert swimmer and the lake was crowded with bathers, it being estimated there were over two hundred in the water at the time. He was within a few feet of several bathers at the time of the accident and sank out of sight without making any effort to recover himself or even making any outcry of any kind. When he did not come up several good swimmers made an effort to rescue the man but of no avail. The body was recovered at 2 o'clock next morning by Jack Lewis, of New York city, who with others were searching for it. Two sisters and an aunt of the drowned man were guests of the hotel. Rubin was 19 years of age. The remains were taken to Bayonne by his relatives.

On Wednesday afternoon at about the same hour, Charles Withaus of Brooklyn, aged 30 years, a guest of the Palace Hotel, met his death in the same manner while bathing in the same lake. He was swimming close to several others and appeared to be floating when he suddenly went down without an outcry or effort to save himself and did not come up again. His body was recovered soon after.

In both instances boats were sent out to rescue the drowning men but the men seemingly made no effort to save themselves and both it is believed were overcome by the heat and heart failure. Both bodies were recovered in twenty feet of water. On account of the excessive heat there were an unusually number of bathers in the waters both days. Lake Switzerland is owned by E. Reynolds, a prominent resident and it is a fine body of water for boating and bathing purposes.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 324.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to the maintenance of the pavement and shoulders of the approaches to canal bridges, located on the line of any state or county highway.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by inserting therein a new section, to be section one hundred and seventy-c, to read as follows:

§ 170-c. Maintenance by state of canal bridge approaches. Where a waterway which is a part of the canal system of the state intersects a state or county highway which is maintained adjacent to such intersection pursuant to this article, the pavement and shoulders of the approaches to the bridge structure carrying such highway across such waterway shall be considered eligible for maintenance under this article, providing such approach has, in the opinion of the state commissioner of highways, been properly graded in connection with the construction of the canal system of the state. The state commissioner of highways may at any time make an order directing that such section of highway become a part of the system of state or county highways in such county, and thereafter the pavement and shoulders of such approach shall be maintained as a state or county highway in the manner provided in article seven of this chapter. Such order shall be served upon the chairman of the board of supervisors and a certified copy thereof shall be filed in the office of the county clerk and one in the office of the state comptroller. In maintaining such section of highway the commission may lay such type of pavement as in his opinion is advisable.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 325.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to disposition of registration fees.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision four of section two hundred and ninety-one of chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws, as amended by chapter five hundred and seventy-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen, is hereby amended to read as follows.

4. All moneys paid into the state treasury pursuant to this article shall be appropriated and used for the maintenance and repair of the improved roads of the state, under the direction of the state commissioner of highways. All moneys received by the chamberlain of the city of New York, pursuant to this article, shall be paid into the treasury of the city to the credit of the general fund. All moneys received by the county treasurer of any county pursuant to this article, shall be used for the permanent construction or improvement of town highways only in such county as defined by subdivision four of section three of this chapter. The county treasurer shall, upon receipt of such moneys, keep an accurate record thereof, and shall furnish the board of supervisors of the county, upon request by it, with a certified statement of such receipts. The board of supervisors of the county shall, at a regular or special meeting and by a majority vote, allot such moneys to one or more of the towns within such county, and shall by resolution appropriate for the use of such town or towns the money so allotted. A certified copy of such resolution shall be filed with the county treasurer of such county, with the state commission of highways and with the town clerk of the town to whom such allotment is made. The places and the manner in which such moneys shall be expended shall be determined by the town board and the town superintendent subject to the approval of the state commission of highways in accordance with the provisions of section one hundred and five of this chapter, which shall also govern the method by which such moneys shall be expended. Upon such approval by the commission and after written notice thereof has been filed by it with the county treasurer, and after the supervisor of the town to which such allotment is made has given a bond in accordance with the provisions of section one hundred and four of this chapter, the county treasurer shall pay to the supervisor of such town or towns the amount to which each is entitled as determined and indicated by such resolution. A statement of the receipts and expenditures of such moneys shall be included in the report required by section one hundred and seven of this chapter. The provisions of section one hundred and eight of this chapter shall apply as to the method of keeping accounts, the forms, blanks and orders used, and the filing of records in the town clerk's office.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 326.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to the acquisition of lands for right of way and other purposes.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one hundred and forty-eight of chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter one hundred and forty-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 148. Acquisition of lands for right of way and other purposes. If a state or county highway, proposed to be constructed or improved as provided in this article, or which shall have been heretofore constructed, or which it is proposed to repair or reconstruct as provided in article seven of this chapter, or in which it is proposed to change the course of a dangerous section thereof, shall deviate from the line of a highway already existing the board of supervisors of the county where such highway is located, shall acquire land for the requisite right of way prior to the advertisement for proposals. The board of supervisors may also acquire lands for the purpose of obtaining gravel, stone or other material, when required for the construction, reconstruction, improvement or maintenance of highways, or for spoil banks together with a right of way to such spoil banks and to any bed, pit, quarry, or other place where such gravel, stone or other material may be located.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss.

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 327.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to the construction or improvement of a bridge jointly by the county and a town or towns.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by inserting therein a new section to be section two hundred and sixty-two-a, to read as follows:

§ 262-a. Construction or improvement of bridge by county and town or towns. The board of supervisors of a county may provide for the construction or improvement of a bridge in one or more towns of a county and at the joint expense of the county and town or towns as provided in this section. The board may by resolution direct the district or county superintendent to examine such bridge and report thereon, and if the board considers such bridge to be of sufficient importance to be constructed or improved as provided herein, it shall direct such district or county superintendent to prepare or cause to be prepared maps, plans, specifications and estimate thereon, and such district or county superintendent shall, subject to the direction and control of the board of supervisors, have the same powers and duties in respect to such bridge as are given to him with respect to state-county highways in section one hundred and twenty-five of this chapter. Upon the completion of such maps plans, specifications and estimate, they are to be submitted to the board of supervisors for approval, and such board shall thereupon adopt a resolution providing for the construction or improvement of such bridge in accordance with such plans, maps, specifications and estimate or in accordance with such maps, plans, specifications and estimate as may be approved by it. The board of supervisors shall award contracts for the construction or improvement of such bridge and the provisions of section one hundred and thirty of this chapter shall apply so far as may be to such contracts and the award, execution and fulfillment thereof. Such contract may be awarded to the town board of any town in which such bridge is located and the provisions of section one hundred and forty-one of this chapter shall apply thereto. The board of supervisors shall determine the apportionment of the cost of the construction or improvement of such bridge to be borne by the county and the portion to be borne by the town or towns in which such bridge is located, or by the town or towns in which such bridge is not located, but which are particularly benefited thereby. The amount to be borne by the county shall be levied and collected as a county charge and paid into the county treasury. The amount to be borne by a town shall be levied and collected as a town charge, and when collected shall be paid into the county treasury. If such bridge shall be located in a different position from an existing bridge, the board of supervisors shall acquire land for the requisite construction, and such board may also acquire land for the purpose of obtaining gravel, stone or other material when required for the construction or improvement of such bridge, together with a right of way to the bed, pit or quarry, or other place where such gravel, stone or other material may be located; and the provisions of sections one hundred and forty-eight to one hundred and fifty-five both inclusive shall apply to the acquisition of such land as far as may be, except that the cost of such land and the expense incident to acquiring the same shall be deemed a part of the cost of the construction and improvement of such bridge under the provisions of this section. The board of supervisors may by resolution authorize the county treasurer of the county or the supervisors of the respective towns to borrow money on the faith and credit of the county and of such towns by temporary loans in anticipation of the next succeeding tax levy or an issue of bonds for such levy or by the issue and sale of bonds to pay the portion of the cost of the construction or improvement to be borne respectively by the county or such town or towns. Such resolution may also provide for the issue and sale of bonds and shall conform as nearly as may be to the provisions of this chapter relating to a resolution authorizing a town to borrow money to pay its share of the cost of construction or improvement of a county highway. The construction or improvement authorized by such resolution shall be done under the supervision and direction of the district or county superintendent. Payments therefor shall be made from time to time by the county treasurer upon the certificate of the district or county superintendent indorsed by the chairman of the board of supervisors. Such bridge when completed and accepted by the board of supervisors shall be thereafter repaired and maintained at the sole expense of the town or towns in which it is located unless the board of supervisors shall apportion a share of the expense of the repair and maintenance thereof upon the county, or upon the town or towns particularly benefited.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 329.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to the purchase or lease of motor trucks by towns.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section forty-nine of chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter three hundred and forty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 49. Machinery, tools and implements. The town superintendent may, with the approval of the town board, purchase for the use of the town, stone crushers, steam rollers, motor trucks, scarifiers, concrete mixers, traction engines, road machines for grading and scraping, tools and other implements, subject to the limitations prescribed in section ninety-four, which shall be paid for from moneys levied and collected or from the proceeds of bonds issued and sold for such purposes as provided in this chapter. No contract for the purchase of stone crushers, steam rollers, motor trucks, scarifiers, concrete mixers, or traction engines shall be valid, unless the district or county superintendent shall have approved thereof and indorsed his approval upon such contract. All road machines, stone crushers, steam rollers, motor trucks, scarifiers, concrete mixers, or traction engines, tools and other implements owned either by the town or the highway districts therein, shall be used by the town superintendent in such manner and at such places in such towns as he shall deem best. They shall be under the control of the superintendent and be cared for by him at the expense of the town. The town superintendent shall annually make a written inventory of all such machinery, tools and implements, indicating each article and stating the value thereof, and the estimated cost of all necessary repairs thereto, and deliver the same to the supervisor of the town on or before October thirty-first in each year. He shall at the same time file with the town clerk his written recommendations as to what machinery, tools and implements should be purchased for the use of the town, and the probable cost thereof. The town superintendent shall provide a suitable place for housing and storing all machinery, tools and implements owned by the town and cause the same to be stored therein, when not in use. He may also with the approval of the town board, sell any such machinery, tools and implements which are no longer needed by the town, or which are worn out or obsolete, or may exchange the same for new machinery, tools and implements. If sold, the proceeds shall, under the direction of the town board be applicable to the purchase of the machinery, tools and implements mentioned in subdivision three of section ninety-four of this chapter. Where there is an incorporated village constituting a separate road district, wholly or partly in a town which has purchased a stone crusher, steam roller, motor truck, scarifier, concrete mixer, or traction engine, the town board of such town may permit the use thereof by such village upon such terms as may be agreed upon.

§ 2. Section fifty of such chapter is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 50. Town superintendent may hire machinery. The town superintendent may, with the approval of the district or county superintendent, lease or hire stone crushers, steam rollers, motor trucks, scarifiers, concrete mixers and traction engines at a rate to be approved by the town board, which shall not exceed twenty dollars for a stone crusher, steam roller or motor truck, and eight dollars for a traction engine, scarifier or concrete mixer, for each day such stone crusher, steam roller, motor truck, scarifier, concrete mixer, or traction engine is actually used upon the highways. The expense thereof shall be paid by the supervisor, upon the written order of the town superintendent, out of moneys received by him, as provided in this chapter, for the repair and improvement of highways.

§ 3. Subdivision three of section ninety-four of such chapter as amended by chapter five hundred and seventy-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and sixteen is hereby amended to read as follows:

3. Not more than five hundred dollars shall be levied and collected in any one year in any town for the purchase or repair of stone crushers, steam rollers, motor trucks, scarifiers, concrete mixers, traction engines, or road machines for grading and scraping tools and implements, unless duly authorized by the vote of a town meeting.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 333.

AN ACT to amend the conservation law, in relation to cats hunting or killing birds.

Became a law April 25, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter six hundred and forty-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, entitled "An act relating to conservation of land, forests, waters, parks, hydraulic power, fish and game, constituting chapter sixty-five of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as section one hundred and ninety-three-b, to read as follows:

§ 193-b. Cats hunting or killing birds. Any person over the age of twenty-one years, who is the holder of a valid hunting and trapping license, may, and it shall be the duty of a game protector or other peace officer to, humanely destroy a cat at large found hunting or killing any bird protected by law or with a dead bird of any species protected by law in its possession, and no action for damages shall be maintained for such killing.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 328.

AN ACT to amend the highway law, in relation to the amount of the undertaking to a county or town for the construction or improvement of a state or county highway under county or town supervision.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one hundred and thirty-one of chapter thirty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to highways, constituting chapter twenty-five of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter sixty of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 131. Award of contracts to board of supervisors or town board. A board of supervisors of a county, or a town board of a town, in which any portion of a state or county highway is situated, may present proposals and be awarded a contract for the construction or improvement of such highway, as provided in this article, for and on behalf of such county or town. If such contract be awarded to a board of supervisors or a town board such board shall, by resolution, designate some suitable person or persons to carry into effect, on behalf of such town, such contract, and transact all business in respect thereto as may be necessary. A member of the board of supervisors or town board at the time such contract was awarded or such designation was made, or a person who is a partner of, or a stockholder in the same corporation as that of such member, shall not be so designated. A member of the board of supervisors or town board at the time such designation was made, or a firm, corporation or association of which he is a member or has an interest, shall not be directly or indirectly interested in any such contract nor shall such member, or such firm, corporation or association furnish materials or perform labor services, either directly or indirectly, under or in connection with the performance of any of the work required in accordance with such contract, nor shall such member, firm or corporation or association be paid for materials furnished or services rendered in respect to such contract. The town clerk shall transmit a certified copy of the resolution designating the person or persons to carry into effect such contract to the commission prior to the awarding of a contract to the board of supervisors or town board. The person or persons so designated shall, before the contract is executed, give an undertaking to the county or town, with sureties to be approved by the commission and the board of supervisors or town board, for an amount equal to at least twenty-five per centum of the face of the contract. Such undertaking shall be conditioned on the faithful performance of their duties in respect to such contract and for the proper accounting, safe-keeping and lawful disbursement of all moneys that may come into their hands thereunder. Such undertaking shall be filed in the office of the county or town clerk and a copy thereof shall be transmitted to the commission. The person or persons so designated shall thereupon be competent to receive all moneys payable under such contract under the provisions of this article, and they shall account therefor to the county or town. The board of supervisors or town board, after such contract is awarded, shall designate, by resolution, a banking corporation or a trust company wherein the moneys received under such contract shall be deposited. Such bank or trust company shall, upon the request of the board of supervisors or town board, make a statement of the money so deposited. The commission shall, by rules and regulations, prescribe the manner in which the moneys received under such contract shall be expended and the forms of accounts to be kept by the person or persons designated as above provided; and where convict labor is used, as hereinafter provided, an account shall be kept of the items incurred daily for maintenance of convicts and compensation of other laborers, if any. Reports may be required by the commission from time to time from such person or persons.

When a contract is entered into under the provisions of this section, the board undertaking thereby to construct or improve a highway or section thereof, may, by resolution, direct the person or persons designated for carrying out the contract to apply to the superintendent of state prisons for convict labor, in the construction of such highway or section thereof. The resolution shall specify the maximum number of convicts to be applied for, for such work. Such designated person or persons shall make request, in writing, to the superintendent of state prisons for convict labor, in conformity to the provisions of such resolution, such request to be accompanied with a copy of such resolution. A copy of such resolution and of such request shall also be filed with the commission. The superintendent may detail for labor, pursuant to such resolution and request, such number of convicts as may be available therefor, not exceeding the number applied for. Such convicts shall be in the immediate charge and custody of the officers and guards detailed by the superintendent of state prisons, and at all times subject to the control of such superintendent, except that the work to be done shall be directed by the engineers and foremen of the state highway department. The expense of maintenance of such convicts shall be paid by the county or towns entering into such contract from funds due thereon, to such municipality. A county or town may purchase machinery and tools for the construction of a highway or section thereof, under any such contract, out of moneys to be paid thereon, within the estimates for such items contained in the proposals at the time of the letting of the contract, but such machinery and tools shall be the property of the state, and after the completion of the work shall be subject to disposal or to any lawful use by the commission. Moneys realized from selling or renting any such used machinery or tools shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the highway fund. Any such used machinery or tools may be loaned by the commission, if requested for construction of a highway or section thereof, by a county or town, by contract under this section, to be kept in repair and operated at the expense of the county or town with moneys payable under the contract.

If a county or town shall construct a highway or section thereof, by contract as above provided, for a lesser sum than the contract price, as the same shall appear from the accounts and reports herein provided for, the county or town, as the case may be, shall be paid only the amount of the actual cost of such construction, paid or incurred, and the surplus shall remain in the state treasury and continue available for any state or county highway construction for which the same may have been or shall be appropriated.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 334.

AN ACT to amend the prison law, in relation to release on parole of prisoners on indeterminate sentence.

Became a law April 25, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section two hundred and fourteen of chapter forty-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to prisons, constituting chapter forty-three of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 214. Release on parole of prisoners on indeterminate sentence. If it shall appear to said board of parole for state prisons, upon an application by a convict for release on parole as hereinbefore provided, that there is reasonable probability that such applicant will live and remain at liberty without violating the law, then said board may authorize the release of such applicant upon parole, and such applicant shall thereupon be allowed to go upon parole outside of said prison walls and inclosure upon such terms and conditions as said board shall prescribe, but to remain, while so on parole, in the legal custody and under the control of the agent and warden of the state prison from which he is so paroled, until the expiration of the maximum term specified in his sentence as hereinbefore provided, or until his absolute discharge as hereinafter provided. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the parole board from paroling or discharging inmates subject to parole at any time, and as of any time after the expiration of any minimum term, upon such other conditions not incompatible with the welfare of society as they may deem advisable.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 330.

AN ACT to amend the insurance law, in relation to mergers or reinsurance of risks between fraternal benefit societies and to provide penalties for violation of provisions thereof.

Became a law April 24, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section two hundred and thirty-six of chapter thirty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to insurance corporations, constituting chapter twenty-eight of the consolidated laws," as added by chapter one hundred and ninety-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and seven, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 236. Mergers. 1. No fraternal benefit society organized under the laws of this state and operating on the lodge plan shall consolidate or merge with any other benefit society or reinsure its insurance risks, or any part thereof, with any other fraternal benefit society, or assume or reinsure the whole or any portion of the risks of any other fraternal benefit society, except as herein provided. No fraternal benefit society shall make any such contract with any company or association not licensed to transact business as a fraternal benefit society.

2. When any such fraternal benefit society shall propose to consolidate or merge its business or to enter into any contract of reinsurance or to assume or reinsure the whole or any portion of the risks of any other fraternal benefit society, the proposed contract in writing setting forth all the terms and conditions of such proposed consolidation, merger or reinsurance shall be submitted to the legislative or governing bodies of each of said parties to said contract after due notice, and if approved, such contract as so approved with a statement of all expenses and other obligations incurred or to be incurred thereunder shall be submitted to the superintendent of insurance of this state for his approval and there shall at the same time be submitted a sworn statement showing the financial condition of each of such fraternal benefit societies as of the thirty-first day of December preceding the date of such contract, provided that the superintendent of insurance may, within his discretion, require such financial statement to be submitted as of the last day of the month preceding the date of such contract. The superintendent of insurance shall thereupon consider such contract of consolidation, merger or reinsurance, and if satisfied that the interests of the certificate holders of such fraternal benefit societies are properly protected, and that such contract is just and equitable to the members of each of such societies, and that no reasonable objection exists thereto, shall approve said contract as submitted. In case the parties corporate to such contract shall have been incorporated in separate states or territories, such contract shall be submitted as hereinbefore provided to the supervising insurance officials of each of such incorporating states, or territories, to be considered and approved separately by each of such supervising insurance officials. When said contract of consolidation, merger or reinsurance shall have been approved as hereinabove provided, such superintendent of insurance or supervising insurance officials shall issue a certificate to that effect, and thereupon the said contract of consolidation, merger or reinsurance shall be in full force and effect. In case such contract is not approved, the fact of its submission and its contents shall not be disclosed by the superintendent of insurance or the representatives of either society.

3. All necessary and actual expenses and compensation incident to the proceedings provided hereby shall, when allowed by the superintendent of insurance or supervising insurance officials, be paid by the fraternal benefit society or societies effecting or proposing such consolidation, merger or reinsurance, provided, however, that no brokerage or other commission shall be included in such expenses or shall be paid directly or indirectly to any person by either of the parties to any such contract in connection with the negotiation therefor or execution thereof, nor shall any compensation, direct or indirect, to be paid to any officer, director or employee of either of the parties to such contract for directly or indirectly aiding and effecting such contract of consolidation, merger or reinsurance except that it may be provided in any such contract that the executive officers of a fraternal benefit society consolidating, merging or reinsuring its business shall be employed for a period not exceeding two years from the date of such contract by the other party thereto, for services to be rendered within such period upon a basis of compensation not greater than that theretofore received by any such executive officers for services theretofore rendered the other party to such contract. A verified, itemized statement of all such expenses shall be filed with the superintendent of insurance or supervising insurance officials as the case may be, subject to approval, and when approved the same shall be binding on the parties thereto. Except as fully expressed in the contract of consolidation, merger or reinsurance, or itemized statement of expenses, as approved by the superintendent of insurance or supervising insurance officials, as the case may be, no compensation shall be paid to any person or persons, directly or indirectly, and no officer or employee of the state shall receive any compensation, directly or indirectly, for in any manner aiding, promoting or assisting any such consolidation, merger or reinsurance.

4. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be liable to a fine of not more than five thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for not more than five years, or to both fine and imprisonment.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK.—By Authority.
CHAP. 332.

AN ACT to amend the religious corporations law, by inserting therein a new article relating to Churches of Christ, Scientist.

Became a law April 25, 1918, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter fifty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to religious corporations, constituting chapter fifty-one of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by inserting therein a new article, to be known as article nine-a, and to read as follows:

ARTICLE IX-A.
Churches of Christ, Scientist.

Section 184. Application of this article.
185. Notice of meeting for incorporation.
186. Meeting for incorporation.
187. Certificate of incorporation.
188. Time, place and notice of corporate meetings.
189. Organization and conduct of corporate meetings; qualifications of voters thereat.
189-a. Changing date of annual corporate meetings.
189-b. Changing number of trustees.
189-c. Meetings of trustees.

§ 184. Application of this article. This article applies only to Churches of Christ, Scientist, which are branches of The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts. Any such church heretofore incorporated shall hereafter be governed by the provisions of this article so far as applicable except that no person, who shall, when this article takes effect, be a duly qualified voter in any such previously incorporated church, shall be deprived of the right to vote at its corporate meetings by any provisions of this article.

§ 185. Notice of meeting for incorporation. Notice of a meeting for the purpose of incorporating an unincorporated Church of Christ, Scientist, shall be given as follows: The notice shall be in writing, and shall state, in substance, that a meeting of such unincorporated church will be held at its usual place of worship at a specified day and hour, for the purpose of incorporating such church, electing trustees thereof, and selecting a corporate name therefor.

The notice must be signed by at least six persons of full age who are then members in good and regular standing of such church by admission into full membership therewith, in accordance with the rules and regulations of such church. A copy of such notice shall be publicly read at each regular service of such unincorporated church on the two successive Sundays next preceding such meeting by the person acting as first reader, and a copy of such notice shall be sent by mail post paid at least ten days prior to the date fixed for such meeting to each member of such church in good and regular standing at his last known address as same appears in the church records.

§ 186. Meeting for incorporation. At the meeting for incorporation held in pursuance of such notice, the following persons, and no others, shall be qualified voters, to wit: All persons of full age, who are then members in good and regular standing of such church by admission into full membership therewith, in accordance with the rules and regulations thereof.

At such meeting, the presence of a majority of such qualified voters, at least six in number, shall be necessary to constitute a quorum. The action of the meeting upon any matter or question shall be decided by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon, a quorum being present. The meeting shall be called to order by one of the signers of the call. There shall be elected at such meeting, from the qualified voters then present, a presiding officer, a clerk to keep the record of the proceedings, of the meeting and two inspectors of election to receive the ballots cast. The presiding officer of the meeting and the inspectors shall decide the results of the ballots cast on any matter, and shall be the judges of the qualifications of voters.

Such meeting shall decide whether such unincorporated church shall become incorporated. If such decision shall be in favor of incorporation such meeting shall decide upon the name of the proposed corporation which shall be "Church of Christ, Scientist," prefixed by "First," "Second," "Third" or other numerical designation, and followed by the name of the place where it shall be located; the meeting also shall decide the number of the trustees of such church, which shall be three, six, nine, or twelve, and shall determine the date, not more than fifteen months thereafter, on which the first annual election of the trustees thereof after such meeting shall be held. Such meeting shall thereupon elect by ballot, from the persons qualified to vote thereat, one-third of the number of trustees so decided upon who shall hold office until the first annual election of trustees thereafter, one-third of such number of trustees who shall hold office until the second annual election of trustees thereafter, and one-third of such number of trustees who shall hold office until the third annual election of trustees thereafter, or until the respective successors of such trustees shall be elected and take office.

§ 187. Certificate of incorporation. If the meeting shall decide that such unincorporated church shall become incorporated, the presiding officer of such meeting and the two inspectors of election, shall execute and acknowledge a certificate of incorporation, setting forth the name of the proposed corporation, the number of trustees thereof, the names of the persons elected as trustees, the terms of office for which they were respectively elected and the county and town, city or village in which its principal place of worship is, or is intended to be located. On the filing and recording of such certificate, as hereinbefore provided in this chapter, the persons qualified to vote at such meeting and those persons who shall thereafter, from time to time be qualified voters at the corporate meetings thereof, shall be a corporation by the name stated in such certificate, and the persons therein stated to be elected trustees of such church shall be the trustees thereof for the terms for which they were respectively so elected, or until their respective successors shall be elected and take office.

§ 188. Time, place and notice of corporate meetings. The annual corporate meeting of every incorporated church to which this article is applicable shall be held at the time and place fixed by its by-laws. A special corporate meeting of any such church may be called by the board of trustees thereof, on its own motion, and shall be called on the written request of at least ten qualified voters of such church. The trustees shall cause notice of the time and place of any corporate meeting, therein specifying, if an annual meeting, the names of any trustees whose successors are to be elected thereat, and, if a special meeting, specifying the business to be transacted thereat, to be given by the person acting as first reader at each regular meeting of the church for public worship held on each of the two successive Sundays next preceding such meeting.

§ 189. Organization and conduct of corporate meetings; qualifications of voters thereat. At a corporate meeting of every incorporated church to which this article is applicable, the following persons, and no others, shall be qualified voters, to wit: All persons of full age, who are then members in good and regular standing of such church by admission into full membership therewith. The presence at such meetings of at least six persons qualified to vote thereat shall be necessary to constitute a quorum, provided that any church to which this article is applicable may by its by-laws fix the number of members necessary to constitute a quorum. The action of the meeting upon any matter or question shall be decided by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon, a quorum being present, except that by-laws can be adopted or amended only by a two-thirds vote, as hereinbefore provided by this chapter. The clerk of the church shall call the meeting to order, and the qualified voters then present shall choose a presiding officer, and if an election is to be held at such meeting, two inspectors of election to receive the ballots cast. The presiding officer and the inspectors of election shall receive the votes, shall be the judges of the qualifications of voters and shall decide the result of the votes cast at any election. The polls of an annual corporate meeting shall remain open for such time as may be determined by a majority of the qualified voters present. At each annual corporate meeting successors to those trustees whose terms of office then expire, shall be elected from the qualified voters by ballot, for a term of three years thereafter, and until their successors shall be elected and take office.

§ 189-a. Changing date of annual corporate meetings. Any incorporated church to which this article is applicable, at any annual meeting may change the date of its subsequent annual meetings. If the date fixed for the annual meeting shall be within three months after the annual meeting at which such change is made, the next annual meeting shall be held one year from the date so fixed. For the purpose of determining the terms of office of trustees and officers, the time between the annual meeting at which such change is made and the next annual meeting thereafter shall be reckoned as one year.

§ 189-b. Changing number of trustees. Any incorporated church to which this article is applicable may, at an annual corporate meeting, change the number of its trustees to three, six, nine, or twelve, or classify them so that the terms of one-third expire each year, provided that notice of such intended change be included in the notice of such annual corporate meeting. No such change shall affect the terms of the trustees then in office, and if the change reduces the number of trustees, election shall not be held to fill the vacancies caused by the expiration of the terms of trustees, until the number of trustees equals the number to which the trustees were reduced. Whenever the number of trustees in office is less than the number so determined on, sufficient additional trustees shall be elected to make the number of trustees for the ensuing year equal to the number so determined on. The trustees so elected up to and including one-third of the number so determined on, shall be elected for three years, the remainder up to and including one-third of the number so determined on for two years and the remainder for one year.

§ 189-c. Meetings of trustees. The chairman of the board of trustees of any incorporated church to which this article is applicable or any two members of such board may call a meeting of such trustees by giving at least twenty-four hours' notice thereof, personally or by mail, to all the other trustees, but by the unanimous consent of the trustees a meeting may be held without previous notice thereof. A majority of the trustees lawfully convened shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. In case of a tie vote at the meeting of the trustees the presiding officer of such meeting shall, notwithstanding he had voted once, have an additional casting vote. In case of a vacancy in the office of trustee the remaining trustees may fill such vacancy, until the next annual corporate meeting when the vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

Moral Standards for Children.

It is a truth, eternal as the hills that every child is controlled by his imagery. His image, or the great ideal as he sees it and connects it with his real life, forecasts his conduct. If a mother determines the imagery of her child for the good, the true, the beautiful, she fixes the destiny of her child for the good, the true, the beautiful, and just as surely will the imagery of wrong shape itself into a life of wrong conduct and evil tendencies. It is just as easy to stamp upon the sensitive brain tissue the right image as the wrong and the handwriting on the wall is indelible.—Mrs. Z. C. Thornburg in Mother's Magazine.

THEY SURELY ARE WONDERFUL LITTLE WORKERS
FREEMAN ONE-CENT-A-WORD "WANT" ADLETS

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

One Cent a Word

Classified advertisements in this department will be inserted at the uniform price of one cent per word for each insertion. No advertisement less than 15 cents. If inserted but once. Orders may be left at our main office, 19 Broadway, or at our branch office, 39 Fair St. Also at the following places:

E. L. DULIN, 666 Broadway.
FRANK MCNALLY, 560 Broadway.
WM. O'REILLY, 530 Broadway.
C. STRUBEL, 742 Broadway.

For the convenience of out-of-town advertisers, orders will be accepted at the following places:

CHARLES W. CARD, Port Ewen, N. Y.
WM. CONNORS, High Falls, N. Y.
WM. HUBEN, Rosendale, N. Y.
W. J. GREEN, Woodstock, N. Y.
WM. MCMULLEN, Ellenville, N. Y.
S. VAN STEENBERG, Saugerties, N. Y.
W. VONDERLINDEN, Phoenicia, N. Y.
A. D. WINNE, Ashokan, N. Y.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GIRLS IN BLEACHING DEPARTMENT; STEADY WORK. U. S. LACE CURTAIN MILLS.

WANTED—Young girl for general housework, to live at home. Apply by telephone, Kingston 1130-W.

WANTED—Experienced woman bookkeeper and office assistant. Apply by letter in your own handwriting, stating in detail experience, references, salary desired, etc. Interview will be arranged upon receipt of application. Kingston Gas & Electric Co.

WANTED.—10 bright capable ladies to travel, demonstrate and sell well known goods to established dealers; $25 to $50 per week; railroad fare paid; weekly advance for traveling expenses. Address at once Goodrich Drug Company, Dept. 601, Omaha, Nebr.

WANTED—At once, a neat girl or woman as waitress and for dining room work; good wages and fare paid. Jocelyn House, Oliverea, Ulster County, N. Y.

WANTED—Waitress and woman for dishwashing. Apply Stieler Restaurant, 35 N. Front St.

WANTED—Girls—women, become government clerks, $1,100 yearly; wonderful chance for early appointment; common education sufficient, examinations soon Free particulars. American Institute, Dept. L-209, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Woman to work in pantry. Eagle Hotel.

WANTED—Chambermaid. Inquire at Hotel Eichler.

WANTED—Woman; general housework, by half day. McCabe, Wall St.

WANTED—Waitress. Apply Dr. C. O. Sahler's Sanitarium.

WANTED—At once, woman for general housework; good wages. 88 Hasbrouck Ave.

WANTED—Capable girl or woman for kitchen work and assist the cook; good wages and fare paid. Jocelyn House, Oliverea, Ulster County, N. Y.

WANTED—Girls 16 years of age to operate stripping machines; $6 per week paid while learning. G. W. Van Slyke & Horton.

WANTED.—Waitresses to go to mountains. 'Phone 1706-W.

WANTED.—Operators; experienced on cuff binding and button sewing. Fessenden Shirt Company, Cornell St. and TenBroeck Ave.

WANTED.—A cook or assistant for summer boarding house. Address Mrs. A. B. Layman, Haines Falls, N. Y.

WANTED. — OPERATORS; EXPERIENCED ON POWER MACHINES; BEGINNERS TAKEN AND PAID $7 PER WEEK WHILE LEARNING. FULLER'S SHIRT FACTORY, PINE GROVE AVE.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Salesman, with dry goods experience. S. E. Eighmey, 26 Broadway.

WANTED—Assistant shipping clerk. Forsyth & Davis, Inc.

WANTED—A bright boy over 16 years; fine opportunity for business training. Apply at Uptown Freeman Office

WANTED—Automobile salesmen. Forsyth & Davis Motor Car Co.

WANTED—1 or 2 intelligent boys between 16 and 17 to work in machine shop. A. R. King Mfg. Co., 76 Prince St

WANTED—Salesmen, best side line on earth; brand new; $6 commission on orders and repeats; old reliable. Pan Mfg. Co., 2562 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago.

WANTED—1 checker and freight handler, at West Shore freight station. Apply G. N. Wood, agent.

WANTED—Cobbler. Inquire 54 Gill St.

WANTED—Married dairyman, herdsman and several farm teamsters; high wages and white treatment; all privileges; hours 5.30 a. m. to 6 p m.; permanent. Call or address, Shagbark Farm, R. F. D. No. 3, Box 151, Saugerties, N. Y.

WANTED—Ship carpenters; steady work. Apply to Hudson Shipbuilding and Repair Co., Newburgh, N. Y.

WANTED—Boy. Postal Telegraph, Fair St.

WANTED—MAN FOR ODD JOBS. APPLY U S. LACE CURTAIN MILLS.

WANTED—A short order man for White Tile Lunch Room, Railroad Ave.

WANTED—First class plumber and first class plumber's helper, steady position for right man. Apply in person to Harry Netburn, 72 Broadway.

WANTED—Bootblack and porter; at once. Apply to foreman, Stuyvesant Barber Shop.

WANTED—Salesmen; best side line on earth; brand new; $6 commission on orders and repeats, old reliable Pan Mfg. Co., 2552 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago.

WANTED—Salesman for Perry dependable trees and plants; biggest business in years; persistent men earn large commissions, payable weekly. Investigate. Perry Nurseries, Rochester.

WANTED—Married dairyman and one teamster, on large farm; good wages and permanent position to good men; must be Americans and know business. Shagbark Farm, R. F. D. No. 3, Box 151, Saugerties, N. Y.

POSITION WANTED.

POSITION WANTED—Licensed Ford chauffeur desires steady position; good references furnished. Write "Reliable" Downtown Freeman.

CAPABLE stenographer wants employment; morning or afternoon position would be considered. "Stenographer," Uptown Freeman.

POSITION WANTED—Man, 45, wants work, assistant; no experience; shop or factory. "Worker" Uptown Freeman.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

LOST.

LOST—Small pen knife; name on handle. Please return to 76 Prince St. or 61 Maiden Lane.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—House furnishings. We furnish your home complete; all kinds second hand furniture, stoves and ranges bought and sold. M. Kaplan, 56 North Front St. 'Phone 1220-R.

FOR SALE.—Sawed wood, $3 per load. F. A. Waters, Jr. 'Phone 1036-R.

FOR SALE.—2 15-passenger busses; 2 Packard touring; 2 Ford taxis; 1 20-passenger bus body. 'Phone 194.

FOR SALE.—Photo supplies films plates, cameras, printing paper, etc. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway.

FOR SALE—¾ ton Republic truck; cheap. Stryker & Youmans.

FOR SALE—1 safe, 1 cash register, store fixtures, show cases, 1 rolled top desk. 122 Wurts St. 'Phone 512.

FOR SALE—Sideboard. Inquire 31 Shufeldt St.

FOR SALE—One team young road and field horses; one mowing machine, four fine carriages, four saddles, one side saddle, ten heavy and light collars; also harness; all in excellent condition. Paul Schuhose, Mt. Tremper, N. Y.

FOR SALE—1 ice box, 1 bed, 3 stoves, 1 sewing machine. 353 Washington Ave.

FOR SALE—Hound pup; 7 months old. S. Elmendorf, Lucas Ave., Kingston Route 1.

FOR SALE—Ford car. 'Phone 753-W.

FOR SALE—Studebaker touring car, also winter top for same; all in A-1 condition, can be seen at Eagle Garage. Address Irving P. Favor, Kyserike, N Y.

FOR SALE—Cottage near high school; all improvements; hardwood trim; lot 50 x 150 ft.; $2,800. Address "L" Downtown Freeman

FOR SALE—2 rowboats, 1 canoe; at Legg's Mills. Harry P. Carr.

FOR SALE—My fast pacing mare, rubber tired runabout, speed sleigh, half speed sleigh and harness. Fred Sahloff, 127 Hasbrouck Ave.

FOR SALE—Gas stove; in good condition. 95 Hone St

FOR SALE—Reo, 5 passenger car; excellent condition. 346 Hasbrouck Ave.

FOR SALE—Sideboard, dining room table, chairs, etc.; also other household furniture; bargain. 71 Green St.

FOR SALE—Hudson automobile, machinists' lathe, boilers, engines, shafting, pulleys Wm Lawton, 82 Prince St

FOR SALE—10 room house, all improvements, large garage. Inquire 66 Van Deusen St.

FOR SALE—5 passenger Overland touring car in good condition; reasonable price. 71 Wiltwyck Ave.

FOR SALE—Large white Reed baby carriage, cheap. 460 Broadway.

FOR SALE—70 acres, with buildings; running water; deal with the owner. For particulars address Stone Ridge, Route 1, Box 52.

FOR SALE—One new automobile lunch kit for six people; original price $15; will sell for $9 50; has never been used. 'Phone 1800.

FOR SALE—Large box body with flare boards and 2 cab tops, for motor truck. A. R. King Mfg. Co., 76 Prince St.

FOR SALE—At Tillson, N. Y.; cozy little home with an acre of land; 6 room house, concrete cellar; barn, sheds, etc.; all A-1 condition, price $1,200; half cash. B. Van Zamdt, Tillson, N. Y.

FOR SALE—[illegible] washing machine; price $10. 'Phone 1781-W.

FOR SALE—6 room cottage, all improvements; good condition; $1,250, easy terms; South Rondout Address "Bargain" Downtown Freeman.

FOR SALE—Blue traction tread bicycle tires, $2 50 each. Warren's.

FOR SALE—Pierce bicycles at 10% discount. Warren's.

FOR SALE—One upright piano; fine tone and action; price for quick sale $90 cash. Van Wagenen's, Wall St., (Third Floor).

FOR SALE—1 Ford touring car; good condition. 'Phone 303-J.

FOR SALE—Horse; 9 years old, weight 1,450 pounds. Edw T McGill.

FOR SALE—Hydrated lime. J. A. Hiller, Hurley.

FOR SALE—Harley-Davidson motorcycle with side car; in A-1 condition 'Phone 1810-J. 734 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Haynes Light Six 4-passenger roadster; first class shape, fully equipped. Brown, 244 Clinton Ave.

FOR SALE—7 room house, 131 Prospect St A. L. Harder. Inquire 449 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Two farm teams. Harder Bros., Lake Katrine.

FOR SALE—Seasoned wood, $5 per truck load; sawed or split. H. Clearwater. 'Phone 362-J

FOR SALE—4,000 mile guaranteed tires 30 x 3, $12 50; 30 x 3½, $16. Apply Chas F. Gray, 733 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A fine pair of bay horses, weighing over 2,600 pounds, seven and eight years old, together with harness and heavy truck; cheap. See Wm. N. Fessenden, attorney, 220 Main St., Saugerties, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—Just received, a carload of fresh and acclimated horses. Basch & Shapiro, 10-12 Ann St.

FOR SALE—Arsenate of Lead for potato bugs. Canfield Supply Co., Strand and Ferry St, Kingston, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—Registered Hereford bull; 3 years old; very fine. E. J. Willis, Kingston R. F. D. 3.

TO LET.

TO LET.—Stores, offices, houses and apartments Estate of John N. Cordts. 'Phone 531.

TO LET—6 room apartment; 77 Abruyn St Inquire 73 Abruyn St.

TO LET—Store; 366 Broadway. Apply to Estate John N. Cordts. 'Phone 531.

TO LET—House; all improvements. 14 Crane St. Apply to Estate John N. Cordts. 'Phone 531.

TO LET—4 rooms; improvements; adults. 'Phone 1299-J.

TO LET—Furnished. 27 John St. 'Phone 1262-W.

TO LET—5 room flat, 69 Manor Ave.; toilet, water and gas; $10 month. Inquire 92 Clinton Ave.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. 21 Janet St.

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. 155 Bruyn Ave.

TO LET—6 room flat. N. D. J. Murphy.

TO LET—Furnished rooms 84 Clinton Ave.

TO LET—House; all improvments; 152 O'Neil St. Inquire Wm. A. Frey.

TO RENT—From August 15; 7 room house, 71 Green St. Apply on premises.

TO LET.—House; 14 Stuyvesant St., with all improvements. Inquire at 12 Stuyvesant St., or 'phone 866-J.

TO LET—29 Janet St. 'Phone 796-W.

TO LET—House; all improvements. Miss Mullen, 307 Washington Ave.

UNDERNEATH THE CITY HALL DOME

"Of course it is only a 'strategic withdrawal' on the Picardy front according to the Hun, but a few more such strategic withdrawals and the war will be won," hummed the City Hall Poet this morning with a cheerful grin.

"And according to Ludendorff the enemy must be 'eluding them again'," replied the City Hall Oracle with a happy laugh.

Sunday Officers White, Fout and Ryan will return to work after a two weeks' vacation, and Sergeant Hanley and Officers Shader and Soper will leave for their annual vacation.

The concrete base on which will be placed the granite blocks is being laid on the Hasbrouck avenue hill.

Abeel street will be thrown open to the public Sunday for traffic but will be closed again Monday as the road is not completed.

R. W. DeReamer was arrested Friday evening by Officer Welch for passing a trolley car discharging passengers. He gave cash bail for his appearance in police court on August 13.

This morning the trial of Buddy Dugan on a charge of assaulting Jacob Steinhilber of Murray street, was adjourned until Monday morning.

The weeds around the Delaware avenue tabernacle are being cut by the city force, and it makes a decided improvement to the property.

The public drinking fountains are still shut off. It is noticed that a number of horsemen do not carry pails with them to water their horses. During the past hot spell which seems to have broken, it has been extremely hard on horses.

It is understood that a representative of the state veterinary department was in Kingston the past week and made the suggestion that faucets be placed on the watering fountains so that pails could be filled from them, but as far as known the water department does not look favorably on the suggestion, which appears to be a good one.

Big-Eyed Chick No Good.

An Italian at Whaley Pond caught an owl the other night and cooked and eat it. The next morning he approached the boss of the road construction gang near the pond where he had been working and said: "Me sick, boss; big-eyed chick he no good."

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents

FURNISHED ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—112 Hone St.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Light housekeeping 91 Downs St.

FURNISHED ROOMS with board. 180 Albany Ave.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Also kitchenette apartment Ring Smith bell, 318½ Wall St 'Phone 1757-M.

FURNISHED ROOMS—103 Abeel St.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping O'Neil, 31 Green St 'Phone 1781-R.

FURNISHED housekeeping apartments; one or more rooms; 60 Cedar St., 'phone 1692-J, and 179 Wall St, 'phone 1117-

FURNISHED ROOMS—With board. 95 Green St.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Men roomers. 37 Adams St.

WANTED.

WANTED—Ford car. 'Phone 845-W.

WANTED—Assistant bookkeeper Apply at once. The Up-to-Date Co., 303 Wall St.

WANTED—Boy and girl 16 years old, Powell Box Factory, Pine Grove Ave.

WANTED—Housekeeper. Apply 11 Linderman Ave. 'Phone 1915-W.

WANTED—Boy's bicycle. Call 'phone 1851-M.

WANTED—Developing, printing. McBride's drug stores

WANTED.—People who want nice photo work to leave their developing and printing at O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway. 'Phone 1509.

WANTED—To buy a couple of second hand dump wagons. Kingston Shipbuilding Corp.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE storage; best in city. Harry P. Carr. 'Phone 341-W.

SPENCER'S BUSINESS SCHOOL. 30th year. Business training—civil service departments. Enormous demand for graduates. Telephone for particulars.

HAVE your dog clipped. 'Phone 30-R.

FURNITURE storage. Mouse-proof, sanitary, fire-proof. Frederick C. Winters, Kingston 'Phone 1113-J, or Brown Auto Supply Co. 'Phone 1066.

LAWN mowers repaired and sharpened; lawn mowers for sale. W. E. Brodhead, 291 Hasbrouck Ave.

SAVE your hair from falling out; get our hair tonic, 40 and 50c bottle. Roth's Barber Shop, 5 Main St.

WANTED—Government needs 20,000 women clerks at Washington; examination everywhere in August; experience unnecessary. Women desiring government positions, write for free particulars to J. C. Leonard, (former civil service examiner), 137 Kenois Bldg., Washington.

MACBETH (Green Visor) lens comply with new state laws; Wasco Garage Heaters, Firestone, Globe, Michelin and General tires; largest assortment supplies in city. Brown Auto Supply Co. 'Phone 1066 244 Clinton Ave.

WOULD like to get in communication with a hay presser. Kingston Shipbuilding Corp.

MORAN BUSINESS SCHOOL. Burgevin Building, summer session; day and evening. Bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting. Civil service preparation. Make the summer count! Don't delay. Enroll today.

WE want your developing and printing; special 24 hour service; Velox or Cyko paper. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway. 'Phone 1509.

FIVE and seven passenger cars to hire. 'Phone 1265-M, Goodrich, 112 Hone St.

MEMBERS OF THE "$1,000 CLUB"

Following is a complete list of the "One Thousand Dollar Club," being those who pledged themselves to buy War Savings Stamps to that amount in the recent campaign:

Dr. E. H. Loughran.
Sarah B. Reynolds.
William F. Rafferty.
Mrs. Grace Young.
J. V. Merrihew, Olive.
Peter and Mary O. Black, Rosendale.
William Lawton.
Frank Forman.
Hon. G. D. B. Hasbrouck.
Mrs. James S. Winne.
John F. Conlin.
John T. Loughran.
Virgil B. and Maggie Van Wagonen.
Hon. A. T. Clearwater.
Elmer and May Palen.
Hon. William D. Brinnier.
Charles and Lillian Snyder.
Hon. John G. and Anna M. Van Etten.
D. J. Murphy.
John D. Schoonmaker.
Edward Coykendall.
James F. Dwyer.
Hon. Jacob Rice.
Charles Andres.
James A. Phelan.
Charles S. Wood.
Mary L. Turck.
William J. Tuck.
H. Carl.
Mrs. Carl and Ruth Carl.
D. N. Mathews.
Judge James Jenkins.
William M Davis.
Hon. James A. Betts
John C Oliver, Marbletown.
John H. Saxe, West Hurley.
Ira Saxe, West Hurley.
Arthur Howe, West Hurley.
Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Kiersted, West Hurley.
Fred Saxe and daughter, West Hurley.
J. Wesley Mosher West Hurley.
Mrs. J. Wesley Mosher, West Hurley.
Charlotte Van Etten, West Hurley.
Mrs. E. J. Willis, Lomontville.
Eward T. McGill.
Mary E. McGill.
Dr. O'Meara.
Peter Barmann.
Abram DeGraff.
Mrs Myron Teller.
Mrs. Rose Gotelli.
Mr. and Mrs Jacob Marks.
Patriot.
Mrs Charles McBride.
Charles Egan.
Edward Meyer.
Charles Schoonmaker.
M. Dittmar.
George A. Dittmar.
Max Jacobson and family.
Carl Fisher.
Charles Ramsey.
Esther Sahler.
F. G. Smith.
Mrs. M W. Gallagher.
Mrs. E. H. Washburn
Philip Elting.
Kingston Savings Bank.
Myron Baker, Rochesetr
Edna Baker, Rochester
Leonard Markle, Rochester
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Vogt
Mr and Mrs. Garrett M. Shaw, Marbletown
Mrs. Carrie C Winne
L F. Bannon
O. Ray Hiltebrant
S. D. Hiltebrant
Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Oliver
Jacob Owens
Agnes M. Loos
Gustave Van Deusen Hutton
Michael Howard
Joseph Block and family
Morris Block
A W. Wiedeman and family
John Lindhorst
Mrs. John N. Cordts
John N Cordts
Seth Staples and family
Mr. and Mrs. Peter Boice
Mr and Mrs Louis Roberts
Mrs. C. Drautz
Mrs. Althea Dimick
M. J Morris
Mr and Mrs. Sherman Lowe
John E. Lindhorst
W. A Duplan
Mrs. Ella D Coons
Thomas Kennedy, Ellenville
Mrs. Minnie E. Darling
Mrs Mary Roberts and family
Mrs. Barbara Drautz
Mrs. Seth Staples
Joseph Block
Robert Rodie
Mrs. Rodney B. Osterhoudt.

ONEONTA UNION DEPOT.

U. & D. Business To Be Done At D. & H. Terminal.

Under instructions from the U. S. Railway Administration, effective midnight, Thursday, August 15th, 1918, all freight, passenger and baggage business formerly transacted at the Ulster & Delaware station at Oneonta, N. Y., will be conducted at the freight and passsenger stations of the Delaware & Hudson Co., at Oneonta, N. Y. The Delaware & Hudson Railroad willl assume the operation of Oneonta terminal.

DIED.

BLANSHAN—At Maple Hill, August 8, George Blanshan, aged 68 years.

Funeral Sunday from Bloomington Church at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment in Bloomington Cemetery.

Lady Assistant Phone 1042-W
WILLIAM C. KUKUK
Funeral Director and Embalmer
118 Downs St., Kingston, N. Y.

Telephone Connections — New York Office 14 East 28th St.
R. H. McCUTCHEON,
Funeral Director. Embalmer.
44 Prince St., Kingston, N. Y.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, Aug. 10.—The stock market started with vigorous buying in the steel and shipping stocks today, with many of these issues selling at the highest points reported in several weeks. Steel Common was traded in on a large scale advancing ¾ to 112 in the first few minutes, and Crucible was unusually active, moving up 1⅜ to 68¾. Baldwin Locomotive rose ⅝ to 96⅛. There was a brisk demand for Marine Preferred, which advanced 1⅛ to 100¾ and the Common moved up 1 point to 27¾. Atlantic Gulf rose 1⅛ to 104⅞. Trading in other stocks was quiet with only slight changes in the railway issues, the most important being an advance of ¾ in Union Pacific to 122. United Cigar Stores made an advance of ⅝ to 101⅛. Liberty 3½'s again sold at 100.02.

The market closed strong. In the last few minutes urgent covering by shorts caused another sharp advance in the steel issues. Steel Common closed at 112¾, the high price of the day and Republic Steel also closed at the top at 93¾. Baldwin, after selling up to 96¾ was finally 95¾, while Crucible closed ⅛ below the high at 68⅞. Mexican Petroleum was finally 102⅛; Marine Preferred 99⅞ and Burns Brothers had a sharp rise in the last few minutes, closing at 143. General Motors declined 5 points to 148. Sales today 231,100 shares; bonds $3,099,000. Sales this week 1,160,600 shares; bonds $35,604,000.

Quotations given by C. D. Halsey & Co., 15 Broad street, New York city, branch office, Warren building, 260-2 Fair street, Kingston, N. Y.

THE CLOSING QUOTATIONS

Alis-Chalmers	34
American Beet Sugar	70
American Car & Foundry	85⅝
American Can	47¾
American Cotton Oil	41¾
American Locomotive	67½
American Smelting & Ref. Co.	
American Sugar	
Anaconda Copper Mining	67
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	
Baldwin Loco	95¾
Baltimore & Ohio	
Bethlehem Steel B.	85
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	40¾
Canadian Pacific	155⅞
Central Leather	
Chesapeake & Ohio	
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	46
Colorado Fuel & Iron	46⅞
Corn Products	44⅛
Crucible Steel	69
Distillers' Securities	59¼
Erie	
Erie, 1st pfd	
Goodrich Rubber	
Great Northern, pfd	
Great Northern Ore	35½
Interborough Con.	
Inter. Con. pfd	
Kansas City Southern	
Lehigh Valley	61½
Maxwell Motor	
Maxwell Motor, 1st pfd	
Maxwell Motor, 2d pfd	
Mexican Petroleum	102⅛
National Lead	
New York Central	72¼
N. Y., N. H. & H	40½
New York, Ontario & Western	
Norfolk & Western	
Northern Pacific	88½
Pennsylvania Railroad	43⅜
People's Gas, Chicago	
Pittsburgh Coal	51¾
Pressed Steel Car	76½
Railway Steel Sp'g	62¼
Reading	89⅞
Rep. Iron & Steel	93⅜
Southern Pacific	85⅞
Southern Railway	23½
Southern Railway, pfd	63
Studebaker	45⅝
Union Pacific	122⅞
U. S. Steel	112⅝
U. S. Steel, pfd	
U. S. Rubber	61¼
Utah Copper	81⅞
Virginia Car. Chem	51¾
Westinghouse Electric	41¾

A FOUR STAR FAMILY.

Theodore A Voss of Phoenicia has three sons and a daughter in the service, one son with the First Engineers, who has been in France for nearly a year; one son who is now in the navy and who served with the National Guard on the Mexican border; one son who was graduated last June from a medical college and enlisted in the Medical Corps and the daughter, who is a nurse duly enlisted in the government service. This explains the following from the pen of Mr. Voss:

The Four Star Family

I

The adopted land where the Stars and Stripes are floating high,
And the plow and factories are working,
Where every man is the equal of each,
Where no King nor Kaiser is ruling,
'Tis the vote of the people and democratic ideals,
That's the land to live,
And good enough for me to give,
One Star for the Engineer.

II.

'Tis the land of the free and the Sea;
Blessed the man who toils in sweat,
For the country he has wet,
Aliens or natives, we must all be alike.
And fight for our Country adopted of Stars and Stripes.
Shoulder to shoulder we must stand and fight and stand,
And a second Star to the Sea must be given.

III.

Our Wives and Daughters, and all the sex,
Must join the fight for liberty's sake;
Though mother or sweetheart, and though it is hard,
You must do your bit for the man at large;
Your Daughter must go to the Red Cross field,
To aid in the suffering in this great ideal;
Add the Third Star here.

IV.

To the Hospital Staff your son must go,
To aid the wounded heroes in the field of fire aglow;
If captain or private, it is all alike;
We must do our bit for the Stars and the Stripes;
And the Fourth Star here.

I have two more in training, and cheerfully give,
As American citizen freely to live,
For the freedom of the world and democratic ideals,
That the Kaiser shall never enter America's fields,
Oh thou to the Lord must bend the knee,
But never for King or Kaiser must it be.

Now Mother and Father are left alone,
At home to toil for the Liberty Loan;
With sweat of brow they cheerfully give,
For the adopted country, that liberty live,
At sunset they sit on the porch to rest,
And gaze at the emblem of Four Stars, (at the left),
With a tear in the eye and one request,
That the Four will return e'er God calls them to rest.

SUNDAY SERVICES IN THE CHURCHES.

Church of the Holy Spirit, Rev. J. Evans Bold, rector—Holy communion at 8 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 10:45. No evening service.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, 161 Fair street—Service at 11 a. m., subject, "Spirit;" Sunday school at 12 o'clock; Testimonial meeting Wednesday evening at 7:45.

First Presbyterian Church, Elmendorf street, the Rev. Putnam Cady, D. D., pastor—Church closed during month of August. Union service with First Baptist Church, Albany avenue. Preaching by the Rev. E. R. James, morning only.

Spring Street German Lutheran Church, the Rev. A. Schmiedkonz, pastor.—Service at 10:30 a. m.; subject of the sermon, "Why Lot's Wife Became a Pillar of Salt." Sunday school at 9 a. m. English evening services on the first and third Sundays of the month.

St. James M. E. Church, Rev. T. H. Baragawanath, pastor—Morning service 10:30, the Rev. O. Merchant will occupy pulpit; Sunday school 11:45; union prayer meeting Fair Street Church Thursday evening at 7:45.

Free Methodist Church, Tremper avenue near O'Neil street, the Rev. A. Willis Myer, pastor—Sunday School 10:00 a. m.; Preaching 11 a. m., subject, "The Transfiguration;" Young people's meeting at 6:45 p. m.; preaching in the evening at 7:30. Until October 1st, prayer and class meetings will be held on Wednesday evening.

Livingston Street Lutheran Church, at the head of East Chestnut street, Rev. F. T. Schroeder, pastor.—Morning service at 10:30. Sermon by the Rev. Karl Kretzmann of New York city. At 7:30 in the evening an interesting lecture will be held on our "Camp and Hospital Work," among our boys in the army and navy.

Fair Street Reformed Church, Rev. F. B. Seeley, pastor—Divine worship at 10:30 a. m. Preaching by Rev. Peter Crispell, of Newburgh, N. Y., at the morning service Sunday school at noon. There will no Christian Endeavors or evening service. Union mid-week prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:45 in the Fair Street Reformed Church.

Trinity M. E. Church, corner Wurts and Hunter streets—Class meeting at 9.45 a. m. Rev. J. J. Henry, pastor of the Tarrytown M. E. Church, will preach at both morning and evening services. Morning service at 10.30; subject, "Kin to God." Sunday school at 12 o'clock Epworth League at 6:45, leader John Van Valkenburg; subject "Is There Anyone I Cannot Forgive." Evening service at 7:30; subject, "The Lost Years" Regular prayer service on Thursday evening.

Musical Program

At the Rondout Presbyterian Church, Sunday:

Prelude .... Houser
Anthem—Sing Allelius Forth, Shelly
Solo—Why Art Thou Cast Down, O My Soul .... Spickler
Miss Virginia Los Kamp
Postlude—Tempoe March .. Vincent

Rev. Thomas C. Moffett, of New York city will preach at the morning service. No evening service.

Clinton Avenue M. E. Church

Morning worship at 10:30—sermon topic, "Exciting the Love of Christ"

Sunday school session and class meeting at 11:45.

Epworth League devotional service at 6:30—topic, "Is There Anyone I Cannot Forgive?" Leaders Mary Brown and Flora Barton.

Evening worship at 7:30 (note 7:30 instead of 8 o'clock)—sermon topic, "How Others did Theirs and Doing Just Our Part."

Class meeting Tuesday evening at 7:45

Weekly prayer service Thursday evening at 7:45 followed by the monthly meeting of the Sunday school board.

Church located at Clinton avenue and Liberty street, G. M. Cranston pastor.

Leading Man Called to Colors.

The Mattice Stock Company, which has been playing in New Paltz, has been forced to disband on account of the leading man, Mr. Corbin, being called in the draft.

OFFICIAL WINCHESTER JUNIOR RIFLE CORPS
Medal Contest
—AT—
Kingston Point Park Shooting Gallery
W. W. MILLER, Proprietor

Contest for Winchester medals from now until close of season.

CONDITIONS.

Any boy or girl, not over 18 years of age Members of the W J R. C. can compete. Membership can be had on application at the shooting gallery. Start now and win a medal

ABOUT PARADES

The last time I was in Kingston I took part in three parades on the same day—one early in the morning in honor of the boys who went away, one in Saugerties in celebration of a fine victory by our boys, and one in Kingston at night, a continuation of the Saugerties parade. Had a most enjoyable time along with the Saugertiesians and Kingstonians.

When I wasn't taking part in celebration parades, I paraded my goods with the result that an added number of Kingstonians and Saugertiesians now possess engraved stationery of the finest quality.

When I'm not parading in honor of soldiers and victories, I'm busy selling engraved, lithographed and printed stationery, and if you want the best just get in touch with

Joseph Drake
Stationery Specialist
116 Nassau St.
New York

"The Song that reached My Heart"

One of the last Victrola Records that Evan Williams was destined to make! This gifted and popular singer has gone, but his songs will go on forever on Victrola Records. With its interjected strains of "Home, Sweet Home" the song is in a double sense this cherished artist's farewell.

The Song that Reached My Heart
Victrola Red Seal Record, 74571

Harry Lauder turns to recitation

He gives "a little story about a lad I met at the front." And he does it in his own delightful characteristic way!

Granny's Laddy
Victor Record, 70121

Stop in and let us play these records for you, or any other of the

New Victor Records for August

E. WINTER'S SONS
JOHN ST. OPEN EVENINGS

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1918.

Sun rises, 5:00; sets, 8:10.
Weather, cloudy.

The Temperature.

The lowest point registered by the Freeman thermometer last night was 72 degrees. The highest point registered up until noon today was 78 degrees.

Weather Forecast.

Washington, Aug. 10.—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday; moderate temperature, light northeast winds, becoming southerly.

PINE HILL HOTELS WANT LICENSES

Two Village Hotels Make Application—Only One Can Have a License.

Eugene Gormerly, George Beekman and Egbert Gosso, the excise committee appointed to recommend the licensing of hotels in the town of Shandaken after next October 1, recently visited Pine Hill looking over the hotel license proposition. Only one hotel will receive a license in Pine Hill and there are two hotels in the village. One is the Maple Hill Hotel, which is owned and conducted by Theodore S. Cole, and the other is the Avon Inn, formerly owned by J. S. Pessenar, who is now the proprietor of the West Shore Hotel on Railroad avenue, this city. Both hotels have made application to the committee for a license and their decision is awaited with considerable interest.

PATAUKUNK.

Pataukunk, Aug. 10.—The Sunday school picnic, supper and entertainment which was held on the school house grounds last Wednesday evening was well attended. The sum of forty-seven dollars being cleared.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Quick and infant son, of Leibhardt, spent spent Thursday afternoon with her mother, Mrs. Jerry Simpson.

Miss Sylvania Black of Kerhonkson, spent last Wednesday and Thursday with her friends, Miss Beatrice Burger of this place.

Mrs. Lulu Stritter and daughter, Lucile, and Miss Maye Simpson motored to Mount Vernon on Friday where they expect to spend a few days with friends.

Earl Coddington is spending his vacation at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Coddington of this place.

The Misses Beatrice Burger, Sylvania Black and Eula Simpson spent Thursday at the home of Miss Kathryn Dunn.

Mrs. Lulu Stritter of this place has been entertaining friends from Mt. Vernon for the last few days.

Mr. and Mrs. William Gorseline of this place, have received word of the safe arrival of their son, Claude, overseas.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

August reduction sale now on at Gregory & Company.

A GLORIOUS LOT.

of summer flowers and choice roses at VALENTIN BURGEVIN, INC., Fair and Main streets.

Elmer Palen will have at his next sale, Tuesday, August 13, at 682-684 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y., 35 head of commission horses.

AMERICAN FLAGS.

All wool and cotton bunting, imitation bunting, from 5c to $25. Flag poles and brackets, service flags, all sizes from 25c to $15. O'REILLY'S, 530 Broadway. Phone 1509.

WILLIAM MILLER'S TAXI SERVICE, 42 Elmendorf street, has given satisfaction for 19 years. Look for little blue panel on doors of taxis. PHONE CALL 17. Get the number right.

$1.00 shirts, 55c; $1.50 shirts, 79c. Factory seconds. McTAGUE, 48 Broadway.

The Daily Freeman is on sale at the following stands of the Schultz News Agency in New York city.
102 W. 42nd Street.
42nd Street and Park Avenue (opposite Grand Central Depot.)
30th Street and Broadway, (S. W. Corner.
42nd Street and Sixth Avenue, (S. W. Corner.)

BATHING SUITS.

Boys', Men's and kiddies', all sizes and prices. Also separate trunks and bathing caps and shoes. O'REILLY'S, 530 Broadway.

AUTO ROAD MAPS.

New Rand McNally Section Road Maps, just the thing you want; also the Blue Book, Scarborough's and Hammond's Maps. 'Phone 1509. O'REILLY, Broadway.

IFGHTING FOREST FIRES IN FRANCE

With the Thermometer at 100 in the Shade—And at Night One Needs a Blanket—French Children Studying English.

Camp de Souge, France, July 16. —I have been trying for the past three or four days to write but I have nothing to write about and so it is pretty hard to get started, but I know you will be looking for a letter and it is quite some time since I have written, so here goes. We will begin on the weather.

It sure was hot for the past few days and today it is cool now. 7 o'clock a. m., but promises to be another scorcher. I don't know how hot it does get but when you open a door it feels like opening an oven. It don't stop at 100 in the shade and no one has had nerve enough to risk a thermometer in the sun yet. I think yesterday was about the hottest yet and we are in for several weeks yet of this. Later in the evening it rained a bit and anyway it always cools off as soon as the sun is down and by 10 o'clock a blanket feels good. Everyone says that the early part of the summer up your way was cool, perhaps you are getting your share of the heat by now. Besides the nice warm sand to drill in and work on the guns the boys have had several little excursions out around here to fight forest fires. All about here it is as dry as a no-license town on a Sunday afternoon and once a fire gets started it sure goes some for there are all sorts of dead ferns and brush as high as a man's head in the woods. It is some job fighting a forest fire with the thermometer registering about one hundred and steen in the shade.

Now how is that for talking about the weather.

I have received several letters lately which I have not yet had time to answer for it is so hot that we don't feel much like doing anything and then for the past three or four days I have had a cold, which makes you feel pretty lazy during warm weather. I will get after them in a day or two and answer all of them although I have nothing to say.

You have probably heard that the American force gets a furlough after being in France for a time. Well I see my name is posted on the board to get one of the furloughs pretty soon now but I can't decide just when I would like to make it. I will have to wait for a couple of months perhaps yet for some of the fellows who have been here longer that I will have first choice. You have heard of the resorts set aside for the American soldiers on leave and I have decided that I will go to Aix-les-Bains one of the places set aside. It will be a distinct change from Souge. It is probable that Jacobi and I will try and make the trip together and if there is any possibility, may go the last of next month, it depends on whether we can get leave. For some time leaves were cancelled here and then no transportation was supplied but now we will again get our transportation and seven days, exclusive of the time spent in traveling, and I think something equivalent to rations. Our leave has been due for a long time but when there is any big troops movement on unnecessary travel is cut out.

I did not get down town Sunday in time to see the big French parade or the celebration and it was so hot in the afternoon that we found a shady bench in the park and spent the afternoon talking to a couple of French children who were studying English. It is the rage over here why "Everyone Is Doing It," and I guess after the war they will adopt English for keeps. In the last month I have learned about four more French words, so I am doing pretty good. If I stay over here about 40 years I will be able to talk I guess.

I told you I saw Tammmey and had a date for a little trip with him but he was "suddenly called away" so I won't see him until after the war I guess unless I too make a move.

I am glad to learn that Miss Thorn has secured a school in town. Which one is she assigned to?

Will write again soon. Regards to everyone.

FRED.

Pay $5 to Kiss Sailor.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 10.—Women of the Baptist Churches sold $1,000 worth of thrift stamps at the "Little White House" in front of the federal building, which is the established headquarters of the thrift stamp committee in this city. Several girls in the noon day crowd bought $5 worth of stamps to obtain the privilege of kissing a sailor.

A Welcome Change.

The drop in the mercury and the cool, refreshing breezes of Friday night and today came as a welcome change from the hot wave that held Kingston in a tight grip for several days.

THE RED TRIANGLE AND RED CROSS AT THE FRONT

"Y" WORKER SUPPLIES WOUNDED SOLDIERS WITH SMOKES.

The Red Triangle and the Red Cross men frequently reach the regimental dressing station at the same time after a battle has started. In this picture Alfred Stokes, Y. M. C. A. secretary, recommended for citation for bravery in aiding the wounded under fire, has just given a cigarette to a wounded soldier.

HOW MUCH DOES THE BABY WEIGH?

An Appeal to Mothers to Bring Their Babies to Welfare Stations, a Patriotic Duty That is Demanded in Behalf of the Nation.

More than seventy babies of this city have been weighed and measured during the first month of the child's welfare work now being carried on through the medium of two child's welfare stations already in operation.

The Hasbrouck avenue station at Murray street was opened July 1st with Miss E. L. Bates in charge. During two days of this week Miss Margaret Kasson, State Charities Aid Agent for dependent children, threw open her office in the Farm Bureau on John street for this purpose. Mrs. William Glass will take charge of the weighing and measuring in this office for the convenience of mothers living uptown.

The third welfare station will be opened Monday in the city hall in charge of Miss Anne Heaney, the truant officer.

These three welfare stations will be a great convenience for mothers living in different parts of the city. They will be open for mothers with their babies Tuesdays adn Thursdays from 9 to 12 a. m., and 1 to 4 p. m.

Each woman in charge is a trained nurse competent to give advice to mothers with respect to the care of their babies. They are well informed as to the many trifling physical imperfections that are easily overlooked even by the mothers who are most attentive to the welfare of their babies. The baby is weighed and then measured. Naturally the mother is interested in all that pertains to the baby and she is encouraged to talk of the little one with the woman who has been trained and educated in the care of little people.

These welfare stations are not for the treatment of babies. They are maintained in accordance with the federal demands now being made on the parents of children of pre-school age, 5 years and under, throughout the entire country.

The medical service having the examination of men who are drafted have recommended the examination of infants as a national measure for the protection of childhood. A surprisingly large proportion of the men who have gone to camps have been rejected because of some physical imperfection, not always a disability, but some chronic difficulty that should not be found in men or women.

President Wilson has endorsed this work which is now for the first time taken up in this city and in fact in all cities of the country. What he has to say about it is this:

"Next to the duty of doing everything possible for the soldiers at the front, there could be, it seems to me, no more patriotic duty than that of protecting the children, who constitute one-third of our population.

"The success of the efforts made in England in behalf of the children is evidenced by the fact that the infant death rate in England for the second year of the war was the lowest in her history. Attention is now being given to education and labor conditions for children by the legislatures of both France and England, showing that the conviction among the Allies is that the protection of childhood is essential to winning the war.

"I am very glad that the same processes are being set afoot in this country, and I heartily approve the plan of the Children's Bureau and the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense for making the second year of the war one of united activity on behalf of children, and in that sense a children's year."

The city of Kingston is behind these welfare stations. They appeal to every mother in the city. And now that they are located conveniently it is important that mothers shall respond to this demand made on them by the nation. It is as necessary that girl as well as boy babies be examined. The healthy mother is as essential as the healthy boy. The mother raises the boy who may be called to be a soldier.

These stations are not for sick babies. They may be brought in if the child is not more than complaining. Often trifling complaints mean very little but eventually lead to a serious impairment of the boy or girl's physical being as they grow older. A mother may not discover adenoids in the babe. But the trained and experienced nurse will tell her the baby has adenoids if that is the case. Adenoids like many other things are easily treated if taken hold of at once. But if allowed to grow may lead to deafness.

The Women's Home Defence is co-operating through the Child's Welfare Committee, of which Mrs. Thomas Edmonston is chairman, in this work. These women who all volunteer their services appeal to the mothers of Kingston not to delay in bringing their babies to the nearest welfare station.

Now is the time while these stations are opened free to the public to come with your babies. The federal authorities are demanding it. It's a duty that mothers owe to their children. It's a patriotic service, a necessity that should not be neglected.

MORE WHEAT.

of Bigger Crop Next Year.

Although the 1918 wheat crop is very satisfactory, being officially estimated at 900,000,000 bushels, yet a further increase in production is necessary to build our reserves above the danger point. New York state farmers are being asked to do their part in bringing the winter wheat acreage up to the 45,000,000 acres considered essential by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Food production in the countries of the Allies is greatly decreased. In France the total cereal production has been reduced nearly 50 per cent. This deficit can only be made good by practical farmers in the United States. And the patriotic farmers of New York state are asked to increase their production of winter wheat as their contribution toward winning the war.

Wheat growing is profitable in New York state, say experts who have investigated the subject. The average yield for the past ten years in the state has been a little over twenty bushels per acre. The average farm price for this year's crop is approximately $2.15 per bushel, making the average income per acre, about $43. The cost of producing wheat has undoubtedly increased, but from the reports being received from various sections, it is believed that this cost of production is still well below the income per acre derived from this crop. A reasonable profit will, it is asserted, come to any farmer who plants wheat. In this instance, patriotism and good farm management lie in the same direction, especially as wheat fits naturally into the crop rotation.

The Patriotic Farmers Fund with headquarters at Utica, N. Y., announces that it is prepared to finance New York state farmers for planting wheat to the extent of $10 an acre. This should make it possible for every farmer not only to plant a full acreage but to use proper equipment and sufficient fertilizer to insure the best results. It is estimated that the funds furnished by the Patriotic Farmers Fund enabled farmers to increase their acreage of wheat and rye by at least 180,000 acres last season. Even bigger results are looked for this year as many farmers who planted in an experimental way last year will largely increase their planting of winter wheat.

FUND FOR SOLDIERS.

Owner and Guests at Grand View to Hold Sale.

At the Grand View Inn, Rifton, this afternoon and evening there will be a sale of ice cream, candy and other articles donated by the owner of the hostelry, the entire proceeds to be applied to the purchase of comforts for the soldiers. In the evening there will be a masque ball and Mrs. Shapiro and the 150 or more guests are working hard to realize a substantial sum for the boys fighting for the rest of us.

Its Class.

She—"I heard a noise very late when you came in." He (facetiously)—"Was it the night falling?" She (sternly)—"No; it was the day breaking."

1897 THE ECONOMY STORE FOR 21 YEARS 1918

Coffee Percolators
ALUMINUM
Special $1.25

S. E. Eighmey

Box Writing Paper
GOOD QUALITY
25c 39c 50c

A Store Full of Attractive Values

Summer Dress Goods
44 INCH VOILES AT 45c Yd.

Advance orders have kept us well supplied with all the best selling colors, nickel, rose, Copen, blue, pink, lavender, white and black. Thousands of yards have been sold at the good, old price

45c yd.

Afternoon Dresses $3.50

Another lot of those smart Gingham Dresses, plaids and stripes, of good quality, with white collar and cuffs. (See table on main floor.) Good quality, fast colors, house dresses at

$1.59 and $1.97
SECOND FLOOR

Slip Over Sweaters

Good wool yarn

$2.97 to $6.97

Mercerized Sweater Coats, with plain or fancy collars

$5.97 and $6.97

Columbia Shirts

1.00 1.50 2.00 3.00 3.97 4.97

We knew right well that the men would appreciate these extraordinary values. If you can't come yourself send your wife, your mother or your sister, or just call us on the 'phone, 118, tell us the price you are willing to pay, we'll guarantee the values and exchange later if necessary.

Work Shirts
89c, $1.00 and $1.25

Muslin Underwear

When you consider the present price for all cotton goods, you will appreciate these values:

Muslin Gowns
97c $1.25, $1.50, $1.69 and $1.97
Skirts 97c, $1.25, $1.69, $1.97 and $2.50
Corset Covers 39c, 47c, 59c, 75c, $1.00
Envelope Chemise
97c, $1.25, $1.69, $1.97
Camisoles.....$1.25
Seal Pax Unions 97c, $1.50, $2.97

The DOWNTOWN STORE for ECONOMY
Broadway and Mill St. S. E. EIGHMEY 26 Broadway.

FAST GAME FRIDAY IN TWILIGHT LEAGUE

The Freeman ball tossers defeated the U. & D. Shops in a fast game at McVey's Field Friday evening by a score of 9 to 8. The score by inning follows:

U. & D.	0	1	0	5	2	0	0	—	8
Freeman	0	0	3	0	0	2	4	—	9

Batteries—For U. & D., Joy and F. Brown; for Freeman, E. Harlow and Westfall.

The next game in the Twilight League is scheduled for Monday evening at McVey's Field, when the Crescents and Red Monograms will clash.

Tuesday evening the postponed game between The Freeman and the Red Monograms will be played.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Scores Yesterday and Games Scheduled For Today.

National League.

Chicago, 8; Brooklyn, 2.
Pittsburgh, 4; Cincinnati, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	66	35	.653
New York	59	43	.578
Pittsburgh	53	47	.530
Cincinnati	46	53	.465
Philadelphia	46	53	.465
Brooklyn	45	54	.455
Boston	46	55	.455
St. Louis	42	58	.400

American League.

No games played.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	63	41	.606
Cleveland	60	45	.571
Washington	56	47	.544
Chicago	50	52	.490
New York	48	52	.480
St. Louis	47	54	.465
Detroit	45	58	.437
Philadelphia	41	61	.402

International League.

Jersey City, 8; Rochester, 1.
Newark, 4; Hamilton, 0.
Baltimore-Toronto, postponed.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Toronto	65	34	.657
Binghamton	60	32	.652
Baltimore	56	40	.583
Rochester	51	40	.560
Newark	49	48	.505
Buffalo	39	54	.419
Hamilton	30	57	.345
Jersey City	23	68	.253

Games Scheduled Today.

National League.

Boston at New York, two games, cloudy.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn, two games, cloudy.
Chicago at Pittsburgh, threatening, two games.
St. Louis at Cincinnati, cloudy.

American League.

New York at Boston, two games, cloudy.
Washington at Philadelphia, two games, cloudy.
Chicago at Cleveland, cloudy.
Detroit at St. Louis, clear.

International Legue.

Binghamton at Baltimore, two games, cloudy.
Newark at Jersey City, cloudy.
Hamilton at Rochester, two games, clear.
Buffalo at Toronto, cloudy, two games.

Price of Shaves Double.

New Haven, Conn., Aug. 10.—Shaves which used to be had for 10 cents are now 20 cents and haircuts which used to be scissored for two bits now bring 40 cents, and other barber prices have gone up in proportion in shops throughout the principal cities of the state, all due to the war shortage of barbers.

FARMERS AT CAPITAL.

Washington Meeting Called By Federal Board For August 27.

During the last decade there probably has not been an announcement of more vital interest to the American farmer than the meeting called by the Federal Board of Farm Organizations at Washington, D. C., August 27th, 28th and 29th. This meeting, which will be not only a meeting of organizations constituting the Federal Board of Farm Organizations, but open to all other farm organizations and individual farmers, will afford an opportunity, if entered into in the proper spirit, to accomplish untold results.

Most of the nations of the earth are now causing destruction on a scale never dreamed of heretofore. After this gigantic destruction ceases there will follow immediately a period of reconstruction, and if the American farmer is to take his proper place in this readjustment and stand for his rights and be on a footing of equality with other industries we must unite with one another to maintain these rights and privileges.

The success of this meeting will be measured greatly by the size of the attendance. The attendance of leading farmers everywhere is earnestly solicited.

A Rushing Business.

During the hot spell the trolley company did a record business, especially evenings. The cars were packed from half past seven on, in many cases not even standing room being available.

STATE OF NEW YORK CONSERVATION COMMISSION.
PUBLIC NOTICE.

State of New York Conservation Commission, ss:

In the matter of petition of J. A. Underwood, B. L. Harsell, T. A. Wilson, Leon C. Jennings and others for additional protection to ruffed grouse throughout the state of New York.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 132 article X, of the Conservation Law that the Conservation Commission will meet at the Conservation Commission Times Building, Room 1601, in the city of New York, 2 p. m., August 26, 1918; at the court house in the village of Malone, N. Y., 2 p. m., August 26, 1918; at the Conservation Commission Telephone Building, in the city of Albany, N. Y., 2 p. m., August 27, 1918; at the court house in the city of Utica, N. Y., 2 p. m. August 27, 1918; at the court house in the city of Rochester, N. Y., 2 p. m., August 28, 1918; for the purpose of hearing all persons that may be affected by a determination of the commission that additional protection of fish and game or prohibition of the taking of such species as specified in said petition is required.

The grounds of such application are substantially as follows: "Danger of Extermination."

Dated Albany, N. Y., Aug. 8, 1918.

GEORGE D. PRATT,
Conservation Commission.
WARWICK S. CARPENTER,
Secretary to the Commission.

Willard STORAGE BATTERY SERVICE STATION
Copyright registered, 1918

Don't Trust a Quack Doctor

You wouldn't put your health in the hands of a natural born *untrained* doctor.

You wouldn't want your teeth filled by a correspondence school dentist!

And you don't want your battery cared for by an untrained man—even if he says he *knows all about batteries.*

Doctoring batteries is a profession with us—we are trained battery experts, and we recognize and treat all of the common battery ills.

Your battery ought to be tested—and you ought also to learn about Threaded Rubber Insulation—the most important battery improvement in years.

Don't forget to ask for the booklet "A Mark with a Meaning for You."

BROWN & ROENN
523 Broadway
PHONE 1111

TENNIS

RACKETS $1.00 to $10.00
BALLS 25c to 55c
NETS $2.00 to $6.00
TAPES $6.00
COVERS 50c to $2.00
SHOES $1.35

WARREN'S
260 Fair Street.